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PH. SCHUSTER, PAPIERHANDLUNG

I. V. S. 1892/193

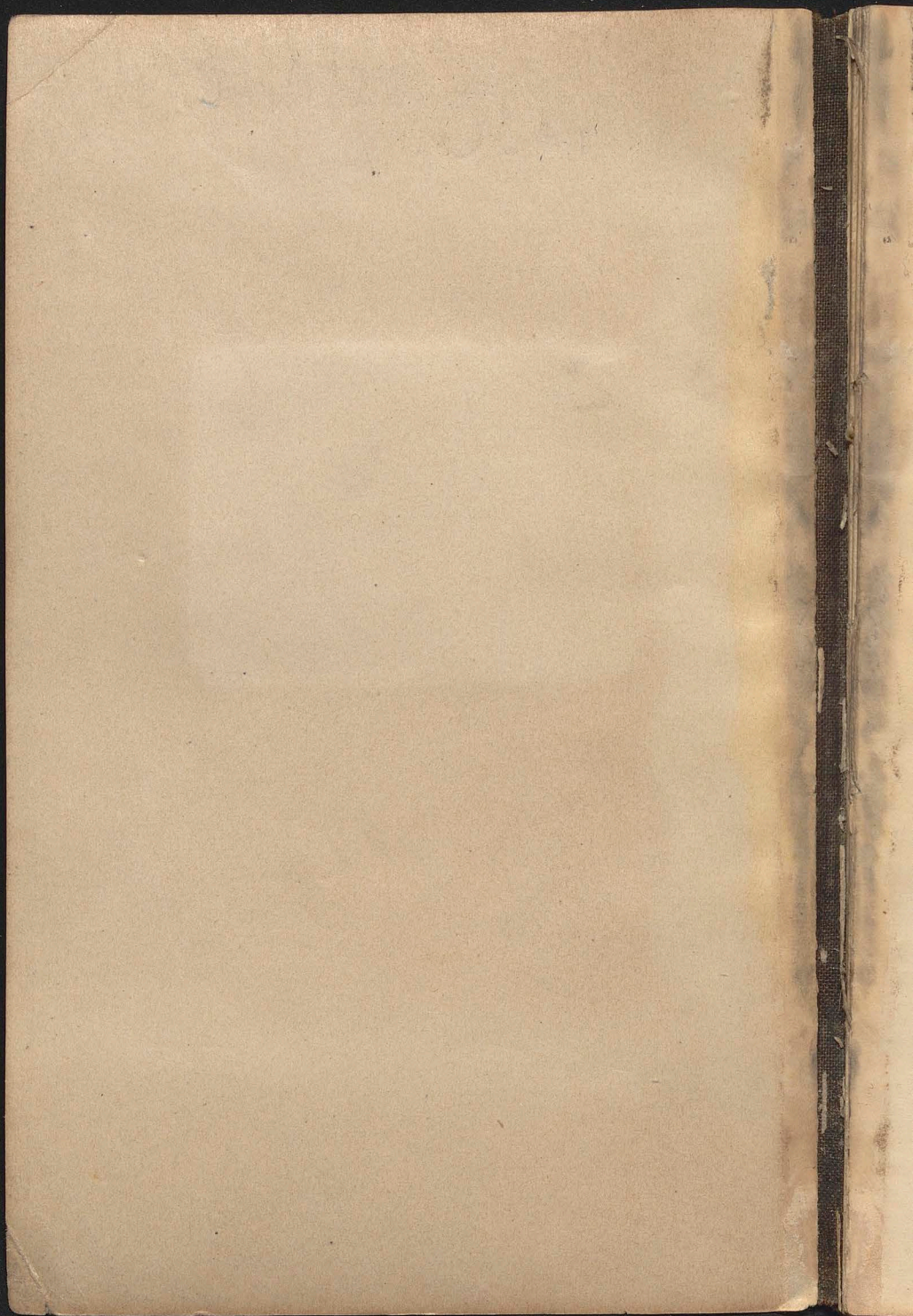
Dr. Emil Weyr

Analytische Geometrie des

Rammes

Aboluchowski

Wien, Wieden Hauptstrasse 55.



2.8

17

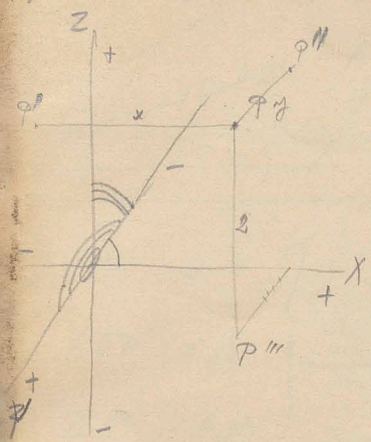
o

A

17/10

BJ

2



$P'P''P''' = \text{orthog. Proj.}$

$\sim \text{Proj. d.}$

$+ - - \text{ etc.}$

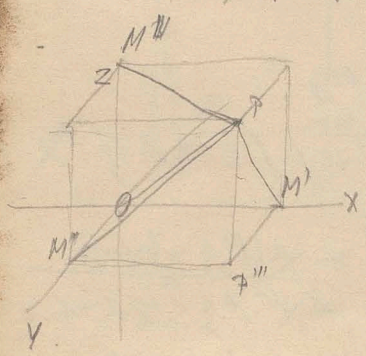
8 Octanten

Proj. f. c. $P + - -$

+	x	+	y	+	z	} w. d. XY
+		-		+		
-		+		+		
-		-		+		
+			+		-	} Pol
+			-		-	
-			+		-	
-			-		-	

$x = a$
 $y = b$
 $z = c$

f. c. $\sim \text{Proj. d.}$ or constr. d.



$OM' = P'P = x$

etc.

$OP = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}$

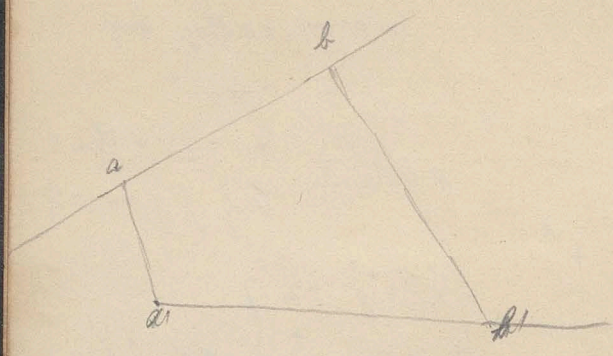
$PM' \perp X \text{ or}$

$PM'' \perp Y$

$PM''' \perp Z$

Projektion einer Geraden auf eine andere

Proj. $1 \times 2 \dots$ $\omega \sim \omega' \perp \rho \parallel \rho'$

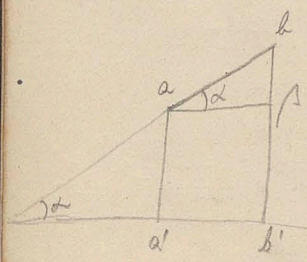


$x = \text{Proj. } a \quad ; \quad X \rho \rho'$
 $y = \text{Proj. } b \quad ; \quad Y \rho \rho'$
 $z = \dots \quad - Z$

B.H.

$\overline{a'b'} = \overline{ab} \cos \alpha$

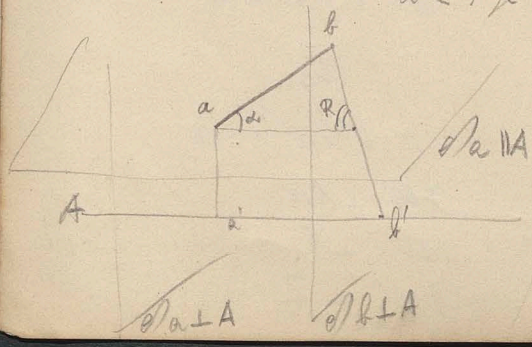
$\omega \sim \omega' \perp \rho \parallel \rho'$



$a'b' = a\beta = ab \cos \alpha$

Proj. $\rho \rho'$

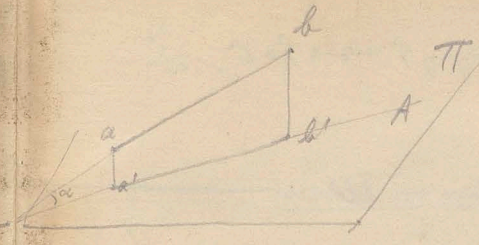
$\omega \perp \rho \parallel \rho'$



$\omega \perp \rho \parallel \rho'$

$a'b' = ab \cos \alpha$

$\omega \perp \rho \parallel \rho'$



Proj. $ab = ab \cos \alpha$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \angle XOP &= \alpha \\ \angle YOP &= \beta \\ \angle ZOP &= \gamma \end{aligned} \right\} \angle \text{ between } \vec{r} \text{ and } \vec{r}'$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \alpha \\ y &= r \cos \beta \\ z &= r \cos \gamma \end{aligned}$$

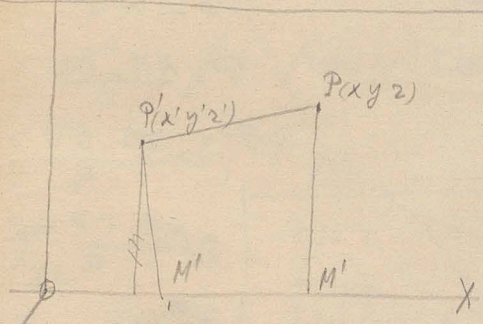
$$r^2 = OM^2 + M'P^2 = OM^2 + P'M^2 + M'P^2$$

$$= OM^2 + OM'^2 + OM''^2$$

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$

$$r^2 = r^2 [\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma]$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma = 1$$



$$\overline{P'P} = e$$

$$PM' \perp X$$

$$P'M' \perp X$$

$$OM' = x$$

$$OM'_1 = x'$$

$$\overline{M'_1 M'} = x - x'$$

$$= \text{Proj. } P'P$$

$$x - x' = \text{Proj. } e \text{ along } X$$

$$y - y' = \text{Proj. } e \text{ along } Y$$

$$z - z' = z$$

$$\alpha, \beta, \gamma = \angle \text{ between } \vec{e} \text{ and } \vec{r} [\cos \alpha]$$

$$x-x' = e \cos \alpha$$

$$y-y' = e \cos \beta$$

$$z-z' = e \cos \gamma$$

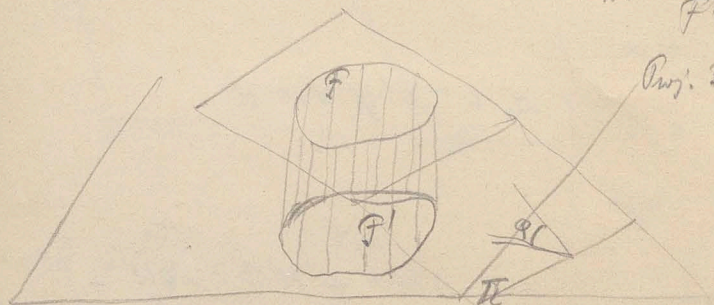
$$(x-x')^2 + (y-y')^2 + (z-z')^2 = e^2$$

Projektion von Flächen

$\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma$ & s.p. Proj. & / $\gamma = z$

BH: $F' = F \cos \varphi$

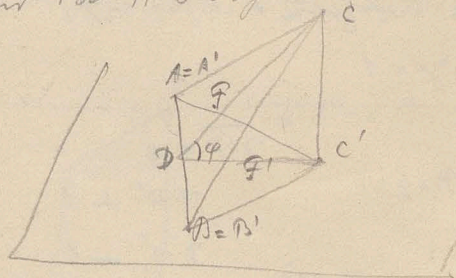
Proj. $F = F \cos \varphi$



ist $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$ $\sim \Delta$ $\cos \alpha = \cos \beta = \cos \gamma = 0$ für

s.p. & $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 0^\circ$ \parallel Proj. z

ist $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$ $\sim \Delta$ $\cos \alpha = \cos \beta = \cos \gamma = 0$



$$CD \perp AD$$

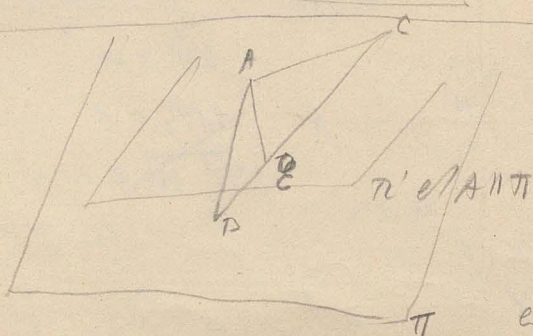
$$C'D \perp A'D$$

$$F = \frac{AB \cdot CD}{2}$$

$$F' = \frac{A'B' \cdot C'D}{2}$$

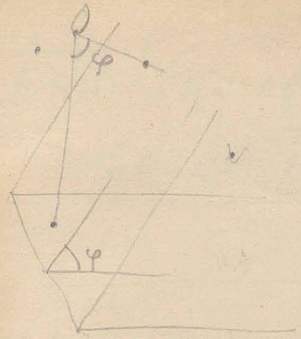
$$= \frac{AB \cdot CD \cos \varphi}{2}$$

$$= F \cos \varphi$$

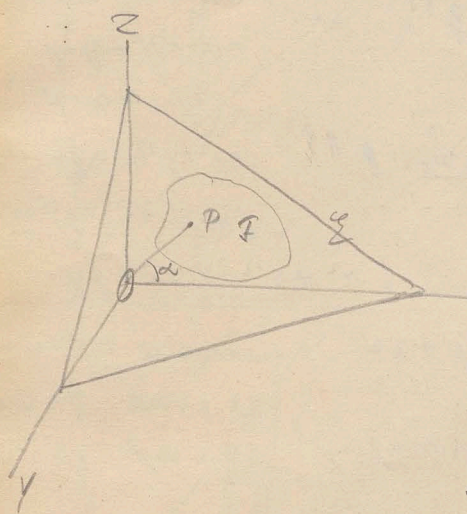


$$\cos \varphi = \frac{n \cdot n'}{|n| |n'|}$$

$$e \cos \varphi = z$$



$P \perp P \perp \omega \perp \omega$
 $\Delta \omega \perp \text{line}$



$P \perp P \perp \omega \perp \omega$ Scamoti.

line - comp. p.

$OP \perp \text{Eb. } \overline{XYZ}$

$\Delta \alpha = \varphi \text{ } \triangle XOZ$

$\Delta \beta = \varphi \text{ } \triangle XOZ$

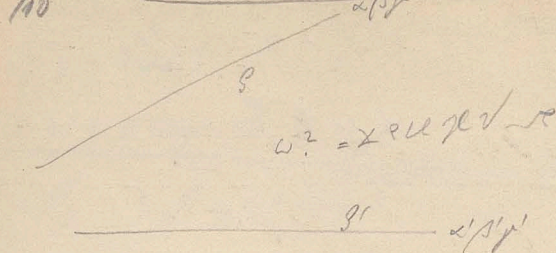
$\Delta \gamma = \varphi \text{ } \triangle XOY$

- $\omega \perp \omega \perp \omega$ for 2 angles, 3 C. 2

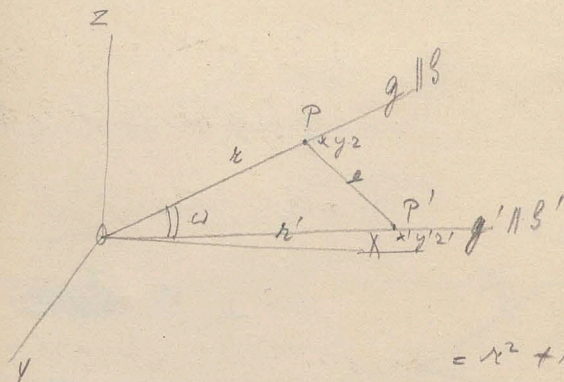
F_{xy}, F_{xz}, F_{yz}

$$\left. \begin{aligned} F_{yz} &= F \cos \alpha \\ F_{xz} &= F \cos \beta \\ F_{xy} &= F \cos \gamma \end{aligned} \right\} (F_{yz})^2 + (F_{xz})^2 + (F_{xy})^2 = F^2$$

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Winkel zweier Geraden

$$w^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$



$$\begin{aligned} e^2 &= r^2 + r'^2 - 2rr' \cos \alpha \\ &= (x-x')^2 + (y-y')^2 + (z-z')^2 \\ &= x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2xx' - 2yy' - 2zz' + x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2 \\ &= r^2 + r'^2 - 2(xx' + yy' + zz') \end{aligned}$$

$$rr' \cos \alpha = xx' + yy' + zz'$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma'$$

$x = r \cos \alpha$	$x' = r' \cos \alpha'$
$y = r \cos \beta$	$y' = r' \cos \beta'$
$z = r \cos \gamma$	$z' = r' \cos \gamma'$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma' = 1 \text{ (if } \alpha = \alpha')$$

Winkel:

$$g' \perp g \quad \cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma' = 0$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma'$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = 1 - [\cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma']^2$$

$$= [\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma] [\cos^2 \alpha' + \cos^2 \beta' + \cos^2 \gamma'] -$$

$$- [\cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma']^2$$

$$= [\cos \alpha \cos \beta' - \cos \beta \cos \alpha']^2 + [\cos \beta \cos \gamma' - \cos \gamma \cos \beta']^2 +$$

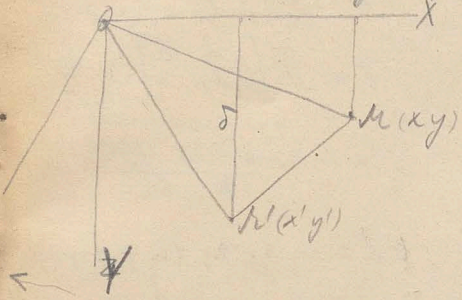
$$[\cos \alpha \cos \alpha' - \cos \alpha \sin \alpha']^2$$

f. Identität (1):

$$[a^2 + b^2 + c^2][a'^2 + b'^2 + c'^2] - [aa' + bb' + cc']^2 =$$

$$[ab' - a'b]^2 + [bc' - b'c]^2 + [ca' - c'a]^2$$

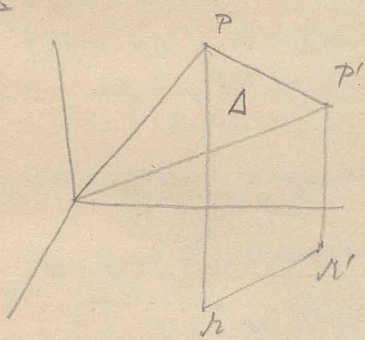
f. (1) $\sin^2 \omega = 2 \sin \alpha \sin \alpha'$



$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= \frac{y+y'}{2}(x-x') + \frac{x'y'}{2} - \frac{xy}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [xy + x'y' - x'y - xy'] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [xy' - x'y] \end{aligned}$$

$OP' = 1 \quad OP = 1$
 $x = \cos \alpha \quad x' = \cos \alpha'$
 $y = \sin \alpha \quad y' = \sin \alpha'$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \alpha' - \sin \alpha \cos \alpha' = 2 \delta$$



$$\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \sin \omega$$

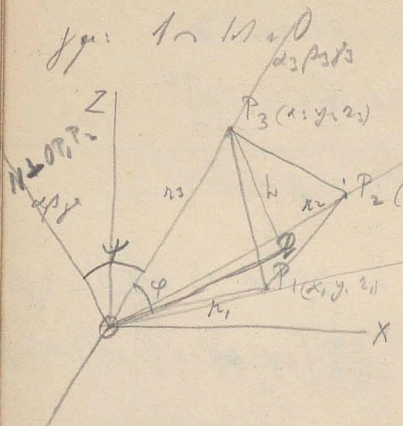
$$\sin \omega = 2 \delta$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \cos \alpha \sin \alpha' - \sin \alpha \cos \alpha' \\ \frac{1}{2} \cos \alpha' \sin \alpha - \sin \alpha' \cos \alpha \end{aligned} \right\} \sin \omega$$

$$\Delta^2 = \frac{1}{4} [\dots]^2 + [\dots]^2 + [\dots]^2 = \sin^2 \omega$$

etc. etc.

Rammbauk. Tetraed. l. ab a p c. d z h.



$\times P_3 O P_1 = \rho$ $\times P_1 O P_2 = \omega$
 $\varphi = F[OP_1, P_2] \cdot \frac{h}{3}$
 $= r_1 r_2 \frac{\sin \omega}{6} h$

$6V = r_1 r_2 r_3 \sin \varphi \sin \omega$

$\cos \varphi = \frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - r_3^2}{2 r_1 r_2}$
 $\sin \varphi = \frac{2V}{r_1 r_2}$

$[(\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_1 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_2)^2 + (\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1)^2 +$
 $+ (\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1)^2]$

$N \perp OP_1, P_2$

$N \perp OP$

$6V = r_1 r_2 r_3 \sin \omega \cos \varphi$

$\sin \varphi = \cos \psi$

$\cos \psi = \cos \alpha \cos \alpha_2 + \cos \beta \cos \beta_2 + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma_2$

$\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_1 + \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_2 + \cos \alpha_3 \cos \beta_3 = 1$

$\left. \begin{aligned} ON \perp OP_1: & \cos \alpha \cos \alpha_1 + \cos \beta \cos \beta_1 + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma_1 = 0 \\ ON \perp OP_2: & \cos \alpha \cos \alpha_2 + \cos \beta \cos \beta_2 + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma_2 = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_1 \\ \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_2 \end{aligned}$
 $\frac{\cos \alpha \cos \alpha_1 + \cos \beta \cos \beta_1 + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma_1}{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_1 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_2} = 1$

$\cos \beta [\cos \alpha_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \alpha_1] + \cos \gamma [\cos \alpha_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \alpha_1] = 0$
 $\frac{\cos \beta}{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \alpha_1} = \frac{\cos \gamma}{\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1}$

$$\frac{\cos \beta}{\cos \beta \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2} = \frac{\cos \gamma}{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_1 \cos \alpha_2}$$

$$\cos \alpha [\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1] + \cos \gamma [\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_1 \cos \alpha_2] = 0$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1} = \frac{\cos \gamma}{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1}$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1} = \frac{\cos \beta}{\cos \beta_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \alpha_1} = \frac{\cos \gamma}{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1} = \lambda$$

$$\cos \alpha = \lambda [\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1]$$

$$\cos \beta = \lambda [\cos \beta_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \alpha_1]$$

$$\cos \gamma = \lambda [\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1]$$

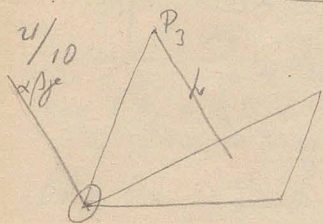
$$1 = \lambda^2 \sin^2 \omega$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{\pm \sin \omega}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1}{\pm \sin \omega}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{\cos \beta_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \alpha_1}{\pm \sin \omega}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1}{\pm \sin \omega}$$



$$\cos \alpha = \frac{\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1}{\sin \omega}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{\cos \beta_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \alpha_1}{\sin \omega}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1}{\sin \omega}$$

$$\delta V = r_1 r_2 r_3 \sin \omega \cos \psi$$

$$\cos \psi = \cos \alpha \cos \alpha_3 + \cos \beta \cos \beta_3 + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \omega \cos \psi = & \cos \alpha_3 (\cos \beta_1 \cos \gamma_2 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \gamma_1) + \\ & + \cos \beta_3 (\cos \gamma_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \gamma_2 \cos \alpha_1) + \\ & + \cos \gamma_3 (\cos \alpha_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_1) \end{aligned}$$

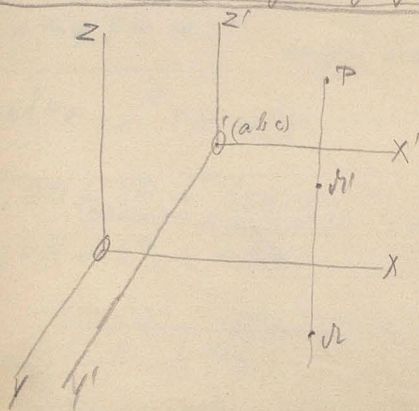
$$\begin{aligned} \delta V = & r_3 \cos \alpha_3 (r_1 \cos \beta_1 r_2 \cos \gamma_2 - r_2 \cos \beta_2 r_1 \cos \gamma_1) + \\ & + \dots \\ = & x_3 (y_1 z_2 - y_2 z_1) + y_3 (z_1 x_2 - z_2 x_1) + \\ & + z_3 (x_1 y_2 - x_2 y_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & z_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & z_2 \\ x_3 & y_3 & z_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

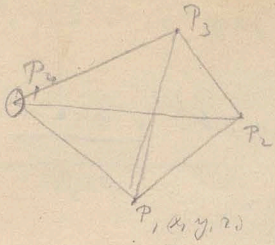
$$\delta V = z_1 (x_2 y_3 - y_2 y_3) + z_2 (x_3 y_1 - x_1 y_3) + z_3 (\dots)$$

Ci - Transform.

|| - \bar{U}_i .



$$\begin{cases} z = z' + c \\ x = x' + a \\ y = y' + b \end{cases}$$



~ ρ_0 $\sim \rho_1$ $\sim \rho_2$ $\sim \rho_3$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = x'_1 + x_4 \\ y_1 = y'_1 + y_4 \\ z_1 = z'_1 + z_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2 = x'_2 + x_4 \\ x_3 = x'_3 + x_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\delta V = z'_1 (x'_2 y'_3 - \dots) + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= (z_1 - z_4) [(x_2 - x_4)(y_3 - y_4) - (x_3 - x_4)(y_2 - y_4)] + \\ &+ (z_2 - z_4) [(x_3 - x_4)(y_1 - y_4) - (x_1 - x_4)(y_3 - y_4)] + \\ &+ (z_3 - z_4) [(x_1 - x_4)(y_2 - y_4) - (x_2 - x_4)(y_1 - y_4)] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x_1 & y_1 & z_1 \\ 1 & x_2 & y_2 & z_2 \\ 1 & x_3 & y_3 & z_3 \\ 1 & x_4 & y_4 & z_4 \end{vmatrix}$$

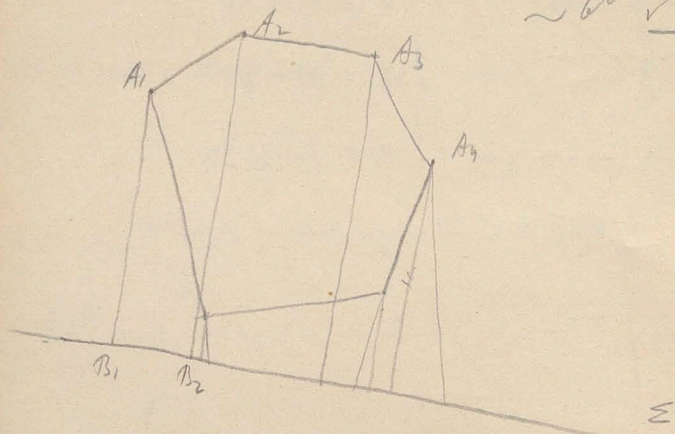
$\Delta_1, \Delta_2, \Delta_3, \Delta_4 : \text{e Tetra.} = 0$

$$\delta V = 0, \quad V = 0$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

a ~ pro D Orthog. - pro proj. o' r' E r Proj. 660.

~ all to m



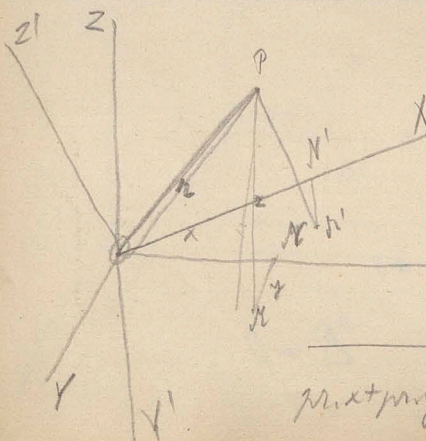
$$B_1, B_2 = \text{Proj. } A_1, A_2; \quad B_2, B_3 \quad B_3, B_4$$

$$B_1, B_2 + B_2, B_3 + B_3, B_4 + \dots + B_{n-1}, B_n + B_n, B_1 = 0$$

$$\text{Proj. } A_1, A_2 + \text{Proj. } A_2, A_3 + \dots + \text{Proj. } A_{n-1}, A_n = 0$$

$$B_1, B_n = B_1, B_2 + B_2, B_3 + \dots + B_{n-1}, B_n$$

$$\text{Proj. } A_1, A_n = \text{Proj. } A_1, A_2 + \text{Proj. } A_2, A_3 + \dots + \text{Proj. } A_{n-1}, A_n$$



Proj. OP = Proj. ON + Proj. NH + Proj. MP

$$\text{Proj. } OP = \text{Proj. } ON + \text{Proj. } NH + \text{Proj. } MP$$

$$x \text{ proj. } r = p. x + p. y + p. z$$

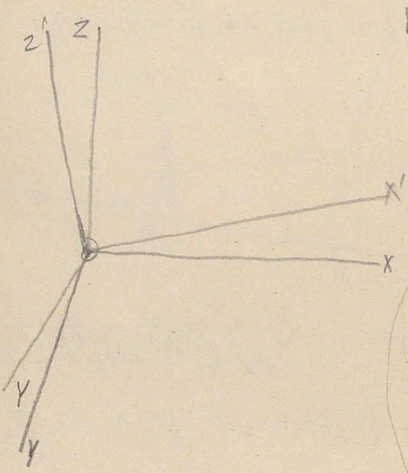
$$\text{proj. } r = p. x' + p. y' + p. z'$$

$$p. x + p. y + p. z = p. x' + p. y' + p. z'$$

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$$\begin{aligned} x &= x' \cos \alpha_1 + y' \cos \alpha_2 + z' \cos \alpha_3 \\ y &= x' \cos \beta_1 + y' \cos \beta_2 + z' \cos \beta_3 \\ z &= x' \cos \gamma_1 + y' \cos \gamma_2 + z' \cos \gamma_3 \end{aligned}$$

cos α_i \perp α_j &
 cos β_i \perp β_j &
 cos γ_i \perp γ_j &



cos $\alpha_1 \perp \alpha_2$:

$$\cos \alpha_1 \cos \alpha_2 + \cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 + \cos \gamma_1 \cos \gamma_2 = \cos X'OY'$$

$$\cos \alpha_2 \cos \alpha_3 + \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_3 + \cos \gamma_2 \cos \gamma_3 = \cos Y'OZ'$$

$$\cos \alpha_3 \cos \alpha_1 + \cos \beta_3 \cos \beta_1 + \cos \gamma_3 \cos \gamma_1 = \cos Z'OX'$$

$$\begin{aligned} X \perp Y' \perp Z' & \quad \begin{cases} = 0 \\ = 0 \\ = 0 \end{cases} \\ \text{etc} & \quad \begin{cases} = 0 \\ = 0 \\ = 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$x \begin{vmatrix} \cos \alpha_1 \\ \cos \beta_1 \\ \cos \gamma_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= x \cos \alpha_1 + y \cos \beta_1 + z \cos \gamma_1 \\ y' &= x \cos \alpha_2 + y \cos \beta_2 + z \cos \gamma_2 \\ z' &= x \cos \alpha_3 + y \cos \beta_3 + z \cos \gamma_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x \cos \alpha_1 + y \cos \beta_1 + z \cos \gamma_1 &= x' (\cos^2 \alpha_1 + \cos^2 \beta_1 + \cos^2 \gamma_1) + \\ &+ y' (\cos \alpha_2 \cos \alpha_1 + \cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_1 + \cos \gamma_2 \cos \gamma_1) + \\ &+ z' (\cos \alpha_3 \cos \alpha_1 + \cos \beta_3 \cos \beta_1 + \cos \gamma_3 \cos \gamma_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \omega^{\alpha_1} + \omega^{\beta_1} + \omega^{\gamma_1} &= 1 \\ \omega^{\alpha_2} + \omega^{\beta_2} + \omega^{\gamma_2} &= 1 \\ \omega^{\alpha_3} + \omega^{\beta_3} + \omega^{\gamma_3} &= 1 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

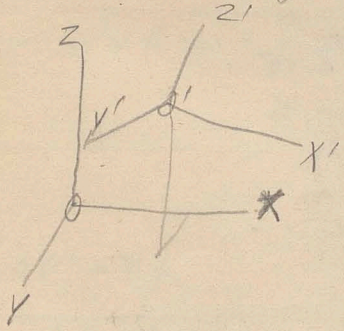
$$\left. \begin{aligned} \omega^{\alpha_1} \omega^{\alpha_2} + \omega^{\beta_1} \omega^{\beta_2} + \omega^{\gamma_1} \omega^{\gamma_2} &= 0 \\ \omega^{\alpha_1} \omega^{\alpha_3} + \omega^{\beta_1} \omega^{\beta_3} + \omega^{\gamma_1} \omega^{\gamma_3} &= 0 \\ \omega^{\alpha_2} \omega^{\alpha_3} + \omega^{\beta_2} \omega^{\beta_3} + \omega^{\gamma_2} \omega^{\gamma_3} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{SSE Program}$$

AP Eens δ^{α} δ^{β} δ^{γ} :

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \omega^{\alpha_1} + \omega^{\alpha_2} + \omega^{\alpha_3} &= 1 \\ \omega^{\beta_1} + \omega^{\beta_2} + \omega^{\beta_3} &= 1 \\ \omega^{\gamma_1} + \omega^{\gamma_2} + \omega^{\gamma_3} &= 1 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \omega^{\alpha_1} \omega^{\beta_1} + \omega^{\alpha_2} \omega^{\beta_2} + \omega^{\alpha_3} \omega^{\beta_3} &= 0 \\ \omega^{\beta_1} \omega^{\gamma_1} + \omega^{\beta_2} \omega^{\gamma_2} + \omega^{\beta_3} \omega^{\gamma_3} &= 0 \\ \omega^{\alpha_1} \omega^{\gamma_1} + \omega^{\alpha_2} \omega^{\gamma_2} + \omega^{\alpha_3} \omega^{\gamma_3} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{e.p. } \alpha \perp \beta$$

$\omega^{\alpha} \perp \omega^{\beta} \perp \omega^{\gamma}$ für $\omega^{\alpha}, \omega^{\beta}, \omega^{\gamma}$



PC. $\omega^{\alpha}, \omega^{\beta}, \omega^{\gamma}$ abc

Zentrum $\omega^{\alpha}, \omega^{\beta}, \omega^{\gamma}$

- X $\alpha, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$
- Y $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3$
- Z $\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3$

lu

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= a + x' \cos \alpha_1 + y' \cos \alpha_2 + z' \cos \alpha_3 \\ y &= b + x' \cos \beta_1 + y' \cos \beta_2 + z' \cos \beta_3 \\ z &= c + x' \cos \gamma_1 + y' \cos \gamma_2 + z' \cos \gamma_3 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Drehsystem } \mathcal{C} / \mathcal{L}^2$$

$\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$ ist ein lin. f. ($\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$)

und $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ist homog. f.

und $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$ ist: $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ist $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$.

es ist ein lin. f. $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ und $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$ ist $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ + $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$.

und $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$ ist ein $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ - $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ist $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$.

$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ist

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= a & z &= z' \cos \alpha_3 \\ & & & \parallel \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \text{ ist } \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \\ & & & \text{und } \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \text{ ist } \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \\ & & & \text{und } \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \text{ ist } \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Drehsystem}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \quad \left. \begin{aligned} x &= a \\ y &= b \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Drehsystem}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= a \\ y &= b \\ z &= c \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Drehsystem}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \quad \parallel \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ ist ein $\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$.

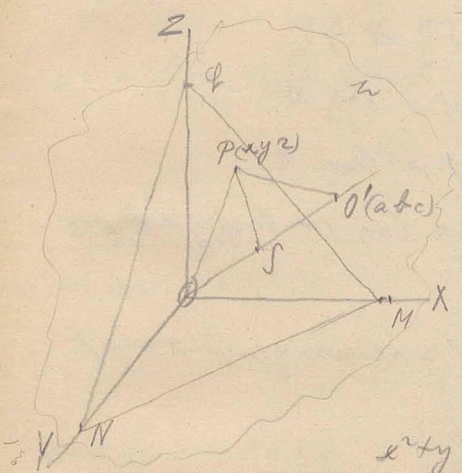
$$x = x' \cos \alpha + y' \cos \alpha_2 + z' \cos \alpha_3$$

$$a = x' \cos \alpha_1 + y' \cos \alpha_2 + z' \cos \alpha_3$$

is the line C. 6²

$$a^2 = x'^2 \cos^2 \alpha + y'^2 \cos^2 \alpha_2 + z'^2 \cos^2 \alpha_3$$

$$a^2 = 2p^2 \cos^2 \alpha + \dots$$



2021/8/10: 1st Comp. etc.

$$OS \perp \text{Plane}$$

$$SO' = OS$$

$$OP = O'P$$

$$OP^2 = O'P^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = (x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 + (z-c)^2$$

$$ax + by + cz = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{2} \text{ express } z$$

is the line C. 6² : $p \cdot OS = p$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} \left\{ \begin{matrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} \right\} \text{ resp. } \left\{ \begin{matrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$OO' = 2p$$

$$a = 2p \cos \alpha$$

$$b = 2p \cos \beta$$

$$c = 2p \cos \gamma$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 4p^2$$

$$2p \cos \alpha x + 2p \cos \beta y + 2p \cos \gamma z = \frac{4p^2}{2}$$

$$x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma = p$$

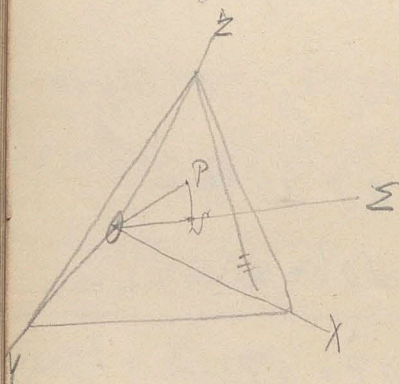
$$x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = 0 \quad \text{Normal-Form}$$

See v. a. W. x.

29/10

$$x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = 0$$

See CS. p. 2



$$OS \perp$$

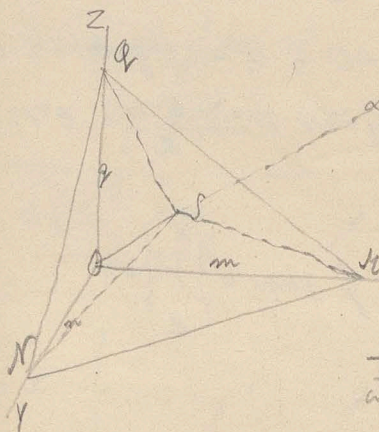
$$OS \perp \Sigma$$

$$OS = \text{Proj. } OP$$

$$p = \text{Proj. } x^2$$

$$p = \text{Proj. } x + \text{Proj. } y + \text{Proj. } z$$

$$= x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma$$



$$p = m \cos \alpha$$

$$= n \cos \beta$$

$$= q \cos \gamma$$

$$x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{\frac{p}{\cos \alpha}} + \frac{y}{\frac{p}{\cos \beta}} + \frac{z}{\frac{p}{\cos \gamma}} = 1$$

$$\frac{x}{m} + \frac{y}{n} + \frac{z}{q} = 1$$

See p. 2 v. 18/10/10

BH. $Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$

6' d - w r h

M

BW.

$$\frac{x}{-\frac{D}{A}} + \frac{y}{-\frac{D}{B}} + \frac{z}{-\frac{D}{C}} = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} m = -\frac{D}{A} \\ n = -\frac{D}{B} \\ o = -\frac{D}{C} \end{cases}$$

was 1 w r h g e w

W r:

$$z = -\frac{A}{C}x - \frac{B}{C}y - \frac{D}{C}$$

$$-\frac{A}{C} = a$$

$$-\frac{B}{C} = b$$

$$-\frac{D}{C} = c$$

$$z = ax + by + c$$

was 1 w r h 16 w r h 10 r r e ?

1 r r w r h g e w r h f f w r h d i k f e w r h g e w r h [w r h r h]

$$ax + by - z + c = 0$$

$$w \frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{\frac{b}{2}} - \frac{z}{c} + 1 = 0$$

1 r r w r h g e w r h f f w r h d i k f e w r h g e w r h [w r h r h]

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad | \cdot \lambda$$

$$\lambda Ax + \lambda By + \lambda Cz + \lambda D = 0$$

$$x \omega \lambda + y \omega \lambda + z \omega \lambda - \mu = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 [A^2 + B^2 + C^2] = 1$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\lambda A = \omega \lambda$$

$$\lambda B = \omega \lambda$$

$$\lambda C = \omega \lambda$$

$$\lambda D = -\mu$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{A}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{B}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{C}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$p = -\frac{D}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$p < 0 \Rightarrow$ Abstand

ed. d. Ebene zum Ursprung $\cos \alpha$

≥ 0 wenn die Ebene gegeben ist.

$\cos \alpha$ ist die Projektion des Ursprungs auf die Ebene

3 Linien $\cos \alpha$ u. 3 Linien

2D. \rightarrow d. 3, 2D. Ebene

$P_i(x_i, y_i, z_i)$

$$Ax_1 + By_1 + Cz_1 = 0$$

$$Ax_2 + By_2 + Cz_2 = 0$$

$$Ax_3 + By_3 + Cz_3 = 0$$

A =

B =

C =

\rightarrow $f(x, y, z)$:

$$m = -\frac{D}{A}$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$n = -\frac{D}{B}$$

$$0 \cdot x + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad [n \cdot x / \infty] \quad g = -\frac{D}{C}$$

$$By + Cz + D = 0$$

$m = \infty \Rightarrow$ $K = \infty$ \rightarrow \parallel X_{00}

\parallel X_{00}

$$Ax + Cz + D = 0 \quad \parallel \text{OY}$$

$$Ax + By + D = 0 \quad \parallel \text{Z}$$

$$D=0 \quad Ax + By + Cz = 0$$

$m=0$

$n=0$

$g=0$

2 Vert. \rightarrow $\cos \alpha = 0$

$$A=0, B=0$$

$$Cz + D = 0 \quad (k, y, z)$$

$$m = \infty$$

$$n = \infty$$

12

$$z = -\frac{D}{C} = q \quad \text{is } \perp \text{ XOY}$$

$$\text{if } D=0 \quad z=0 = \text{XOY}$$

$$Ax + D = 0 \quad \parallel \text{ YOZ}$$

$$By + D = 0 \quad \parallel \text{ XOZ}$$

$$A=0, B=0, C=0 \quad D \neq 0$$

$$0x + 0y + 0z + D = 0$$

$$D = 0 \quad \text{paradoxe is } \text{unlösbar}$$

$$m = \infty$$

$$n = \infty$$

$$q = \infty$$

was ist die Lösung?

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad | \cdot \lambda$$

$$m = -\frac{D}{A}$$

$$\lambda Ax + \lambda By + \lambda Cz + \lambda D = 0$$

$$n =$$

$$m = -\frac{\lambda D}{\lambda A} \quad \text{eh. } \perp \text{ XOY}$$

$$q =$$

$$\text{was ist die Lösung?} \quad D=0 \quad \text{is } \perp \text{ XOY} \quad D'=0$$

$$\lambda D = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{D'}{D} \quad D=0 \quad \perp \text{ XOY}$$

$$\boxed{1=0}$$

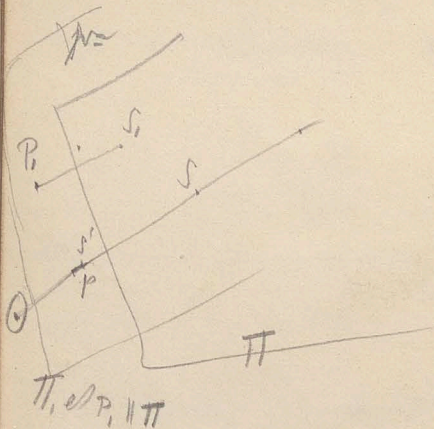
Länge des Bogenstücks auf einer Ebene

$$r_3 \wedge z + \Pi$$

$$P, \text{ auf } z + \Pi =$$

$$39/10 \quad x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = 0$$

$$P, \text{ auf } z + \Pi \text{ } z$$



$$OS = p, OS' = p'$$

$$S'S = p, S_1$$

$$P, S_1 = OS - OS'$$

$$= p - p'$$

$$\Pi, \quad x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p' = 0$$

$$x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p' = 0$$

$$p' = x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma$$

$$P, S_1 = p - (x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma)$$

$$= -[x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p]$$

$$P, \text{ auf } z + \Pi = -6 \text{ } N, F, z \text{ } \omega \text{ } 6 \text{ } e \text{ } C, P, C, z \text{ } \omega$$

$$102 \text{ } r', \omega \text{ } \gamma \text{ } \omega \text{ } \omega$$

$$L \text{ } L \text{ } e \text{ } N, F, \text{ } \omega \text{ } e \text{ } \omega \text{ } \Pi$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

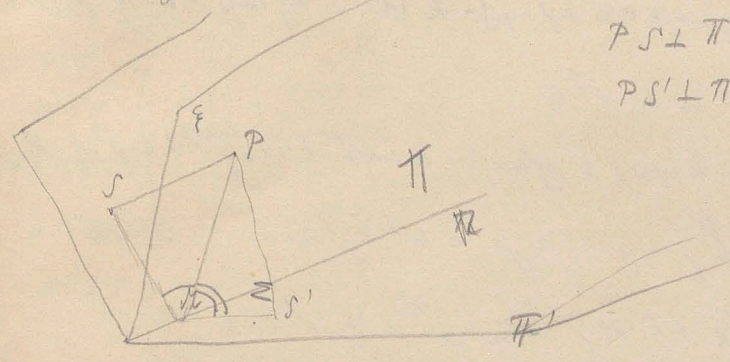
$$x = \frac{1}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\frac{Ax + By + Cz + D}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$P, S, z = \frac{Ax + Ay + Cz + D}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$z_3 \rightarrow z_2$ Ebenen-Büschel

- $P \perp PZ \xi$
- $PS \perp \Pi$
- $PS' \perp \Pi'$



$z_1 = 0$
 $z_2 = 0$

$$\frac{PS}{PS'} = k = \text{constant} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\sin \beta}$$

$$\angle SMP = \angle \Pi \xi$$

z1 ist die Ebene der z2
~ ist die Ebene der z3

BW:

$$z_3 \in z_2 \Pi: x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = 0$$

$$\Pi': x \cos \alpha' + y \cos \beta' + z \cos \gamma' - p' = 0$$

~ ist die Ebene der z3

$$P(x' y' z') \quad PS = - [x' \cos \alpha + y' \cos \beta + z' \cos \gamma - p]$$

$$PS' = - [x' \cos \alpha' + y' \cos \beta' + z' \cos \gamma' - p']$$

$$k = \frac{x' \cos \alpha + y' \cos \beta + z' \cos \gamma - p}{x' \cos \alpha' + y' \cos \beta' + z' \cos \gamma' - p'}$$

~ ist die Ebene der z3

$$k = \frac{x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p}{x \cos \alpha' + y \cos \beta' + z \cos \gamma' - p'}$$

$$[x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p] - k [x \cos \alpha' + y \cos \beta' + z \cos \gamma' - p'] = 0$$

Es ist \wedge $z \neq 0$.

$$x(\cos \alpha - k \cos \alpha') + y(\cos \beta - k \cos \beta') + z(\cos \gamma - k \cos \gamma') - p + kp' = 0$$

\therefore $\frac{x}{z} = \frac{p - kp'}{\cos \gamma - k \cos \gamma'}$, $\frac{y}{z} = \frac{p - kp'}{\cos \beta - k \cos \beta'}$

$\frac{x}{z} = \frac{p - kp'}{\cos \gamma - k \cos \gamma'}$, $\frac{y}{z} = \frac{p - kp'}{\cos \beta - k \cos \beta'}$

$$\frac{x}{z} \cos \gamma + \frac{y}{z} \cos \beta - k \cos \gamma' - k \cos \beta' = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{z} \cos \gamma + \frac{y}{z} \cos \beta - k \cos \gamma' - k \cos \beta' = 0 \quad k = \frac{p - kp'}{\cos \gamma - k \cos \gamma'}$$

Abgekürzte Berechnungsweise

$$\pi: x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = 0$$

$$x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma - p = \pi$$

$$\pi = 0$$

$$x \cos \alpha' + y \cos \beta' + z \cos \gamma' - p' = \pi'$$

$$\begin{cases} -\pi = \sqrt{p^2 - d^2} \\ \cos \gamma' = \frac{p - kp'}{z} \end{cases}$$

$$\xi: \pi - k \pi' = 0$$

$$k = \frac{\sin \pi}{\sin \pi'}$$

Es ist ξ harmon. Proj. Ebene

$$\eta: \pi + k \pi' = 0$$

$$\pi = 0$$

$$\pi' = 0$$

$$\xi: \pi - k \pi' = 0$$

$$\eta: \pi + k \pi' = 0$$

$$\frac{e_{\xi}^{\infty}}{e_{\eta}^{\infty}} = \frac{k}{1}$$

$$(\pi \pi' \xi \eta) = \frac{k}{1}$$

$n - kn' = 0$

$n - kn' = 0$

$\frac{k}{\lambda} = e^{i\alpha}$

$\lambda = 0$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} n &= 0 \\ n' &= 0 \\ n + kn' &= 0 \\ n - kn' &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{4 Liniennetze}$$

$k = \pm 1$

$n = 0$

$n' = 0$

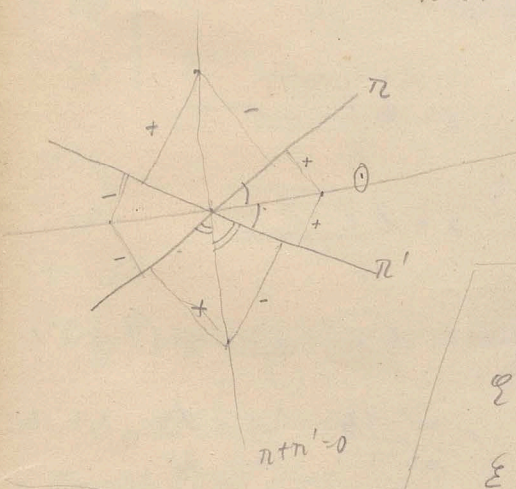
$n + n' = 0$

$n - n' = 0$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} n &= 0 \\ n' &= 0 \\ n + n' &= 0 \\ n - n' &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} & \text{1) } n \approx \Delta \\ & k = -1 \text{ 2) } n \text{ bzw } n' \approx \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} \\ & k = +1 \text{ 3) } \Delta \text{ bzw } \Delta \approx \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$\lambda = \pi$

$\lambda = \pi$



$n - n' = 0$

$n + n' = 0$

Allgem. Form.
 $Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$
 $\xi = Ax + By + Cz + D$
 $\xi = 0$

$$\frac{Ax + By + Cz + D}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}} = 0$$

$$n = \frac{Ax + By + Cz + D}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}} = \frac{\xi}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}} \quad \xi = n \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}$$

$$q = 0$$

$$n = \frac{q \sqrt{A}}{\sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}$$

$$n' = \frac{q'}{\sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}$$

$$q' = 0$$

$$n = 0$$

$$n - k n' = 0$$

$$n' = 0$$

$$\frac{q}{\sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}} - k \frac{q'}{\sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}} = 0$$

$$q - k \frac{\sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}{A + 0.4 \omega^2} q' = 0$$

$$q - k q' = 0$$

$$k = k \frac{\sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}{A + 0.4 \omega^2}$$

20 11 23 - 9 012 2 p
11 0 0 2 4 0 - 2 11 0

$$q = 0$$

$$q' = 0$$

$$q - k q' = 0$$

$$q - l q' = 0$$

$$k = k \sqrt{\frac{A + 0.4 \omega^2}{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}$$

$$l = l \sqrt{\frac{A + 0.4 \omega^2}{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}$$

$$\frac{k}{l} = \frac{k}{l} = \frac{q_1 \sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}}{q_2 \sqrt{A + 0.4 \omega^2}} = (1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4)$$

$$= \frac{\sin 13}{\sin 23} = \frac{\sin 14}{\sin 24}$$

$$q = 0$$

$$q' = 0$$

$$q - k q' = 0$$

$$q + k q' = 0$$

harm. Sch.

$$Q - \kappa Q' = 0$$

Das ist die Bedingung für die Homogenität der Dgl.

$$F(x, y, z) = 0 \quad F = 0$$

$$F' = 0 \quad \text{wobei } F' = \frac{dF}{dx}$$

$$F - \kappa F' = 0$$

~~Das ist die Bedingung~~

$$m F + n F' = 0$$

$$\kappa = -\frac{n}{m}$$

$F = 0$		m
$F' = 0$		n
$F'' = 0$		μ

Das ist die Bedingung für die Homogenität der Dgl. $m F + n F' + \mu F'' = 0$

$$Q = 0$$

$$Q' = 0 \quad m Q + n Q' + \mu Q'' = 0$$

$$Q'' = 0$$

Das ist die Bedingung für die Homogenität der Dgl.

$$P \equiv A x + B y + C z + D = 0$$

$$P' \equiv A' x + B' y + C' z + D' = 0$$

$$P'' \equiv A'' x + B'' y + C'' z + D'' = 0$$

$$m(Ax + \dots) + n(\dots) + \mu(\dots) = 0$$

$$(mA + nA' + \mu A'')x + (mB + nB' + \mu B'')y + (mC + nC' + \mu C'')z + (mD + nD' + \mu D'') = 0$$

Es gilt $mA + nA' + \mu A'' = 0$ etc. in der Bedingung für die Homogenität der Dgl.

aff. z_0 / x, y, z w. z_0 u. z_1

$$m q + n q' + p q'' = 0 \quad | \text{w. d. l. von}$$

$$\text{Bzw. } q=0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

$$q'=0$$

u. $m q + n q' = 0$ u. $m q + n q' + p q'' = 0$ u. $p q'' = 0$

$$m q + n q' + p q'' = 0 \quad | \text{u. d.}$$

$$p q'' = 0$$

$$q'' = 0 \quad \text{u. H. P. C.}$$

$$q' = 0, \quad q = \text{const.}$$

$$q/11 \quad F_1 = 0 \quad | \quad m$$

$$F_2 = 0 \quad | \quad n$$

$$F_3 = 0 \quad | \quad p$$

$$m F_1 + n F_2 + p F_3 = 0 \quad \text{u. d. l. von}$$

$$\text{d. l. von: } F_3 = - \frac{m F_1 + n F_2}{p}$$

$$q F_3 = 0 \quad \text{u. d. l. von } \frac{-m F_1 - n F_2}{p} = 0$$

$$m' F_1 + n' F_2 = 0 \quad \text{u. d. l. von}$$

$$F_1 = 0$$

$$F_2 = 0$$

$$F_3 = 0$$

$$F_4 = 0$$

} F_1, F_2, F_3 u. F_4 u. d. l. von

$$m$$

$$n$$

$$p$$

$$q$$

$$u. d. l. von \quad F_1 m + F_2 n + F_3 p + F_4 q = 0 \quad \text{u. d. l. von}$$

$$m F_1 + n F_2 + \mu F_3 + \rho F_4 = 0$$

$$P \begin{cases} F_1 \\ F_2 \\ F_3 \end{cases} \quad \checkmark \quad m F_1 + n F_2 + \mu F_3 = 0$$

$$\checkmark \quad \begin{aligned} & \text{1st} \\ & \text{2nd} \quad \rho F_4 = 0 \\ & \text{3rd} \quad F_4 = 0 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_1 &= 0 \\ F_2 &= 0 \\ F_3 &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} m \\ n \\ \mu \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{1st eq: } m F_1 + n F_2 + \dots$$

$$F_4 = \frac{-m F_1 - n F_2 - \mu F_3}{\rho}$$

$$m F_1 + n F_2 + \mu F_3 = 0$$

$$\text{2nd eq: } -m F_1 - n F_2 - \mu F_3 = 0$$

$$m' F_1 + n' F_2 + \mu' F_3 = 0 \quad \text{1st eq}$$

$$Q_1 = 0$$

$$Q_2 = 0$$

$$m Q_1 + n Q_2 = 0 \quad \text{2nd eq}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_1 &= 0 \\ Q_2 &= 0 \\ Q_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$m Q_1 + n Q_2 + \mu Q_3 = 0 \quad \text{3rd eq}$$

$$a < \quad m Q_1 + n Q_2 + \mu Q_3 = 0 \quad \text{4th eq}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_1 &= 0 \\ Q_2 &= 0 \\ Q_3 &= 0 \\ Q_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$m Q_1 + n Q_2 + \mu Q_3 + \rho Q_4 = 0 \quad \text{5th eq}$$

$$a < /$$

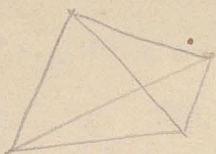
$\mathbb{R}^3 \subset \mathbb{R}^3$

$$Q_1 = 0$$

$$Q_2 = 0$$

$$Q_3 = 0$$

$$Q_4 = 0$$



$\mathcal{Q} = \text{Tetraeder}$

$$m Q_1 + n Q_2 + p Q_3 + q Q_4 = 0 \quad \mathbb{R} \langle Q_1, Q_2, Q_3, Q_4 \rangle$$

$\mathbb{R} \langle Q_1, Q_2, Q_3, Q_4 \rangle \cap \mathcal{D} \subset \mathbb{R}^3$

$$Q_i = A_i x + B_i y + C_i z + D_i$$

$$Q = A x + B y + C z + D = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} m Q_1 + n Q_2 + p Q_3 + q Q_4 &\equiv (m A_1 + n A_2 + p A_3 + q A_4) x \\ &+ (m B_1 + n B_2 + p B_3 + q B_4) y + (m C_1 + n C_2 + p C_3 + q C_4) z \\ &+ m D_1 + n D_2 + p D_3 + q D_4 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$m, n, p, q \in \mathbb{R}$

$\mathcal{D} = \mathbb{R} \langle \text{Coeff. } Q_i \rangle$

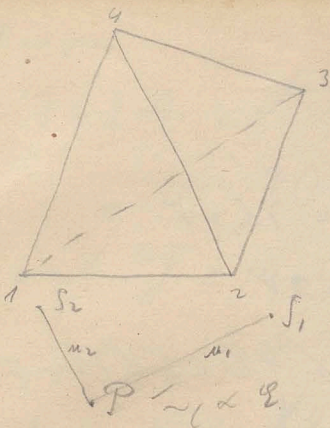
$\mathcal{D} = \mathbb{R} \langle \text{Coeff. } Q_i \rangle$

$$m A_1 + n A_2 + p A_3 + q A_4 = A \quad | \quad m =$$

$$m B_1 + n B_2 + p B_3 + q B_4 = B \quad | \quad n =$$

$$m C_1 + n C_2 + p C_3 + q C_4 = C \quad | \quad p =$$

$$m D_1 + n D_2 + p D_3 + q D_4 = D \quad | \quad q =$$



$$Q_1=0; Q_2=0; Q_3=0; Q_4=0$$

$$m Q_1 + n Q_2 + \mu Q_3 + \rho Q_4 = 0$$

$$P S_1 \perp Q_1 = 239 = u_1$$

$$P S_2 \perp Q_2 = u_2$$

$$P S_i \perp Q_i = u_i$$

$$Q_i = 0 \quad \text{N. F. } \frac{1}{2} \text{ } \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{Q_i}{\sqrt{A_i^2 + D_i^2 + C_i^2}} = 0$$

$$u_i = -\frac{Q_i}{\sqrt{A_i^2 + D_i^2 + C_i^2}} = \lambda_i Q_i$$

$$\lambda_i = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\quad}}$$

$$u_1 = \lambda_1 Q_1$$

$$u_2 = \lambda_2 Q_2$$

$$u_3 = \lambda_3 Q_3$$

$$u_4 = \lambda_4 Q_4$$

$$\frac{m u_1}{\lambda_1} + \frac{n u_2}{\lambda_2} + \frac{\mu u_3}{\lambda_3} + \frac{\rho u_4}{\lambda_4} = 0$$

$$\frac{m}{\lambda_1} = a_1 \quad \frac{n}{\lambda_2} = a_2$$

$$a_1 u_1 + a_2 u_2 + a_3 u_3 + a_4 u_4 = 0$$

all 2 uen / p e y p z Rep. 1/2 0 6/6 f Rep. 3-1 R.

f 2 u i p 2 3 p 2 4 u i 2 2 p Rep. as C. 47

[homogen = tetraedrischen Coord. C.]

f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4 sind

$$\frac{1}{3}(f_1 u_1 + f_2 u_2 + f_3 u_3 + f_4 u_4) = \gamma d = \gamma$$

$$f_1 u_1 + f_2 u_2 + f_3 u_3 + f_4 u_4 = 3\gamma$$

für u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4 und γ — 1. D. C. + u. d. 1. Pers. y. d.

es über γ $\gamma = z$ homog.

$$\alpha_1 u_1 + \alpha_2 u_2 + \alpha_3 u_3 + \alpha_4 u_4 + \beta \gamma = 0 \quad \text{D. u. homog. } \gamma$$

$$\gamma = \frac{f_1 u_1 + f_2 u_2 + f_3 u_3 + f_4 u_4}{3\gamma}$$

für $\gamma = 1 - z$

$$u_1 \left[\alpha_1 + \frac{\beta f_1}{3\gamma} \right] + u_2 \left[\alpha_2 + \frac{\beta f_2}{3\gamma} \right] + \dots = 0$$

$$a_1 u_1 + a_2 u_2 + a_3 u_3 + a_4 u_4 = 0$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

✓ Parallel. u. d. homog.

$$x = \frac{q}{2}; y = \frac{r}{2}; z = \frac{s}{2}$$

P. S. S. u. d. f. u. f. a

$$A \frac{q}{2} + B \frac{r}{2} + C \frac{s}{2} + D = 0$$

u. d. p. r. o. f. e

$$Aq + Br + Cs + D = 0$$

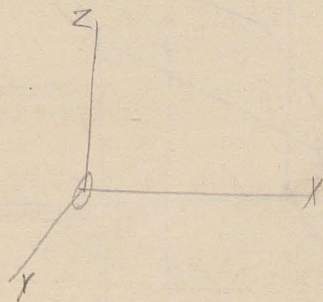
$$p \ q \ r \ s \ \dots \ \rightarrow \text{u. d. } C \ \text{D} = \text{Wert}$$

= Hesse'schen

homogener Koordinaten

$P(x, y, z)$
 $P(x, y, z, w) \quad \text{für } x, y, z, w \in \mathbb{C}$

$$P(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = P(x, y, z, w)$$

 $|w| = 1 \quad \text{für } E \in \mathbb{C}$
 $\mathcal{N} = \mathcal{P} \sim \text{Punkte Tetraeder}$
 $z=0 \quad x, y \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{XOZ}$
 $y=0 \quad " \quad \text{ZOX}$
 $x=0 \quad " \quad \text{XOY}$
 $w=0 \quad \text{für } \infty \quad \text{für } \infty$
 $\text{für } \infty \quad \text{für } w=0 \quad \text{für } x=y=z=\infty$


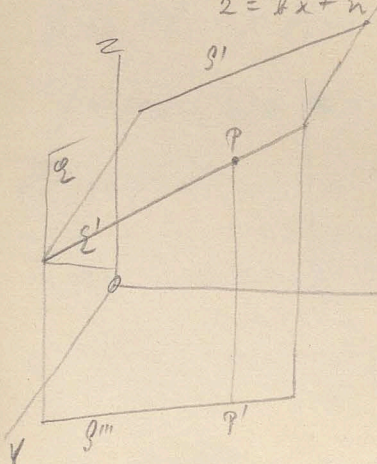
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Gleichung der Ebenen

$$\left. \begin{aligned} q: Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \\ q': A'x + B'y + C'z + D' = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Hess'sche N.}$$

$$y = ax + m$$

$$z = bx + n$$



$$q = 0 \quad q' = 0$$

$$q - \lambda q' = 0 \quad \text{S. 1/3}$$

$$[Ax + By + Cz + D] - \lambda [A'x + B'y + C'z + D'] = 0$$

$$C - \lambda C' = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{C}{C'}$$

$$(A - \lambda A')x + (B - \lambda B')y + (D - \lambda D') = 0$$

$$y = -\frac{A - \lambda A'}{B - \lambda B'}x - \frac{D - \lambda D'}{B - \lambda B'}$$

$$z = bx + n$$

$$z = cy + r$$

$$p \cdot \lambda = \frac{C}{C'}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{D}{D'}$$

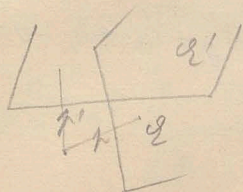
$$\lambda = \frac{A}{A'}$$

$y = ax + m \quad \parallel Z \quad \text{S. 1/3} \quad \text{S. 2/3} \quad \text{S. 3/3} = \text{proj. } P; \quad XY$
 $z = bx + n \quad \parallel Y \quad \text{S. 1/3} \quad \text{S. 2/3} \quad \text{S. 3/3} \quad XZ$
 $z = cy + r \quad \parallel X \quad \text{S. 1/3} \quad \text{S. 2/3} \quad \text{S. 3/3} \quad YZ$

Winkel zweier Ebenen

$$Q \equiv Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$Q' \equiv A'x + B'y + C'z + D' = 0$$



$$r = \alpha / \rho$$

$$r' = \alpha' / \rho'$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{A}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{B}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\cos \alpha' = \frac{A'}{\sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$\cos \beta' = \frac{B'}{\sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{C}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\cos \gamma' = \frac{C'}{\sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$\cos \varepsilon = \cos \alpha \cos \alpha' + \cos \beta \cos \beta' + \cos \gamma \cos \gamma'$$

$$= \frac{AA' + BB' + CC'}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2} \sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$Q' \perp Q \quad \cos \varepsilon = 0 \quad AA' + BB' + CC' = 0$$

$$Q' \parallel Q \quad \cos \alpha' = \pm \cos \alpha \quad \cos \beta' = \pm \cos \beta \quad \cos \gamma' = \pm \cos \gamma$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha'}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\cos \beta'}{\cos \beta} = \frac{\cos \gamma'}{\cos \gamma} = \pm 1$$

$$\frac{A' \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}{A \sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}} = \frac{B' \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}{B \sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}} = \frac{C' \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}{C \sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$\frac{A'}{A} = \frac{B'}{B} = \frac{C'}{C} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}{\sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}} = k$$

$$A' = kA \quad D' = kD \quad C' = kC$$

$$A' : A = D' : D = C' : C$$

$$Q = Ax + By + Cz + D$$

$$Q' \parallel Q \quad k(Ax + By + Cz) + D' = 0 \quad Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$D_1 = \frac{D'}{k}$$

$$Q = Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$Q' \parallel Q = Ax + By + Cz + D_1 = 0$$

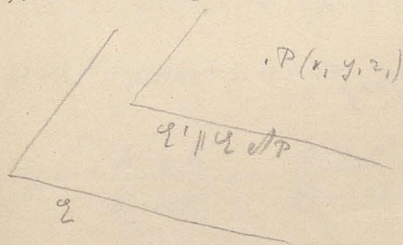
$$D - D_1 = 0$$

$$D \geq D_1$$

∞ if $D \neq D_1$

$$Q = Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad Q' = Ax_1 + By_1 + Cz_1 + D_1 = 0$$

$Q' \parallel Q$ at P



$$D_1 = -Ax_1 + By_1 + Cz_1$$

$$Ax + By + Cz - (Ax_1 + By_1 + Cz_1) = 0$$

$$A(x-x_1) + B(y-y_1) + C(z-z_1) = 0$$

$$P \equiv 0 \quad x_1 = y_1 = z_1 = 0$$

$$Ax + By + Cz = 0$$

$$Q' \parallel Q$$

View as \uparrow z :

$$P \begin{cases} Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \\ A'x + B'y + C'z + D' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$A'x + B'y + C'z + D' = 0$$

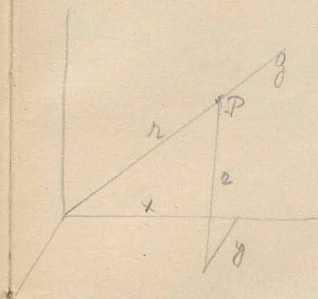
$$P' \begin{cases} Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \\ A'x + B'y + C'z + D' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$P(x, y, z)$

$P'(x, y, z)$

$$\text{Pf } Ax + By + Cz = 0 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} A' \\ B' \end{array} \right. \quad \text{g} \parallel \text{B} \perp \text{O}$$

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$$x = r \cos \alpha$$

$$y = r \sin \alpha$$

$$z = r \cos \beta$$

$$x(A'D' - A'D) + z(C'D' - C'D) = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{z} = \frac{D'C' - D'C}{A'D' - A'D}$$

$$\frac{y}{z} = \frac{A'D' - A'D}{B'A' - B'A} = \frac{A'C' - A'C}{A'D' - A'D}$$

$$x : y : z = D'C' - D'C : C'A' - C'A : A'D' - A'D$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{D'C' - D'C}{r}$$

$$r = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(A'D' - A'D)^2 + (C'A' - C'A)^2 + (D'C' - D'C)^2}}$$

$$\cos \beta =$$

$$\cos \gamma =$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(A'D' - A'D)^2 + (C'A' - C'A)^2 + (D'C' - D'C)^2}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{D'C' - D'C}{\sqrt{(A'D' - A'D)^2 + (C'A' - C'A)^2 + (D'C' - D'C)^2}}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{C'A' - C'A}{\sqrt{(A'D' - A'D)^2 + (C'A' - C'A)^2 + (D'C' - D'C)^2}}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{A'D' - A'D}{\sqrt{(A'D' - A'D)^2 + (C'A' - C'A)^2 + (D'C' - D'C)^2}}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = ax + m \\ z = bx + n \end{cases} g$$

$$\frac{a}{\sqrt{1+a^2}} \quad \frac{b}{\sqrt{1+b^2}} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+a^2+b^2}}$$

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$$\begin{cases} y = a'x + m' \\ z = b'x + n' \end{cases} g'$$

$$\frac{a'}{\sqrt{1+a'^2}}$$

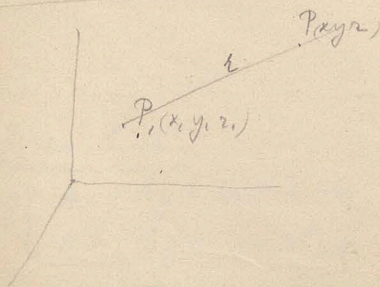
$$\cos \omega = \frac{aa' + bb' + 1}{\sqrt{(1+a^2+b^2)(1+a'^2+b'^2)}} = \cos \alpha + \cos \beta$$

$$aa' + bb' + 1 = 0 \quad \alpha + \beta = \pi \quad g' \perp g$$

$g' \parallel g$

$$a' = a$$

$$b' = b$$



$$\begin{aligned} x - x_1 &= r \cos \alpha \\ y - y_1 &= r \cos \beta \\ z - z_1 &= r \cos \gamma \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x - x_1}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{y - y_1}{\cos \beta} = \frac{z - z_1}{\cos \gamma} = r$$

$r \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\frac{x-x_1}{A} = \frac{y-y_1}{B} = \frac{z-z_1}{C}$$

$$\frac{x-x_1}{\lambda A} = \frac{y-y_1}{\lambda B} = \frac{z-z_1}{\lambda C}$$

ABD:

$$\lambda A = \text{and}$$

$$\lambda B = \text{and}$$

$$\lambda C = \text{and}$$

$$\lambda^2 = \frac{1}{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}$$

$$\frac{x-x_1}{\text{and}} = \frac{y-y_1}{\text{and}} = \frac{z-z_1}{\text{and}}$$

$$g \quad \frac{x-x_1}{A} = \frac{y-y_1}{B} = \frac{z-z_1}{C}$$

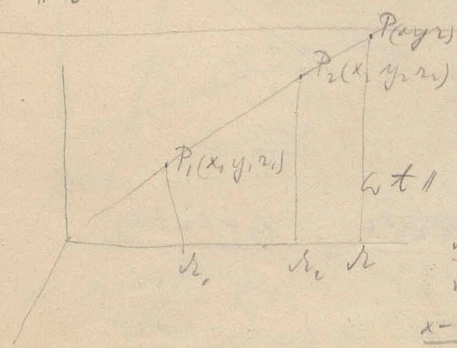
$$g' \quad \frac{x-x'}{A'} = \frac{y-y'}{B'} = \frac{z-z'}{C'}$$

$$\frac{AA' + B'B' + C'C'}{\sqrt{(A^2 + B^2 + C^2)} \sqrt{(A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2)}} = \cos \Delta$$

$$\sin^2 \omega = \frac{(A B' - A' B)^2 + (B C' - B' C)^2 + (C A' - C' A)^2}{\sqrt{(A^2 + B^2 + C^2)} \sqrt{(A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2)}}$$

$$g \perp g' \quad ; \quad AA' + B'B' + C'C' = 0$$

$$g \parallel g' \quad ; \quad A : A' = B : B' = C : C'$$



$$\frac{PP}{P_2P} = t = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \dots}}$$

with : P.C.g

$$\frac{h_1 h_2}{h_1 h_1} = \frac{P_1 P_2}{P_2 P} = t$$

$$\frac{x-x_1}{x-x_2} = t$$

$$\frac{y-y_1}{y-y_2} = t \quad \frac{z-z_1}{z-z_2} = t$$

$$\frac{x-x_1}{x-x_2} = \frac{y-y_1}{y-y_2} = \frac{z-z_1}{z-z_2} = \lambda \text{ (say)}$$

$$x-x_1 = \lambda x - \lambda x_2$$

$$x(1-\lambda) = x_1 - \lambda x_2$$

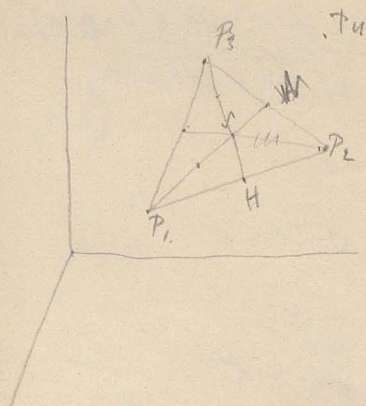
$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{x_1 - \lambda x_2}{1-\lambda} \\ y = \frac{y_1 - \lambda y_2}{1-\lambda} \\ z = \frac{z_1 - \lambda z_2}{1-\lambda} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{2D, 2d)} \quad H \quad \lambda = -1$$

$$x = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$$

$$z = \frac{z_1 + z_2}{2}$$



$$AS = \frac{1}{3} HP_3$$

$$S(x, y, z) = ?$$

$$H: \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$

$$\frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$$

$$\frac{z_1 + z_2}{2}$$

$$\lambda = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{x_1 - \lambda x_2}{1-\lambda}$$

$$x = \frac{x_1 + x_2 - (-\frac{1}{2})x_3}{1 - (-\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{y_1 + y_2 + y_3}{3}$$

$$z = \frac{z_1 + z_2 + z_3}{3}$$

$D \sim 4 \frac{1}{2} P_4$ = Tetraeder f. $\sqrt{3}$ & $\sqrt{2}$ P_4 s. z. $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{220}{4}$

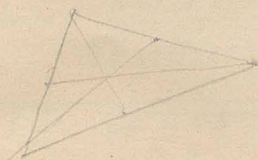
$S \Sigma = \frac{1}{4} S P_4 \quad t = -\frac{1}{3}$

$\Sigma: x = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - (-\frac{1}{3})x_4}{1 - (-\frac{1}{3})} = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4}{4}$

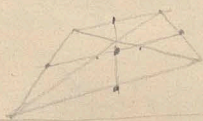
$= \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} + \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2}$

$y = \frac{y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + y_4}{4}$

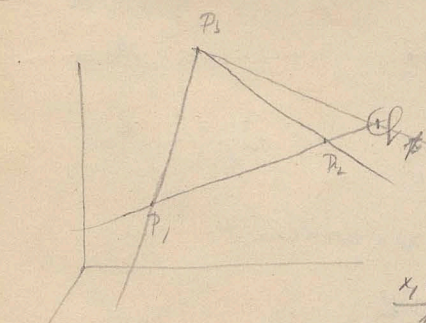
$z = \frac{z_1 + z_2 + z_3 + z_4}{4}$



ed. P_1, P_2, P_3 zur P_4 z. p.



EP $\sqrt{6}$ + 2. n. n. w. b. P_4 z. p. z. p. z. p.



$\frac{P_1 P}{P_2 P} = t$

$\frac{P P}{P_3 P} = t'$

f. t. n. s. c. p.

$\frac{x_1 - t x_2}{1 - t}$

$\frac{y_1 - t y_2}{1 - t}$

$\frac{z_1 - t z_2}{1 - t}$

$x = \frac{x_1 - t x_2}{1 - t} - t' x_3$

$= \frac{x_1 - t x_2 - t'(1-t)x_3}{(1-t)(1-t')}$

$$\frac{1}{(1-t)(1-t')} = m_1$$

$$\frac{-t}{1-t'} = m_2$$

$$\frac{-t' \frac{dt}{dt'}}{1-t} = m_3$$

$$x = m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3$$

$$y = m_1 y_1 + m_2 y_2 + m_3 y_3$$

$$z = m_1 z_1 + m_2 z_2 + m_3 z_3$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3 \\ y = m_1 y_1 + m_2 y_2 + m_3 y_3 \\ z = m_1 z_1 + m_2 z_2 + m_3 z_3 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \omega \sim m \text{ - } \omega \text{ ges } \sqrt{10} \\ \omega \sim (1, 2, 1) \end{array}$

$$m_1 + m_2 + m_3 = 1$$

$$16/M \quad \sim 3 \times 1 \text{ ges } z = \underline{2} \omega$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \alpha \beta \gamma \end{array} \right\}$$

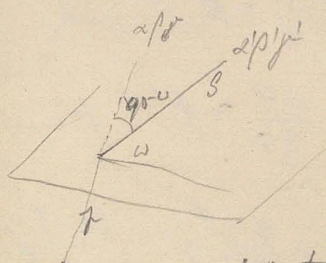
$$\cos \alpha = \frac{A}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y = ax + m \\ z = bx + n \end{array} \right\} \left. \begin{array}{l} \alpha \beta \gamma \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{a}{\sqrt{1 + a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{b}{\sqrt{1 + a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 + a^2 + b^2}}$$



$$\sin u = \omega \times \cos \alpha +$$

$$\sin u = \frac{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2} \sqrt{1 + a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\alpha \beta \perp \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$A + 0 + C = 0$$

$$\beta \perp \alpha : \cos \alpha' = \pm \cos \alpha$$

$$\cos \beta' = \pm \cos \beta$$

$$\sin \beta' = \pm \sin \beta$$

$$\frac{A}{a} = \frac{B}{b} = \frac{C}{c} = \frac{\sqrt{\dots}}{\sqrt{\dots}}$$

CRS =

$$\beta \perp \alpha \Rightarrow \frac{x-x'}{A'} = \frac{y-y'}{B'} = \frac{z-z'}{C'}$$

$$\cos \alpha' = \frac{A'}{\sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{AA' + BB' + CC'}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2} \sqrt{A'^2 + B'^2 + C'^2}}$$

$$\beta \parallel \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$AA' + BB' + CC' = 0$$

$$\beta \perp \alpha \Rightarrow \frac{A'}{A} = \frac{B'}{B} = \frac{C'}{C}$$

$$\alpha \parallel \beta \Rightarrow P' \left\{ \frac{x'}{a'}; \frac{y'}{b'}; \frac{z'}{c'} \right\}; P \text{ RS } \circ \text{Dir.} = ?$$

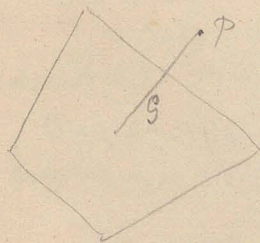
$$\frac{x-x'}{A'} = \frac{y-y'}{B'} = \frac{z-z'}{C'}$$

$$\frac{A'}{A} = \frac{B'}{B} = \frac{C'}{C} = \lambda$$

$$A' = \lambda A \text{ etc.}$$

$$\frac{x-x'}{\lambda A} = \frac{y-y'}{\lambda B} = \frac{z-z'}{\lambda C}$$

$$\frac{x-x'}{A} = \frac{y-y'}{B} = \frac{z-z'}{C}$$



$$2) \text{ } \begin{cases} P \\ P' \end{cases} \sim \begin{cases} x' \\ y' \\ z' \end{cases} \text{ of } -2 \text{ in } 2 \text{ } \begin{cases} y \\ z \end{cases} \text{ } \parallel \text{ } \cdot$$

$$P \text{ --- } \begin{cases} y = ax + m \\ z = bx + n \end{cases}$$

$$P' \text{ --- } \begin{cases} y = a'x + m' \\ z = b'x + n' \end{cases}$$

$$P' \text{ --- } x' y' z'$$

$$Q \text{ --- } Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$\underline{Ax' + By' + Cz' + D = 0}$$

$$A(x-a') + B(y-y') + C(z-z') = 0$$

$$A + Ba + Cb = 0$$

$$\underline{A + Ba' + Cb' = 0}$$

$$B(a-a') + C(b-b') = 0$$

$$B : C = b' - b = a - a'$$

~~A : B : C =~~

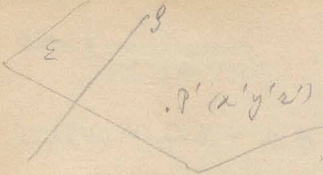
$$A(b' - b) + B(a'b - a'b') = 0$$

$$A : B = a'b - ab' : b' - b$$

$$A : B : C = a'b - ab' : b' - b : a - a'$$

$$(x-x')(a'b - ab') + (b' - b)(y-y') + (a-a')(z-z') = 0$$

2) in 200 P 25 222 = 87 21 !!!



$Q \perp P' \perp S$

$A(x-x') + B(y-y') + C(z-z') = 0$

$y = ax + m$

$z = bx + n$

$\frac{A}{1} = \frac{B}{a} = \frac{C}{b}$

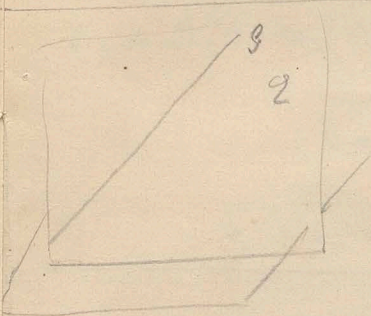
$x-x' + a(y-y') + b(z-z') = 0$

$L \perp P' \perp H$:

$\frac{x-x_1}{A'} = \frac{y-y_1}{B'} = \frac{z-z_1}{C'}$

$\frac{A}{A'} = \frac{B}{B'} = \frac{C}{C'}$

$Q: A'(x-x') + B'(y-y') + C'(z-z') = 0$



$n \perp \text{intersection line}$
 $n \perp Q$
 $n \perp S$

$Q: Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$

$S: \begin{cases} A_1x + B_1y + C_1z + D_1 = 0 \\ A_2x + B_2y + C_2z + D_2 = 0 \end{cases}$

$(A_1 - \lambda A_2)x + (B_1 - \lambda B_2)y + (C_1 - \lambda C_2)z + D_1 - \lambda D_2 = 0$

$n \perp \text{intersection line}$

$A(A_1 - \lambda A_2) + B(B_1 - \lambda B_2) + C(C_1 - \lambda C_2) = 0 \quad n \perp e \perp Q$

$\lambda = \frac{AA_1 + BB_1 + CC_1}{AA_2 + BB_2 + CC_2}$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = \frac{AA_1 + BB_1 + CC_1}{AA_1 + BB_1 + CC_1} [\dots] = 0$$

$$q_1 (AA_2 + BB_2 + CC_2) - q_2 (AA_1 + BB_1 + CC_1) = 0$$

$$\frac{q_1}{AA_1 + BB_1 + CC_1} - \frac{q_2}{AA_1 + BB_1 + CC_1} = 0$$

$w = e^{\lambda z}$

$$y = ax + m \quad ax - y$$

$$z = bx + n$$

$$ax - y + m - \lambda (bx - z - n) = 0$$

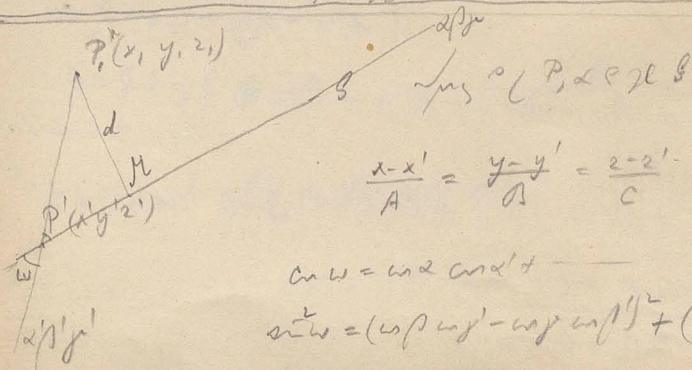
$$(a - \lambda b)x - y + \lambda z + m - \lambda n = 0$$

$$A(a - \lambda b) + B + C\lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{Aa - B}{Ab - C}$$

$$ax - y + m + \frac{Aa - B}{Ab - C} (bx - z - n) = 0$$

non. pathy. Proj: $z = \frac{y - y'}{c} = \frac{z - z'}{c}$



$$\frac{x - x'}{A} = \frac{y - y'}{B} = \frac{z - z'}{C}$$

$$\cos w = \cos \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\sin^2 w = (\cos \beta \cos \alpha' - \cos \alpha \cos \beta')^2 + (\dots)^2$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$S = \begin{cases} A'x + B'y + C'z + D' = 0 \\ A''x + B''y + C''z + D'' = 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{r r}$$

$$x = 0$$

$$y = 0$$

$$z = 0$$

pm²:

$$A(D'C'' - D''C') + B(C'A'' - C''A') + C(A''C'' - A''C')$$

$$S \cap S' \cap S'' = 0$$

27c 6) 2l: $S \begin{cases} y = ax + m \\ z = bx + n \end{cases}$

$$S' \begin{cases} y = a'x + m' \\ z = b'x + n' \end{cases}$$

~ / 12f

$$0 = (a - a')x + m - m' \quad | \quad b - b'$$

$$0 = (b - b')x + n - n' \quad | \quad a - a'$$

$$(m - m')(b - b') - (n - n')(a - a') = 0$$

$$\frac{a - a'}{m - m'} = \frac{b - b'}{n - n'}$$

3l: d m y e i n e r t h e n v e l t e d u r c h 2 l e n d e g e l t e

$$S \begin{cases} q_1 = 0 \\ q_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$S' \begin{cases} q_3 = 0 \\ q_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

W₃ e S₃ S'₃ 2l:

$$W_2 \text{ d } 2l \text{ u } 4l \text{ u } 5 \text{ l } \text{ l i n k } \sim \text{ d u}$$

$$\text{d) } \beta_1 - z \beta_2 \parallel \beta_2$$

$$\text{d) } \beta_1 + z \beta_2 = \beta_1 + z \beta_2$$

$$\text{e) } \beta_2 - z \beta_1 \parallel \beta_1$$

$$= k$$

$$\text{L.O. } \text{Bsp: } p_1, p_2 \text{ --- } x, y, z$$

$$p_1 - p_2 = k$$

$$\text{d) } \beta_1 = \theta$$

$$\cos \lambda = \frac{\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \gamma \cos \beta_1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cos \mu =$$

$$\cos \nu =$$

$$q_1 = (x-x_1) \cos \lambda + (y-y_1) \cos \mu + (z-z_1) \cos \nu = 0$$

$$q_2 = (x-x_2) \cos \lambda + (y-y_2) \cos \mu + (z-z_2) \cos \nu = 0$$

$$p_1 = x_1 \cos \lambda + y_1 \cos \mu + z_1 \cos \nu$$

$$p_2 = x_2 \cos \lambda + y_2 \cos \mu + z_2 \cos \nu$$

$$k = (x_1 - x_2) \cos \lambda + (y_1 - y_2) \cos \mu + (z_1 - z_2) \cos \nu$$

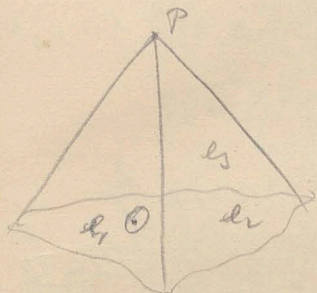
$$k = \left. \begin{aligned} &(x_1 - x_2) [\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \gamma \cos \beta_2] + \\ &+ (y_1 - y_2) [\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \lambda \cos \beta_2] + \\ &+ (z_1 - z_2) [\cos \lambda \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2] \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \sqrt{(\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \gamma \cos \beta_2)^2 + (\cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2 - \cos \lambda \cos \beta_2)^2 + (\cos \lambda \cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_1 \cos \beta_2)^2} \right\}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{k}{\dots} !!!$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} q_1 = 0 & k_1 \\ q_2 = 0 & k_2 \\ q_3 = 0 & k_3 \end{array}$$

$$k_1 q_1 + k_2 q_2 + k_3 q_3 \equiv 0 \quad \text{a R 12 d h x}$$



~ v u 3 m

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} l_1 = 0 \\ l_2 = 0 \\ l_3 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{a R 12 d h x}$$

0 m d h x a R 12 d h x

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} l_1 - l_2 = 0 \\ l_2 - l_3 = 0 \\ l_3 - l_1 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{a R 12 d h x} \quad \begin{array}{l} k_1 = -1 \\ k_2 = 1 \\ k_3 = 1 \end{array}$$

$$(l_1 - l_2) + (l_2 - l_3) + (l_3 - l_1) \equiv 0 \quad \text{a R 12 d h x}$$

= 0 0 Rotat. a R 12 d h x
v u 3 m

$$l_1 - l_2 = 0$$

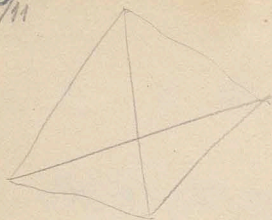
$$l_2 + l_3 = 0$$

$$l_3 + l_1 = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} l_1 - l_2 = 0 \\ l_2 + l_3 = 0 \\ l_3 + l_1 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{a R 12 d h x} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{array} \right|$$

= 0 0 Rotat. a R 12 d h x

23/11



Es ist ein 2. Ordnungssystem $[v_1^2, v_2^2, v_3^2]$
 möglich
 sodass es möglich ist !!!

$$I. \pi_1 = 0$$

$$II. \pi_2 = 0$$

$$III. \pi_1 - k \pi_2 = 0$$

$$III. \pi_1 - l \pi_2 = 0$$

$$(1234) = \frac{k}{l}$$

$$= \frac{\sin 13}{\sin 23} : \frac{\sin 14}{\sin 24}$$

$$1. \varphi_1 = 0$$

$$2. \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$3. \varphi_1 - k \varphi_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- } k$$

$$k = \lambda c$$

$$4. \varphi_1 - l \varphi_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- } l$$

$$l = \lambda c$$

$$\frac{k}{l} = \frac{\lambda c}{\lambda c}$$

$$(1234) = \frac{k}{l}$$

4. Ordnungssystem:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi_1 \\ \varphi_2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$1. \varphi_1 - \lambda_1 \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$2. \varphi_1 - \lambda_2 \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$(1234) = \lambda$$

$$3. \varphi_1 - \lambda_3 \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$4. \varphi_1 - \lambda_4 \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$q_1 - \lambda_1 q_2 \equiv l_1$$

$$q_2 - \lambda_2 q_1 \equiv l_2$$

$$l_1 = 0$$

$$l_2 = 0$$

$$(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1) q_2 \equiv l_1 - l_2$$

$$q_2 \equiv \frac{l_1 - l_2}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1}$$

$$q_1 \equiv l_1 + \lambda_1 \frac{l_1 - l_2}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1} = \frac{l_1 \lambda_2 - l_2 \lambda_1}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1}$$

$$3). \frac{\lambda_1 q_1 - \lambda_2 l_1}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1} - \lambda_3 \frac{l_1 - l_2}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1} = 0$$

$$4). \frac{\lambda_1 l_1 - \lambda_2 l_2}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1} - \lambda_4 \frac{l_1 - l_2}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1} = 0$$

$$3). l_1 [\lambda_2 - \lambda_3] - l_2 [\lambda_1 - \lambda_3] = 0$$

$$l_1 - l_2 \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_3}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_3} = 0$$

$$4). l_1 - l_2 \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_4}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_4} = 0$$

$$(1234) = \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_3}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_3} : \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_4}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_4}$$

a harmon. Gp 6

$$\frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_3}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_3} : \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_4}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_4} = -1$$

$$\frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_3}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_3} + \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_4}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_4} = 0$$

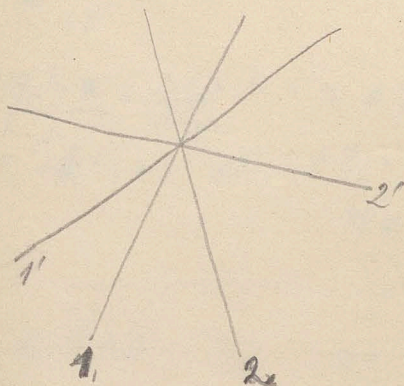
$$\lambda_1 \lambda_2 \dots = 0$$

$$2\lambda_1 \lambda_2 + 2\lambda_3 \lambda_4 - [\lambda_1 + \lambda_2][\lambda_3 + \lambda_4] = 0$$

W₃ e 12 kern conj f 34 :

$$\lambda_1 \lambda_2 + \frac{1}{2} (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) (\lambda_3 + \lambda_4) + \lambda_3 \lambda_4 = 0$$

W₂ e 11 kern v 8 s f e kern "



1: $q_1 - \lambda_1 q_2 = 0$

2: $q_1 - \lambda_2 q_2 = 0$

1': $q_1 - \lambda'_1 q_2 = 0$

2': $q_1 - \lambda'_2 q_2 = 0$

1/c:

3: $q_1 - \lambda_3 q_2 = 0$

4: $q_1 - \lambda_4 q_2 = 0$

f^u e f 12 1' 2' kern }

(1 2 3 4) = -1

(1' 2' 3 4) = -1

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lambda_1 \lambda_2 - \frac{1}{2} (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) (\lambda_3 + \lambda_4) + \lambda_3 \lambda_4 = 0 \\ \lambda'_1 \lambda'_2 - \frac{1}{2} (\lambda'_1 + \lambda'_2) (\lambda_3 + \lambda_4) + \lambda_3 \lambda_4 = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \lambda_3 \lambda_4 = \dots \\ \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 = \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda^2 - p\lambda + q = 0$$

W₂ e 8 ~ 2 f 6

~ a ~ b ~ c ~ d ~ e ~ f

|| $u, v, w \in \mathbb{R}^3$ that are linearly independent \Rightarrow u, v, w form a basis for \mathbb{R}^3

we find u, v, w for \mathbb{R}^3 - evolution of:

$$u \cdot u = 1, v \cdot v = 1, w \cdot w = 1$$

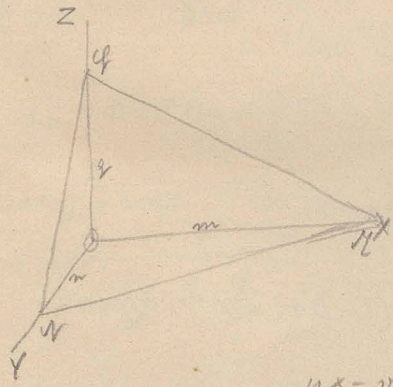
$$\left. \begin{aligned} u_1 - \lambda_1'' u_2 &= 0 \\ u_2 - \lambda_2'' u_1 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\lambda_1'' \lambda_2'' - \frac{1}{2}(\lambda_1'' + \lambda_2'')(\lambda_3 + \lambda_4) + \lambda_3 \lambda_4 = 0$$

$$u_3 \left\{ \begin{aligned} \lambda_3 \lambda_4 \\ \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{ elem. !!!}$$

$u, v, w \in \mathbb{R}^3$

orthogonal set



$$\frac{x}{m} + \frac{y}{n} + \frac{z}{p} - 1 = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{m} = u$$

$$-\frac{1}{n} = v$$

$$-\frac{1}{p} = w$$

$$-ux - vy - wz - 1 = 0$$

$$ux + vy + wz + 1 = 0$$

u, v, w are orthogonal

$u, v, w \in \mathbb{R}^3$ are orthogonal

$$w = \frac{D}{C} \text{ per } [x, y, z] = \text{const.}$$

2.06

$$= \frac{25}{C}$$

$$ux + vy + wz + 1 = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} ux + vy + wz + 1 = 0 \\ \sqrt{C} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 25 \text{ per } [x, y, z] = \text{const.} \\ C \end{array}$$

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$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0$$

$$\frac{A}{D}x + \frac{B}{D}y + \frac{C}{D}z + 1 = 0$$

$$a = \frac{A}{D} \quad b = \frac{B}{D} \quad c = \frac{C}{D}$$

$$ax + by + cz + 1 = 0 \quad \text{25 } \frac{D}{C} \text{ per } C, abc$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{25 } \frac{D}{C} \text{ per } C \\ \text{D.W.} \end{array} \right.$$

$$ux + vy + wz + 1 = 0$$

$$w = - \frac{Ax + By + D}{C}$$

$$ux + vy - \frac{Ax + By + D}{C}z + 1 = 0$$

$$u(Cx - Az) + v(Cy - Bz) + (C - Dz) = 0 \quad \text{26}$$

$$Cx - Az = 0$$

$$Cy - Bz = 0$$

$$C - Dz = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} Cx - Az = 0 \\ Cy - Bz = 0 \\ C - Dz = 0 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{26 } \frac{D}{C} \text{ per } [x, y, z] = \text{const.} \\ C \end{array}$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad \text{ul } \vec{n} \parallel \vec{c}$$

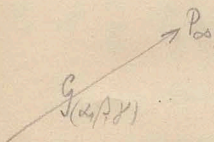
$$ux + vy + wz + 1 = 0 \quad \text{Normal " "}$$

$$Ax + By + Cz = 0 \quad (D=0) \quad \vec{n} \perp \vec{c}$$

$$x = \frac{A}{D}; \quad y = \frac{B}{D}; \quad z = \frac{C}{D}$$

$$x = y = z = \infty \quad , \quad D = 0$$

$$x : y : z = A : B : C \quad \forall \text{ w. e. gl. } P_{\text{os}}$$



$$\cos \alpha : \cos \beta : \cos \gamma = A : B : C$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{A}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

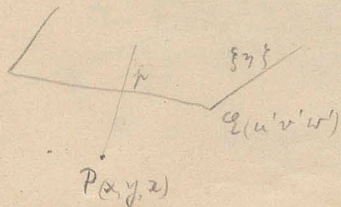
$$D \geq 0$$

$$D = 0$$

$$Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \quad A = B = C = 0$$

$$x = y = z = \infty \quad \Rightarrow \text{no } P.C.$$

$$\vec{n} \perp \vec{c}$$



$$P \text{ --- } x + y + z + 1 = 0$$

$$Q \text{ --- } u'x + v'y + w'z + 1 = 0$$

$$Q \text{ N.F. } \frac{u'x + v'y + w'z + 1}{-\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}} = 0$$

$$p = - \left\{ \frac{u'x + v'y + w'z + 1}{-\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}} \right\} = \frac{u'x + v'y + w'z + 1}{\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}} \parallel$$

Use p:

$$P \text{ --- } Au + Bv + Cw + D = 0$$

$$P \text{ --- } \frac{A}{B} + \frac{A}{B}v + \frac{C}{B}w + 1 = 0$$

$$p = \frac{\frac{A}{B}u + \frac{A}{B}v + \frac{C}{B}w + 1}{\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}} = \frac{Au' + Bv' + Cw' + D}{D\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}}$$

$$p = \frac{Au + Bv + Cw + D}{D\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}} \quad \text{--- } p \perp p_s \perp$$

$$P \text{ --- } Au + Bv + Cw + D = 0 \quad \perp p \perp w(u, v, w)$$

$$P_1 P = t$$

is a line in the plane of 2 p, 1

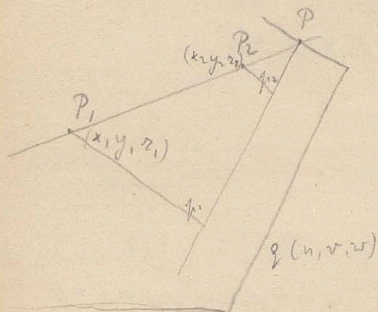
$$P_1 \equiv x_1 u + y_1 v + z_1 w + 1 = 0$$

$$P_2 P$$

$$P_2 \equiv x_2 u + y_2 v + z_2 w + 1 = 0$$

$$-w'z \text{ of } P_2 \text{ of } w$$

$$t_2 = \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$



$$p_1 = \frac{x_1 u + y_1 v + z_1 w + 1}{\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}}$$

$$p_2 = \frac{x_2 u + y_2 v + z_2 w + 1}{\sqrt{u'^2 + v'^2 + w'^2}}$$

$$\frac{x_1 u + y_1 v + z_1 w + 1}{x_2 u + y_2 v + z_2 w + 1} = t$$

$$(x_1 u + y_1 v + z_1 w + 1) - t(x_2 u + y_2 v + z_2 w + 1) = 0 \text{ --- } P$$

$$P_1 = 0$$

$$P_2 = 0$$

$$P \text{ --- } \underline{\underline{P_1 - t P_2 = 0}}$$

in the prob. P_1 and P_2 is t split:

$$\frac{P_1}{D_1} = 0 \quad \frac{P_1}{D_2} = 0 \quad \frac{P_1}{D_1} - t \frac{P_2}{D_2} = 0 \quad P_1 - t \frac{D_1}{D_2} P_2 = 0$$

$$P_1 = 0 \quad P_2 = 0$$

$$\alpha_1 P_1 + \alpha_2 P_2 = 0 \quad \text{as } \alpha_2 \neq 0 \quad \overline{P_1, P_2} \neq 0$$

$$P_1 - \frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_1} P_2 = 0 \quad \frac{\alpha_2}{\alpha_1} = t \cdot \frac{D_1}{D_2}$$

$$P_1 - t \frac{D_1}{D_2} P_2 = 0 \quad t = \frac{\alpha_2 D_2}{\alpha_1 D_1}$$

$$P_1 = 0 \quad P_2 = 0$$

$$P \equiv \alpha_1 P_1 - \alpha_2 P_2 = 0 - t$$

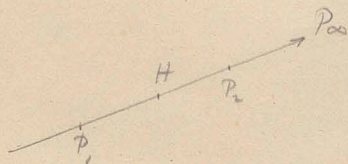
$$P' \equiv \alpha_1 P_1 + \alpha_2 P_2 = 0 - t'$$

} harm. conj.

$$t = \frac{\alpha_2 P_2}{\alpha_1 D_1}$$

$$t' = -\frac{\alpha_2 D_2}{\alpha_1 D_1}$$

$$t' = -t$$



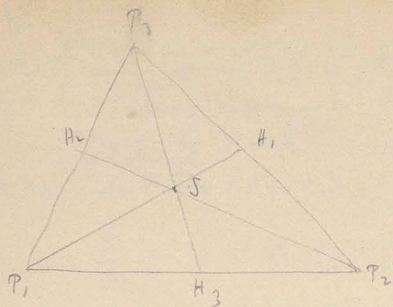
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P_1 = 0 \\ P_2 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{N.F.}$$

$$P_1 - t P_2 = 0$$

$$H \rightarrow t = -1$$

$$P_1 + P_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- } H$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- } P_{\infty}$$



$$P_1 = 0$$

$$P_2 = 0$$

$$P_3 = 0$$

$$H_1 \equiv P_2 + P_3 = 0$$

$$H_2 \equiv P_1 + P_3 = 0$$

$$H_3 \equiv P_1 + P_2 = 0$$

clearly!

$$S \text{ --- } P_1 + \underbrace{(P_2 + P_3)}_{H_1} = 0$$

etc.

$$P_1 = 0$$

25 ∞ C

$$P_2 = 0$$

$$P_1 - tP_2 = 0 \quad 25 \infty \checkmark \text{ C } \text{ (several other marks and scribbles)$$

$$P_1 + P_2 = 0$$

$\infty \checkmark$ C

$$P_1 - P_2 = \infty \checkmark \text{ C}$$

$$P_1 \begin{cases} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ z_1 \end{cases}$$

$$P_2 \begin{cases} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ z_2 \end{cases}$$

R.W. C. $\infty \checkmark$ C

$$P_1 = ux_1 + vy_1 + wz_1 + 1$$

$$P_2 = ux_2 + vy_2 + wz_2 + 1$$

$$P_1 - tP_2 = u(x_1 - tx_2) + v(y_1 - ty_2) + w(z_1 - tz_2) + 1 - t = 0$$

$$u \frac{x_1 - tx_2}{1-t} + v \frac{y_1 - ty_2}{1-t} + w \frac{z_1 - tz_2}{1-t} + 1 = 0$$

$$\xi = \frac{x_1 - tx_2}{1-t}$$

$$\eta = \frac{y_1 - ty_2}{1-t}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{z_1 - tz_2}{1-t}$$

C ∞ C

$$P_1 + P_2 + P_3$$

$$\xi = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{3}$$

$$\eta =$$

$$\zeta =$$

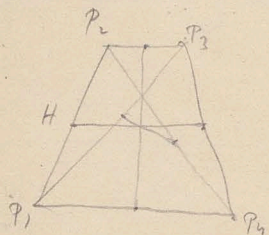
$$P_1 = 0 \quad P_2 = 0 \quad P_3 = 0 \quad P_4 = 0 \quad \text{MS} \times \text{MS} \text{ in } \text{NF}$$

$$\sum_i P_i + P_2 + P_3 + P_4 = 0$$

$$\underbrace{P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + P_4 = 0} \quad \text{MS} \times \text{MS} \text{ in } \text{NF} \quad P_1 + P_2 = 0$$

$$P_3 + P_4 = 0$$

MS



$$\left(\frac{P_1 + P_2}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{P_3 + P_4}{2}\right) = 0$$

MS in NF

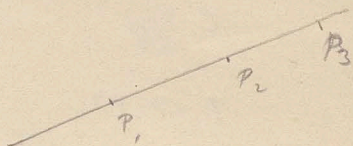
$$\sum_i (P_1 + P_2 + P_3) + P_4 = 0$$

MS in NF of P_4 is $\Delta P_1 P_2 P_3$

$$P_i = A_i u + B_i v + C_i w + D_i$$

$$P_1 = 0$$

$$P_2 = 0$$



$$\text{MS} \times \text{MS} \text{ in } \text{NF} : P_3 - P_1 - \lambda P_2 = 0 \quad \lambda = \frac{D_2 \lambda}{D_1}$$

$$P_4 - P_1 - \mu P_2 = 0 \quad \mu = \frac{D_2 \mu}{D_1} \quad \frac{\mu}{\lambda} = (P_1 P_2 P_3 P_4)$$

$$P_1 = 0 \quad P_2 = 0 \quad P_1 - \lambda P_2 = 0$$

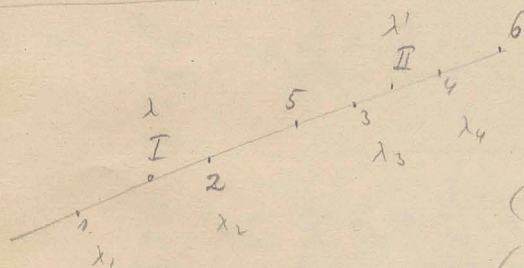
$$P_1 - \mu P_2 = 0 \quad (P_1 P_2 P_3 P_4) = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 2) P_1 - \lambda_1 P_2 &= 0 \\ 4) P_2 - \lambda_2 P_3 &= 0 \\ 3) P_3 - \lambda_3 P_4 &= 0 \\ 2) P_4 - \lambda_4 P_1 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} 4/$$

$$(1234) = \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_3}{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} \cdot \frac{\lambda_1 - \lambda_4}{\lambda_2 - \lambda_4}$$

Wir e $(1234) = -1$ o. harmon. (C)

$$\lambda_1 \lambda_2 - \frac{1}{2} (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) (\lambda_3 + \lambda_4) + \lambda_3 \lambda_4 = 0$$



$$(1 \ 2 \ I \ II) = -1$$

$$(3 \ 4 \ I \ II) = -1$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lambda \lambda' - \frac{1}{2} (\lambda + \lambda') (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) + \lambda_3 \lambda_4 &= 0 \\ \lambda \lambda' - \frac{1}{2} (\lambda + \lambda') (\lambda_3 + \lambda_4) + \lambda_1 \lambda_2 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \lambda' \\ \lambda &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lambda \lambda' &= \\ \lambda + \lambda' &= \end{aligned} \right\} x^2 + \alpha x + \beta = 0$$

o $\sqrt{2}$ 5 5 6 o e f. --- a de 123456
- Zuvor

o $\sqrt{2}$

$$\lambda \lambda' - \frac{1}{2} (\lambda + \lambda') (\lambda_5 + \lambda_6) + \lambda_5 \lambda_6 = 0$$

~~o $\sqrt{2}$~~ 5 8 P $\lambda \lambda'$ elem. o $\alpha \beta \gamma$, Zuvor

$$\begin{array}{l|l}
 P_1 = 0 & k_1 \\
 P_2 = 0 & k_2 \\
 P_3 = 0 & k_3
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 k_1 P_1 + k_2 P_2 + k_3 P_3 = 0 \\
 \text{or } P_1, P_2, P_3 + \dots
 \end{array}$$

system

$$P_1 = 0$$

$$P_2 = 0$$

system

$$\text{and } P_3 = 0 \text{ or } \dots$$

system

$$P_1 = 0 \quad P_2 = 0$$

$$k_1 P_1 + k_2 P_2 = 0 \quad \text{or } k_3 P_3 = 0$$

$$P_3 = 0$$

system

$$\text{or } P_3 = -\frac{k_1}{k_3} P_1 - \frac{k_2}{k_3} P_2$$

$$\text{or } P_3 = 0$$

$$\text{or } -\frac{k_1}{k_3} P_1 - \frac{k_2}{k_3} P_2 = 0$$

$$P_1 - \lambda P_2 = 0 \quad \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} P_1 = 0 & k_1 \\ P_2 = 0 & k_2 \\ P_3 = 0 & k_3 \\ P_4 = 0 & k_4 \end{array}$$

$$\underbrace{P_1 \quad P_2 \quad P_3 \quad P_4}_{\omega}$$

$$k_1 P_1 + k_2 P_2 + k_3 P_3 + k_4 P_4 = 0$$

ω

$$P_1 - P_2 - P_3 \text{ etc } u \quad v \quad w$$

$$k_1 P_1 + k_2 P_2 + k_3 P_3 = 0$$

$$\text{so } k_4 P_4 = 0$$

$$P_4 = 0$$

$$P_4 \equiv -\frac{k_1}{k_4} P_1 - \frac{k_2}{k_4} P_2 - \frac{k_3}{k_4} P_3 = 0$$

$\mu_1 \quad \mu_2 \quad \mu_3$

$$P_4 \equiv \mu_1 P_1 + \mu_2 P_2 + \mu_3 P_3 = 0 \quad \text{etc } \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$$

μ_1^2

$$P_i = x_i u + y_i v + z_i w + 1$$

$$P_4 = u(\mu_1 x_1 + \mu_2 x_2 + \mu_3 x_3) + v(\mu_1 y_1 + \mu_2 y_2 + \mu_3 y_3)$$

$$+ w(\mu_1 z_1 + \mu_2 z_2 + \mu_3 z_3) + \mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3 = 0$$

$x \quad y \quad z$

$$x = \frac{\mu_1 x_1 + \mu_2 x_2 + \mu_3 x_3}{\mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3}$$

$$y = \frac{\mu_1 y_1 + \mu_2 y_2 + \mu_3 y_3}{\mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3}$$

$$z = \frac{\mu_1 z_1 + \mu_2 z_2 + \mu_3 z_3}{\mu_1 + \mu_2 + \mu_3}$$

$$\frac{m c^2}{E_p} = v_i$$

Calculation of v_i

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= v_1 x_1 + v_2 x_2 + v_3 x_3 \\ y &= v_1 y_1 + v_2 y_2 + v_3 y_3 \\ z &= v_1 z_1 + v_2 z_2 + v_3 z_3 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

usage:
 $v_1 + v_2 + v_3 = 1$

condition for v_i

$u < \text{homog. } C$

$$u x + v y + w z + t = 0 \quad \text{if } u$$

$$x = \frac{t}{u}$$

$$u = \frac{t}{x}$$

$$y = \frac{t}{v}$$

$$v = \frac{t}{y}$$

$$z = \frac{t}{w}$$

$$w = \frac{t}{z}$$

x, y, z change C
 u, v, w change C

$Q = P =$

$$(u x + v y + w z + t) = 0 \quad \text{usage } \sim \{x, y, z\}$$

usage u, v, w, t

$$P_1 = 0$$

usage of z and u, v, w, t : $\mu_1 P_1 + \mu_2 P_2 = 0$

$$P_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\mu_1 (u x_1 + v y_1 + w z_1 + t) + \\ &+ \mu_2 (u x_2 + v y_2 + w z_2 + t) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &u(\mu_1 x_1 + \mu_2 x_2) + v(\mu_1 y_1 + \mu_2 y_2) + w(\mu_1 z_1 + \mu_2 z_2) + \\ &+ t(\mu_1 + \mu_2) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q \equiv Ax + By + Cx + Dq$$

$$Q' \equiv Ax + B'y + C'x + D'q$$

$$x_i \ y_i \ z_i \ q_i \ \delta^{\mu} \times \gamma \ z \rho$$

$$Ax_i + By_i + Cx_i + Dq_i \equiv Q_i$$

we are in E.V.

$$Q_1 = 0$$

$$Q_2 \equiv Q'_2 = 0$$

$$3 - III \quad \begin{aligned} & Ax + By + Cx + Dq - \lambda (Ax + B'y + C'x + D'q) = 0 \\ & A(x_1 - \lambda x_2) + B(y_1 - \lambda y_2) + \dots D(q_1 - \lambda q_2) - \\ & - \lambda [A'(x_1 - \lambda x_2) + B'(y_1 - \lambda y_2) + \dots D'(q_1 - \lambda q_2)] = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_1 - \lambda Q_2 - \lambda [Q'_1 - \lambda Q'_2] = 0$$

$$- \lambda Q_2 - \lambda Q'_1 = 0$$

$$\lambda Q_2 + \lambda Q'_1 = 0$$

$$4 - IV \quad \delta^{\mu} \lambda = \mu$$

$$l = m$$

$$m Q_2 + \mu Q'_1 = 0$$

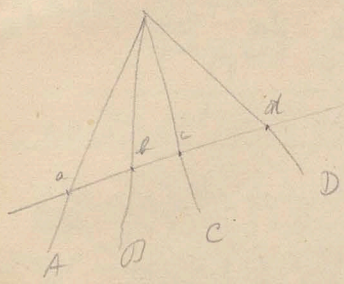
$$\frac{Q_2}{Q'_1} = - \frac{\lambda}{l} = - \frac{\mu}{m}$$

$$-\frac{1}{l} = -\frac{\mu}{m}$$

$$\frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{l}{m}$$

$$(I \ II \ III \ IV) = (1234)$$

2y/8 e p/2:



$$(abcd) = (ABCD)$$

sh.

Flächen zweiter Ordnung.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Ax + By + Cz + D = 0 \\ Ax + Ay + Cz + D_1 = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Ebene}$$

Pflicht:

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz + 2a_1x + 2a_2y + 2a_3z + a_0 = 0$$

$$F(x,y,z) \equiv \uparrow$$

homog. G:

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + a_{44}q^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz + 2a_{14}xq + 2a_{24}yq + 2a_{34}zq = 0$$

mit $f=1$ oder $q=1$

$$F(x,y,z) \equiv \uparrow$$

Pflicht z bis q a_{11}, a_{22}

10 Koeff., z bis q a_{11}, a_{22}

$g_0 \sim \sum_{i=1}^3 \alpha_i x_i + \beta_0 z_0$

$x_i, y_i, z_i, g_i \quad i=1,2,3, \dots, 9$

$F(x_i, y_i, z_i, g_i) = 0$ $g_1, g_2, g_3, \dots, g_9$ $\frac{a_{11}}{a_{14}} \quad \frac{a_{22}}{a_{24}} \quad \dots \quad \frac{a_{33}}{a_{34}}$

Sing + Pauli's

1 2 3 — 8 $a_{11} a_{22} a_{33}$ g_1, g_2, g_3 $g_4, g_5, g_6, g_7, g_8, g_9$

A.H. g_1, g_2, g_3 = 1st Curve

x_i, y_i, z_i, g_i

$F(x_i, y_i, z_i, g_i) = 0 = 8 \alpha_i$
 g_1, g_2, g_3 $g_4, g_5, g_6, g_7, g_8, g_9$
 $= \lambda$

1.C. $a_{11} a_{22} a_{33}$
 $a_i - \lambda b_i$ [m]

$\nabla F(\dots)$

$\varphi(x, y, z) - \lambda \psi(x, y, z)$

$\varphi - \lambda \psi = 0$

$\varphi = 0$ $\psi = 0$ \dots $\left. \begin{array}{l} \varphi = 0 \\ \psi = 0 \end{array} \right\} \dots$

5/11

$\phi = 2 \psi$ $\psi = \lambda \phi$

$\phi = 2 \psi \implies \lambda = \frac{\psi}{\phi} = \frac{1}{2}$

$\psi = 0 \implies \phi = 0$

$\psi = 0 \implies \phi = 2 \psi = 0$

two 7C ...

$F(x_i, y_i, z_i, \rho_i) = 0 \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, 7$

$E = \dots$

$a_i + \lambda b_i + \mu c_i = 0$



$F(x, y, z) = 0$



$\phi + \lambda \psi + \mu \chi = 0$

... ..

1H. -

2/

... ..

3/

... ..

$\phi + \lambda \psi = 0$

$\phi = 0$
 $\psi = 0$

$\phi = \dots$

$\phi = \dots$

$\phi + \lambda \psi + \mu \chi = 0$

$\phi = \dots$

$\phi = \dots$

... ..

$$q_1 = 0 \quad n_1 \wedge 2$$

$$q_1 = 0 \quad "$$

$$q_1 q_2 = 0 \quad n_1 \wedge 2 \text{ to } 6 \text{ of } \text{CP}^2 \text{ or } \text{CP}^3$$

~

Chernian pair

$$q_1, q_2 \quad q_3, q_4$$

$$q_1, q_2 = 0 \quad q_3, q_4 = 0 \quad 2 \text{ of } \text{CP}^2 = \text{CP}^3$$

$$q_1, q_2 = 0 \quad q_3, q_4 = 0 \quad = n_1 \wedge 2 \text{ to } 6 \text{ of } \text{CP}^2 \text{ or } \text{CP}^3$$

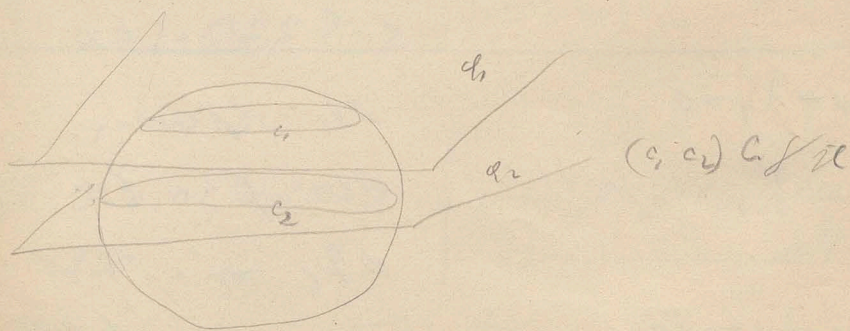
$$F = 0$$

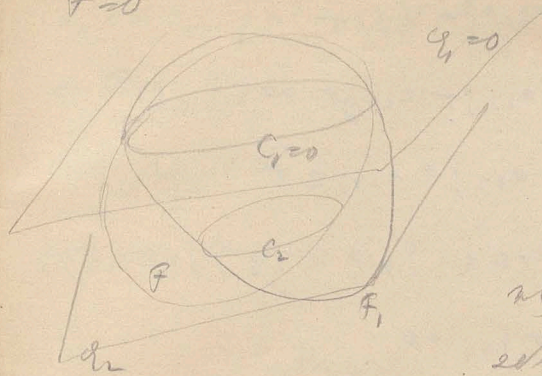
$$q_1 = 0 \quad q_2 = 0$$

$$q_1, q_2 = 0$$

$$F = 0 \quad q_1, q_2 = 0 \quad n_1 \wedge 2 \text{ to } 6 \text{ of } \text{CP}^2 \text{ or } \text{CP}^3$$

$$q_1, q_2 = 0$$





$$F_1 \neq F - \lambda C_3 = 0$$

as $\lambda \neq 0$ & $C_3 \neq 0$

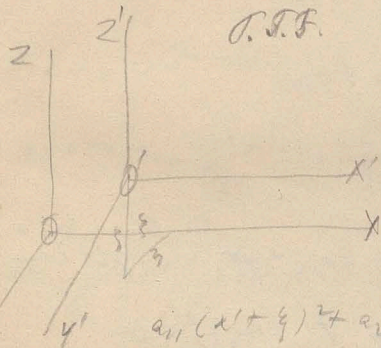
edH

$f_2 \neq 0$ if $C_2 \neq 0$

xyz Parallel

$$F(x,y,z) \equiv a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz + 2a_{14}x + 2a_{24}y + 2a_{34}z + a_{44} = 0$$

T.T.T.



$$x = x' + \xi$$

$$y = y' + \eta$$

$$z = z' + \zeta$$

$$F(x',y',z') = a_{11}(x'+\xi)^2 + a_{22}(y'+\eta)^2 + a_{33}(z'+\zeta)^2 +$$

$$+ 2a_{12}(x'+\xi)(y'+\eta) + 2a_{13}(x'+\xi)(z'+\zeta) + 2a_{23}(y'+\eta)(z'+\zeta) +$$

$$+ 2a_{14}(x'+\xi) + 2a_{24}(y'+\eta) + 2a_{34}(z'+\zeta) + a_{44} = 0$$

$x' = x$

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz +$$

$$+ 2x(a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14}) +$$

$$+ 2(a_{21}x + a_{22}y + a_{23}z + a_{24})y +$$

$$+ 2(a_{31}x + a_{32}y + a_{33}z + a_{34})z +$$

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz$$

$$+ 2e \quad \quad \quad + a_{44} = 0$$

pef se a/rd

elab. $\mathcal{L} = \text{Res. + Subst. e } C^{\infty} \text{ no. n. t. s. f. u. z. s.}$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 2(a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14})$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 2(a_{21}x + a_{22}y + a_{23}z + a_{24})$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 2(a_{31}x + a_{32}y + a_{33}z + a_{34})$$

$$F(x, y, z) = 0 \quad \quad \quad \{ \eta \}$$

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz +$$

$$+ \frac{\partial F}{\partial x}x + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y}y + \frac{\partial F}{\partial z}z + F(\{ \eta \}) = 0$$

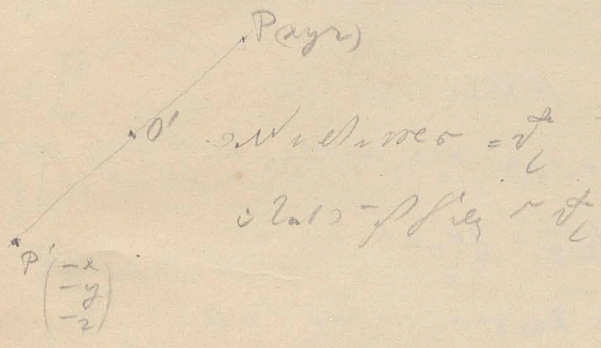
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{Con} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14} = 0 \\ a_{21}x + a_{22}y + a_{23}z + a_{24} = 0 \\ a_{31}x + a_{32}y + a_{33}z + a_{34} = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$a_n x^2 + a_{n-1} xy + a_{n-2} y^2 + 2a_{n-1} x + 2a_{n-2} y + 2a_{n-3} = 0$$

$$+ F(x, y) = 0$$

$$P(x, y) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{x}{t}, \frac{y}{t} \right)$$

$$a_n \sim (x/y)^2 + 2a_{n-1} \sim (x/y) + 2a_{n-2} \sim (-x - y - 2)$$

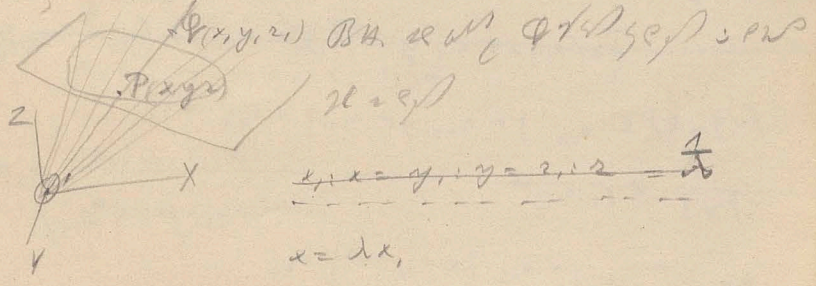


$$u \text{ of } F(x, y) = 0 \text{ w.o. } \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{x}{t}, \frac{y}{t} \right) = 0$$

cases of - homoj:

$$a_n x^2 + a_{n-1} xy + a_{n-2} y^2 + 2a_{n-1} x + 2a_{n-2} y + 2a_{n-3} = 0$$

= x, y, z, t



$$\frac{x}{t} = x, \frac{y}{t} = y, \frac{z}{t} = z$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \lambda x, \\ y &= \lambda y, \\ z &= \lambda z, \end{aligned}$$

$a_{1k} = a_{ki}$

§ dim:

$\xi [a_{11} a_{13} - a_{13} a_{11}] + \eta [a_{22} a_{23} - a_{23} a_{22}] + \alpha [a_{33} a_{33} - a_{33} a_{33}] = 0$

$\xi [a_{21} a_{13} - a_{31} a_{13}] + \eta [a_{11} a_{33} - a_{22} a_{23}] + \alpha [a_{33} a_{33} - a_{34} a_{13}] = 0$

η elim:

$\xi [(a_{11} a_{22} - a_{22} a_{11}) () - () ()]$

$+ [() () () - () ()] = 0$

$\xi [a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} a_{13} + a_{21} a_{13} a_{32} a_{23} + a_{21} a_{33} a_{12} a_{13} +$

$a_{31} a_{23} a_{22} a_{11} - \dots] + [] = 0$

$\xi a_{23} [a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{11} a_{23} a_{32} + a_{31} a_{12} a_{23} -$
 $a_{11} a_{23} a_{32} - a_{22} a_{23} a_{31} + a_{33} a_{12} a_{21}] +$

$+ a_{23} [a_{14} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{24} a_{13} a_{32} + a_{34} a_{12} a_{13} -$
 $- a_{14} a_{23} a_{32} - a_{22} a_{13} a_{34} - a_{33} a_{12} a_{24}] = 0$

$\xi = - \frac{a_{14} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{24} a_{13} a_{32} + a_{34} a_{12} a_{13}}{a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{21} a_{13} a_{32} + a_{31} a_{12} a_{21}}$

$\eta = - \frac{a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{21} a_{13} a_{32} + a_{31} a_{12} a_{21}}{a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{21} a_{13} a_{32} + a_{31} a_{12} a_{21}}$

$\xi = - \frac{a_{11} a_{22} a_{34} + a_{21} a_{13} a_{34} + a_{31} a_{12} a_{24}}{a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + a_{21} a_{13} a_{32} + a_{31} a_{12} a_{21}}$

$$\omega \{ \dots \} \approx 0 \text{ as } \rho \sqrt{v_c}$$

$$\omega \{ \dots \} \approx 0 \text{ as } \rho \sqrt{v_c} \text{ [end of } \rho \sqrt{v_c} \text{]}$$

$$a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + 2 a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} - a_{11} a_{23}^2 - a_{22} a_{31}^2 - a_{33} a_{12}^2 \geq 0$$

$$\omega \rho \sqrt{v_c}$$

$$\omega < 20 \text{ separates } 0 \text{ - } \rho \sqrt{v_c}$$

$$\omega \ll 0 \text{ as } \rho \sqrt{v_c}$$

a_{11}
 a_{22}
 a_{33}

$$F(x, y, z) = 0$$

$$a_{11} x^2 + \dots$$

$$+ a_{44} = 0$$

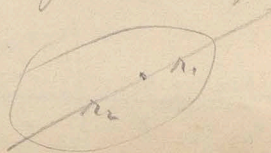
Polarl. $\sim \rho \sqrt{v_c}$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \alpha \\ y &= r \cos \beta \\ z &= r \cos \gamma \end{aligned} \right\} x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2$$

$$r^2 [a_{11} \cos^2 \alpha + \dots + 2 a_{13} \cos \alpha \cos \gamma] +$$

$$2 a_{14} \cos \alpha + a_{44} = 0$$

r_1, r_2 are 0 for r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4



$a_{11} = a_{22} = a_{33} = 0$
at 0, 0, 0

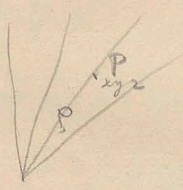
$a_{12} - a_{21} = 0 \sim a_{12} = 0$

eff bars of $\left[\begin{matrix} 2[a_{13} \cos \alpha + a_{23} \sin \alpha] + \\ + 2[a_{14} \cos \alpha + a_{24} \sin \alpha] = 0 \end{matrix} \right.$

2nd order approx as $\alpha \rightarrow 0$

$a_{13} \cos \alpha + a_{14} \sin \alpha + a_{23} \cos \alpha + a_{24} \sin \alpha = 0$

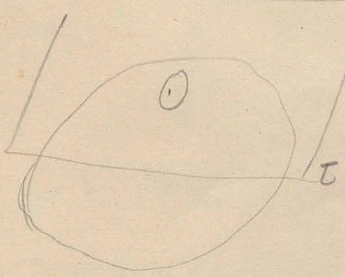
$\left[0 \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (a_{13} \cos \alpha + a_{14} \sin \alpha + a_{23} \cos \alpha + a_{24} \sin \alpha) \right]$



2nd order approx.

$a_{13} x + a_{14} y + a_{23} z = 0$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (a_{13} \cos \alpha + a_{14} \sin \alpha + a_{23} \cos \alpha + a_{24} \sin \alpha)$



$0 \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (a_{13} \cos \alpha + a_{14} \sin \alpha + a_{23} \cos \alpha + a_{24} \sin \alpha)$

14/12 $F(x,y,z) = a_{11}x^2 +$

$a_{44} = 0$

$\left. \begin{matrix} CA \\ \} \\ \} \\ \} \end{matrix} \right\} = a_{11}x^2 +$

$2a_{13}yz +$

$2a'_{14}x + 2a'_{24}y + 2a'_{34}z + a'_{44} = 0$

$a'_{44} = F(\eta, \eta, \eta)$

$a_{11}x^2 +$

$2a'_{34}z = 0$

$a'_{14}x + a'_{24}y + a'_{34}z = 0 = \text{Tangentalle}$

25 $\int \int \int$ unter \mathcal{K} :

$u_n \} u \text{ ist unter } \mathcal{K} \text{ [-homog. h. d. n. d.]}$

$u_{n-1} =$

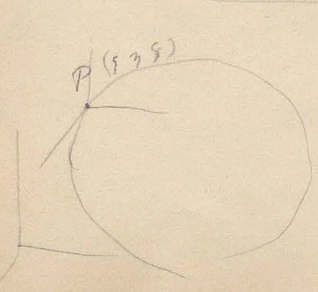
$u_n + u_{n-1} + u_{n-2} + \dots + u_2 + u_1 + u_0 = 0$

$u_n = \omega^n$ homog. h. d. n. d.

$u_2 + u_1 + u_0 = 0$

$u_2 + u_1 = 0 \subset \omega^2 + \omega = -1$

$u_1 = 0 = \omega \text{ d. h. } \omega = -1$



25 $\int \int \int$ unter \mathcal{K} \mathcal{P}

$a'_{14}x + a'_{24}y + a'_{34}z = 0$

$x = x - 9$
 $y = y - 9$
 $z = z - 9$

$$a_{11}(x-\xi) + a_{12}(y-\eta) + a_{13}(z-\zeta) = 0$$

$a_{11} = a_{12}$

$$(a_{11}\xi + a_{12}\eta + a_{13}\zeta + a_{14})(x-\xi) + (a_{21}\xi + a_{22}\eta + a_{23}\zeta + a_{24})(y-\eta) + (a_{31}\xi + a_{32}\eta + a_{33}\zeta + a_{34})(z-\zeta) = 0$$

$$(a_{11}\xi + \dots)x + (a_{11}\xi + \dots)y + (a_{31}\dots)z =$$

$$= (a_{11}\xi^2 + a_{22}\eta^2 + a_{33}\zeta^2 + 2a_{12}\xi\eta + 2a_{13}\xi\zeta + 2a_{23}\eta\zeta +$$

$$2a_{14}\xi + 2a_{24}\eta + 2a_{34}\zeta)$$

≤ 0

$$a_{11}\xi^2 + a_{22}\eta^2 +$$

$$a_{33}\zeta^2 + a_{14}\xi + a_{24}\eta + a_{34}\zeta = - (a_{14}\xi + a_{24}\eta + a_{34}\zeta)$$

$$(a_{11}\xi + \dots)x + (a_{11}\xi + \dots)y + (\dots)z =$$

$$= - (a_{14}\xi + a_{24}\eta + a_{34}\zeta)$$

us p ty. z:

$$(a_{11}\xi + a_{12}\eta + a_{13}\zeta + a_{14})x + (a_{21}\xi + a_{22}\eta + a_{23}\zeta + a_{24})y + (a_{31}\xi + a_{32}\eta + a_{33}\zeta + a_{34})z + a_{41}\xi + a_{42}\eta + a_{43}\zeta + a_{44} = 0$$

hony C	x	$\frac{x}{\omega}$	ξ	$\frac{\xi}{\omega}$
	y	$\frac{y}{\omega}$	η	$\frac{\eta}{\omega}$
	z	$\frac{z}{\omega}$	ζ	$\frac{\zeta}{\omega}$

$$(a_{11}\xi + a_{12}\eta + a_{13}\zeta + a_{14})x + (a_{21}\xi + a_{22}\eta + a_{23}\zeta + a_{24})y +$$

$$+ (a_{31}\xi + a_{32}\eta + a_{33}\zeta + a_{34})z + (a_{41}\xi + a_{42}\eta + a_{43}\zeta + a_{44}) = 0$$

f 25 4 2 9 3 5 and

$$\{ (a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14}w) + (a_{21}x + a_{22}y + a_{23}z + a_{24}w) \\ + (a_{31}x + a_{32}y + a_{33}z + a_{34}w) \} + (a_{41}x + a_{42}y + a_{43}z + a_{44}w)$$

w.g.

$\partial F = 0$ ---

$$F(x, y, z, w) = a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + a_{44}w^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz \\ + 2a_{23}yz + 2a_{14}xw + 2a_{24}yw + 2a_{34}zw = 0$$

$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14}w$		$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} =$
$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = a_{21}x + a_{22}y + a_{23}z + a_{24}w$		
$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = a_{31}x + a_{32}y + a_{33}z + a_{34}w$		
$\frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = a_{41}x + a_{42}y + a_{43}z + a_{44}w$		

$$x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} + w \frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = 0$$

∴

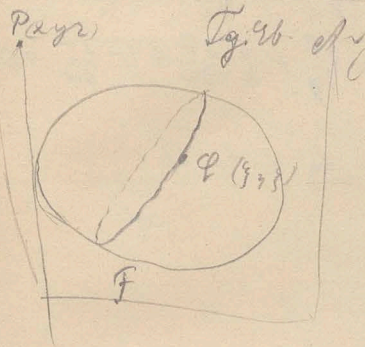
$$x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} + w \frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = 0$$

∴ homog. C. O. ∴

$$x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} + w \frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} +$$

$$F(x,y,z,w) = x(a_{11}x + \dots) + y(a_{12}x + \dots) + z(a_{13}x + \dots) + w(a_{14}x + \dots)$$

$$x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} + w \frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = 2F$$



$$F(x,y,z,w) = 0$$

$$(a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14}w) + C = 0$$

$$P = C e^{2\pi i}$$

... ..

$$P = C e^{2\pi i} = \text{Polare}$$

$$P = C e^{2\pi i}$$

... ..

$$Ax + By + Cz + Dw = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_{11}x + a_{12}y + a_{13}z + a_{14}w &= \lambda A \\ a_{21}x + a_{22}y + a_{23}z + a_{24}w &= \lambda B \\ a_{31}x + a_{32}y + a_{33}z + a_{34}w &= \lambda C \\ a_{41}x + a_{42}y + a_{43}z + a_{44}w &= \lambda D \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{matrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{matrix} =$$

Poler-Reciprocität

... ..

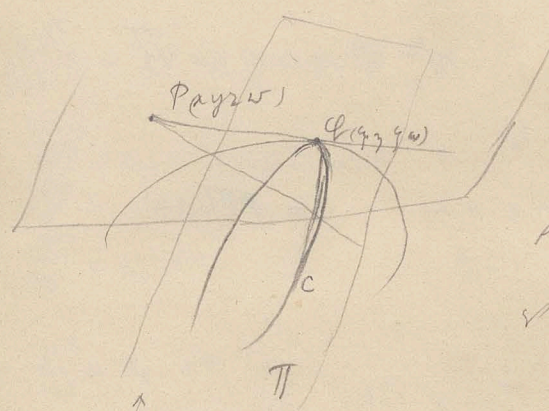
$\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$
 $\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$

$\frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$
 x, y, z, w

$$\omega \left\{ \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} + w \frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = 0 \right.$$

$$\equiv x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} + w \frac{\partial F}{\partial w} = 0$$

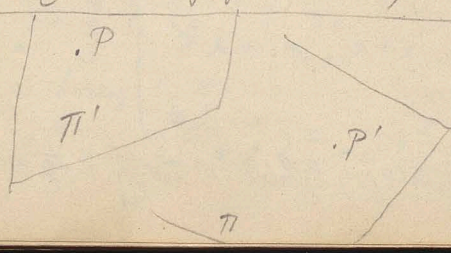
or ω_1, ω_2 are conjugate poles of ω



$\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$
 $\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$

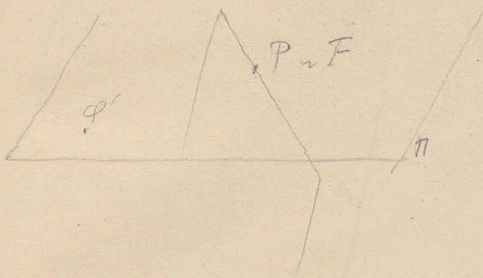
$\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$
 $\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$

$2\omega_c = 2$ conjugate poles of ω

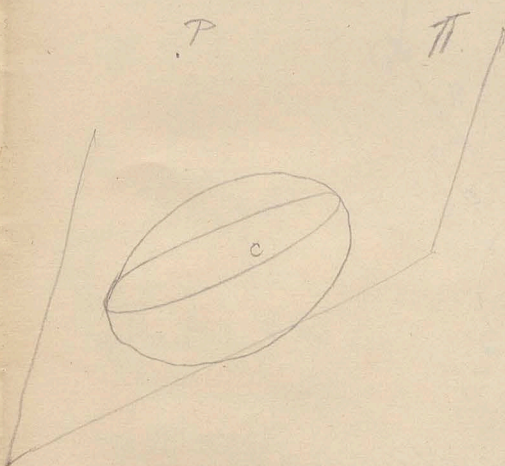


$\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$
 $\omega \in P \cup Q$ we have $\omega = \frac{1}{2} \omega_1 + \frac{1}{2} \omega_2$

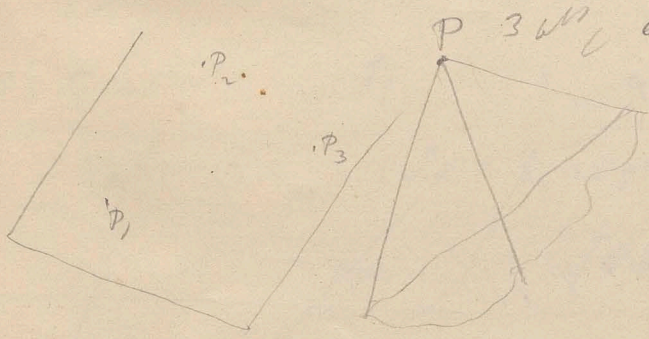
$\omega \mathcal{P} = 2\mathcal{P}'_2 \sim \beta \sim \alpha \cup \omega \mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{C} \cup \beta \sim \alpha$



$\rho \in \mathcal{C}$
 $\omega \mathcal{P} = \mathcal{C} \times \Pi$
 $\omega \mathcal{K} \mathcal{C}$

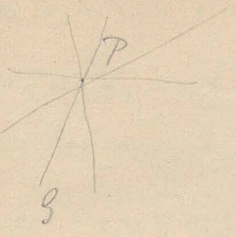


$\omega \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C}$
 $\mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C}$
 $\mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{P}$



$\mathcal{P} \sim 3\mathcal{P}'_2 \cap \mathcal{P} \cap \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{C}$
 $\mathcal{P}'_2 = \mathcal{C}$
 $\mathcal{P} \sim \mathcal{P}_1 \mathcal{P}_2 \mathcal{P}_3$

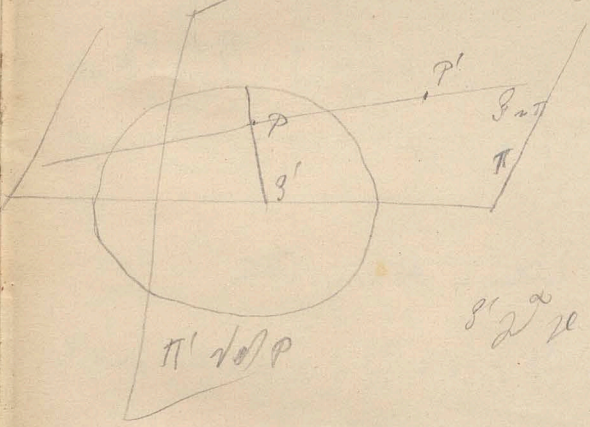
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6/5 2801
P/O of 9' M.

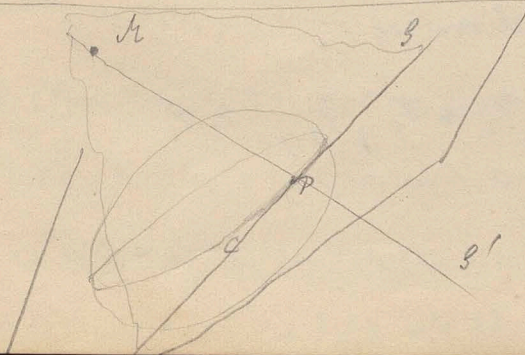
u-ze of r, P 2004
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u-ze of r, P 2004
o-ferme. u r u r u



$S' \text{ of } P$

20 ty u r 2 comp. ty.

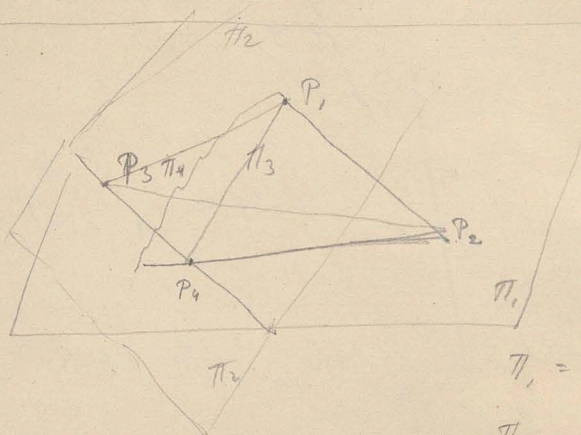


$S' S' S' \text{ of comp. ty.}$

[$\text{of } P \text{ of } C \text{ of } P \text{ of } C \text{ of } P \text{ of } C$]

u u P C u u r u r u

ω ist eine 2-Form auf \mathbb{R}^3 mit $\omega(P_1, P_2) = 1$, $\omega(P_1, P_3) = 0$, $\omega(P_1, P_4) = 0$, $\omega(P_2, P_3) = 0$, $\omega(P_2, P_4) = 0$, $\omega(P_3, P_4) = 0$
 -steig. ω



ω ist Tetraeder
 ω ist P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4

$$\pi_1 = \omega(P_2, P_3, P_4)$$

$$\pi_2 = \omega(P_1, P_3, P_4)$$

$$\pi_3 = \dots$$

2 2-Formen ω auf \mathbb{R}^3

P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4

\sim Dreieck von ω auf $\mathbb{R}^3 = \mathbb{R}^3$ ω ist Tetraeder

2 2-Formen ω auf \mathbb{R}^3

2 2-Formen ω auf \mathbb{R}^3 ω ist ω auf \mathbb{R}^3 ω ist ω auf \mathbb{R}^3

2 3-Formen ω auf \mathbb{R}^3 ω ist ω auf \mathbb{R}^3

ω ist ω auf \mathbb{R}^3 ω ist ω auf \mathbb{R}^3 ω ist ω auf \mathbb{R}^3

$\frac{q}{1}$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \rightarrow C \\ u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4 \rightarrow W \end{array} \right\} C.$$

$$u_1 x_1 + u_2 x_2 + u_3 x_3 + u_4 x_4 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) &\equiv F(x) = a_{11} x_1^2 + a_{22} x_2^2 + 2a_{12} x_1 x_2 + \\ &\quad + 2a_{34} x_3 x_4 \\ &\equiv x_1 [a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + a_{13} x_3 + a_{14} x_4] + x_2 [a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + \\ &\quad + a_{23} x_3 + a_{24} x_4] + x_3 [\quad] + x_4 [\quad] \quad a_{ik} = a_{ki} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + a_{13} x_3 + a_{14} x_4 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F(x)}{\partial x_1}$$

$$a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + a_{23} x_3 + a_{24} x_4 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F(x)}{\partial x_2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F(x)}{\partial x_4}$$

$$F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \equiv x_1 \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_1} + x_2 \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_2} + x_3 \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_3} + x_4 \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_4}$$

(x > F) Polare zu u

$$x \rightarrow x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, \quad u \rightarrow u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\{1 (a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + a_{13} x_3 + a_{14} x_4) + \{2 (a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + \\ &+ \{3 (a_{31} x_1 + a_{32} x_2 + a_{33} x_3 + a_{34} x_4) + \{4 (a_{41} x_1 + a_{42} x_2 + a_{43} x_3 + a_{44} x_4) \equiv \\ &\equiv x_1 (a_{11} \{1 + a_{12} \{2 + a_{13} \{3 + a_{14} \{4) + x_2 (a_{21} \{1 + a_{22} \{2 + a_{23} \{3 + a_{24} \{4) + \\ &+ x_3 (a_{31} \{1 + a_{32} \{2 + a_{33} \{3 + a_{34} \{4) + x_4 (a_{41} \{1 + a_{42} \{2 + a_{43} \{3 + a_{44} \{4) \equiv \psi(x, \{) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \Pi \times \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_4 \end{array} \right. \end{matrix}$$

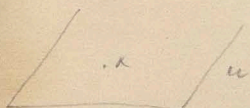
$$A(u_1 x_1 + u_2 x_2 + u_3 x_3 + u_4 x_4) = A_{11} u_1^2 + A_{22} u_2^2 + A_{33} u_3^2 + A_{44} u_4^2 + 2A_{12} u_1 u_2 + 2A_{13} u_1 u_3 + \dots + 2A_{34} u_3 u_4 = \Phi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4)$$

Φ f. Formpr.

$$u_1 x_1 + u_2 x_2 + u_3 x_3 + u_4 x_4 = F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \frac{1}{A} \Phi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4)$$

Chy 0:

x in u $F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = 0$ \Rightarrow $\Phi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = 0$



$\Phi = 0$ 2y x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}
 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}$

$$a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + \dots - a_{14} x_4 + (-1) u_1 = 0$$

$$a_{21} x_1 + \dots - a_{24} x_4 + (-1) u_2 = 0$$

$$a_{31} x_1 + \dots - a_{34} x_4 + (-1) u_3 = 0$$

$$a_{41} x_1 + \dots - a_{44} x_4 + (-1) u_4 = 0$$

$$u_1 x_1 + u_2 x_2 + \dots - u_4 x_4 + (-1) F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = 0$$

$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 (-1)$ 5 homog. 2s

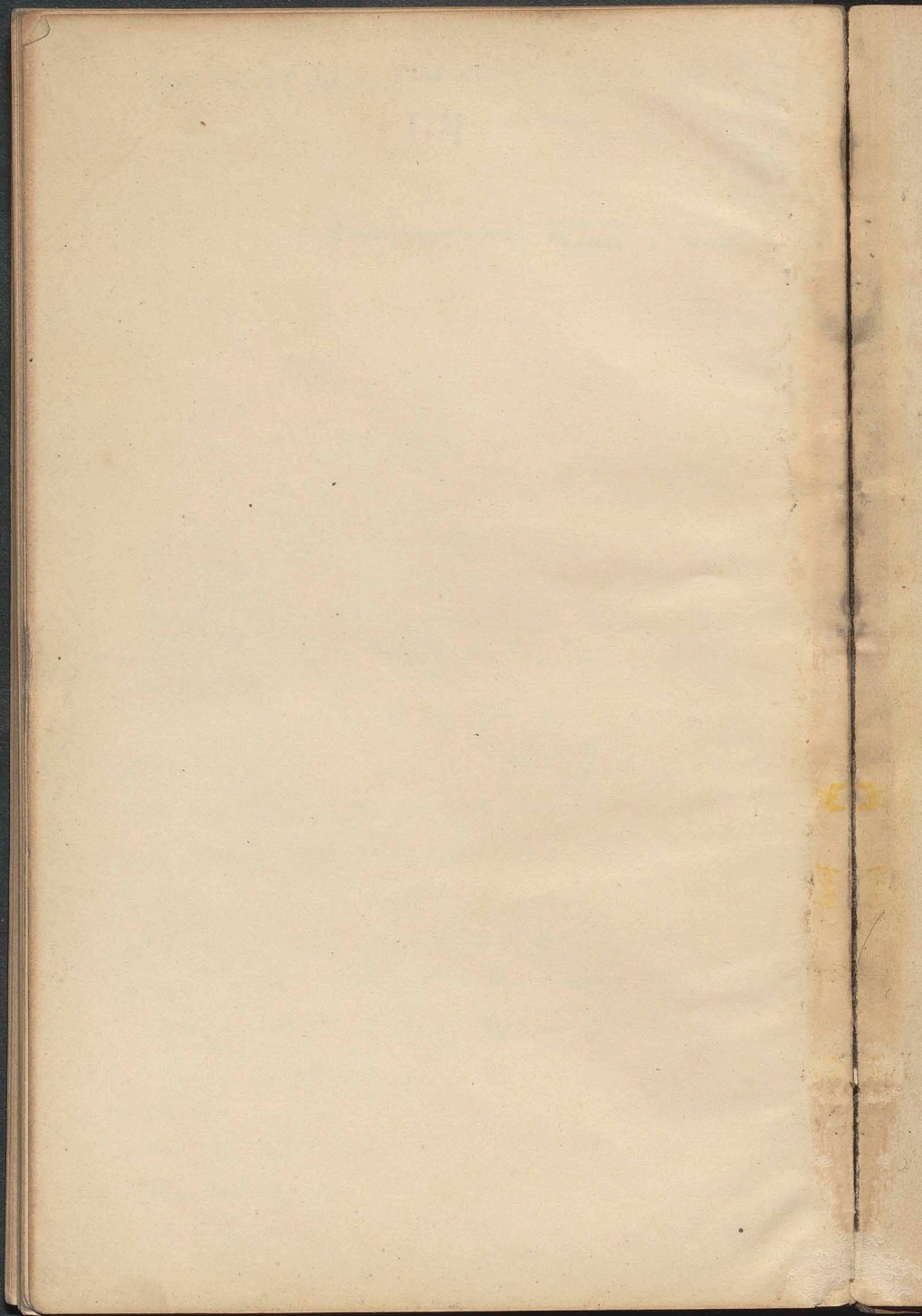
a_{11}	a_{12}	a_{13}	a_{14}	u_1	= 0
a_{21}	a_{22}	a_{23}	a_{24}	u_2	
a_{31}	a_{32}	a_{33}	a_{34}	u_3	
a_{41}	a_{42}	a_{43}	a_{44}	u_4	
u_1	u_2	u_3	u_4	F	

$$\sin(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \sin x \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos x \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} [\sin x + \cos x]$$

$$= \frac{d^2 \sin x}{\sqrt{dx}}$$

BJ

$$d^2 \sin x = \sqrt{dx} [\sin x + \cos x] \sin \frac{\pi}{4}$$

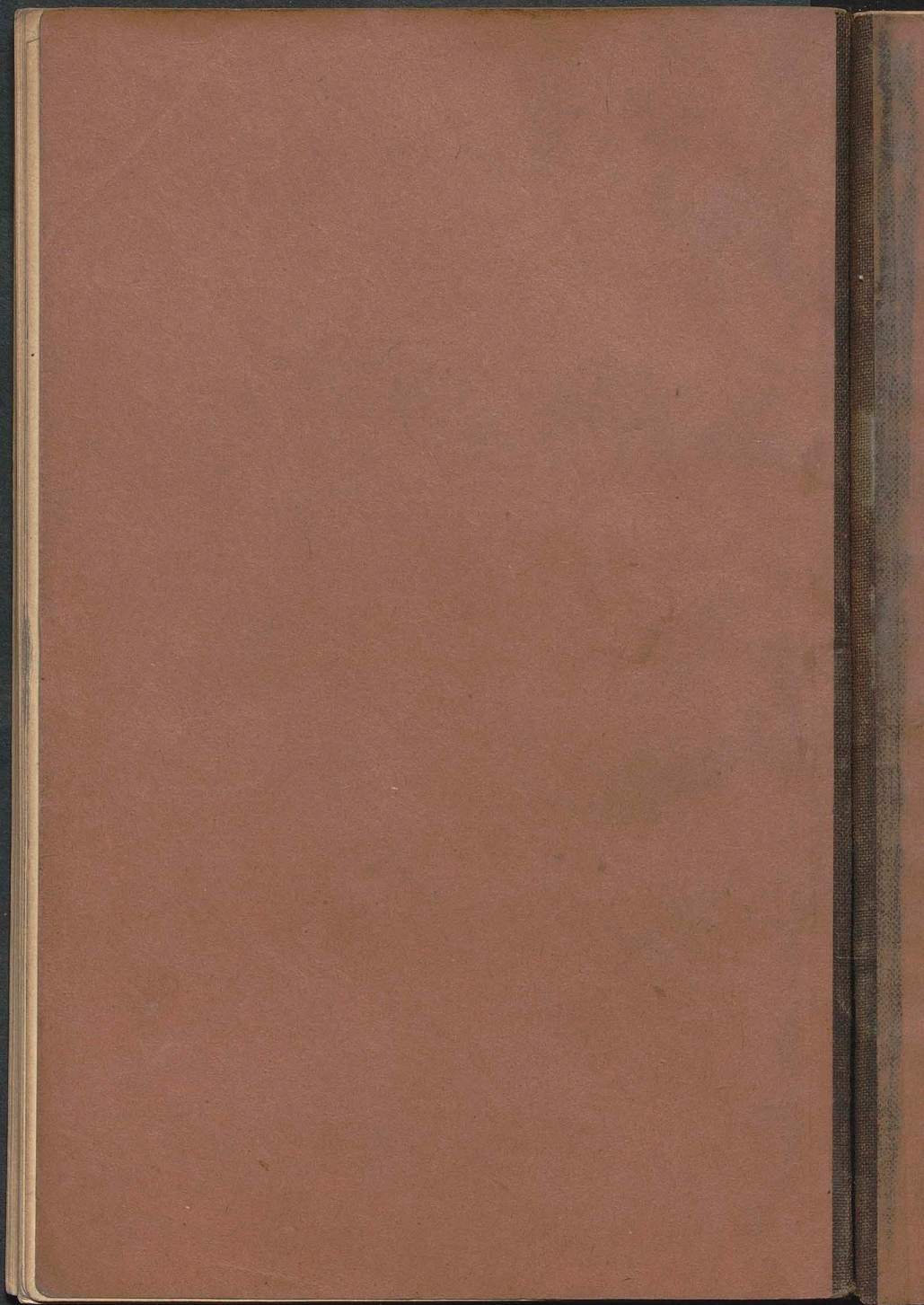


Schramm Sa: 8-9

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IX Fichtensch. 23

IX Birzzen



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PH. SCHUSTER, PAPIERHANDLUNG

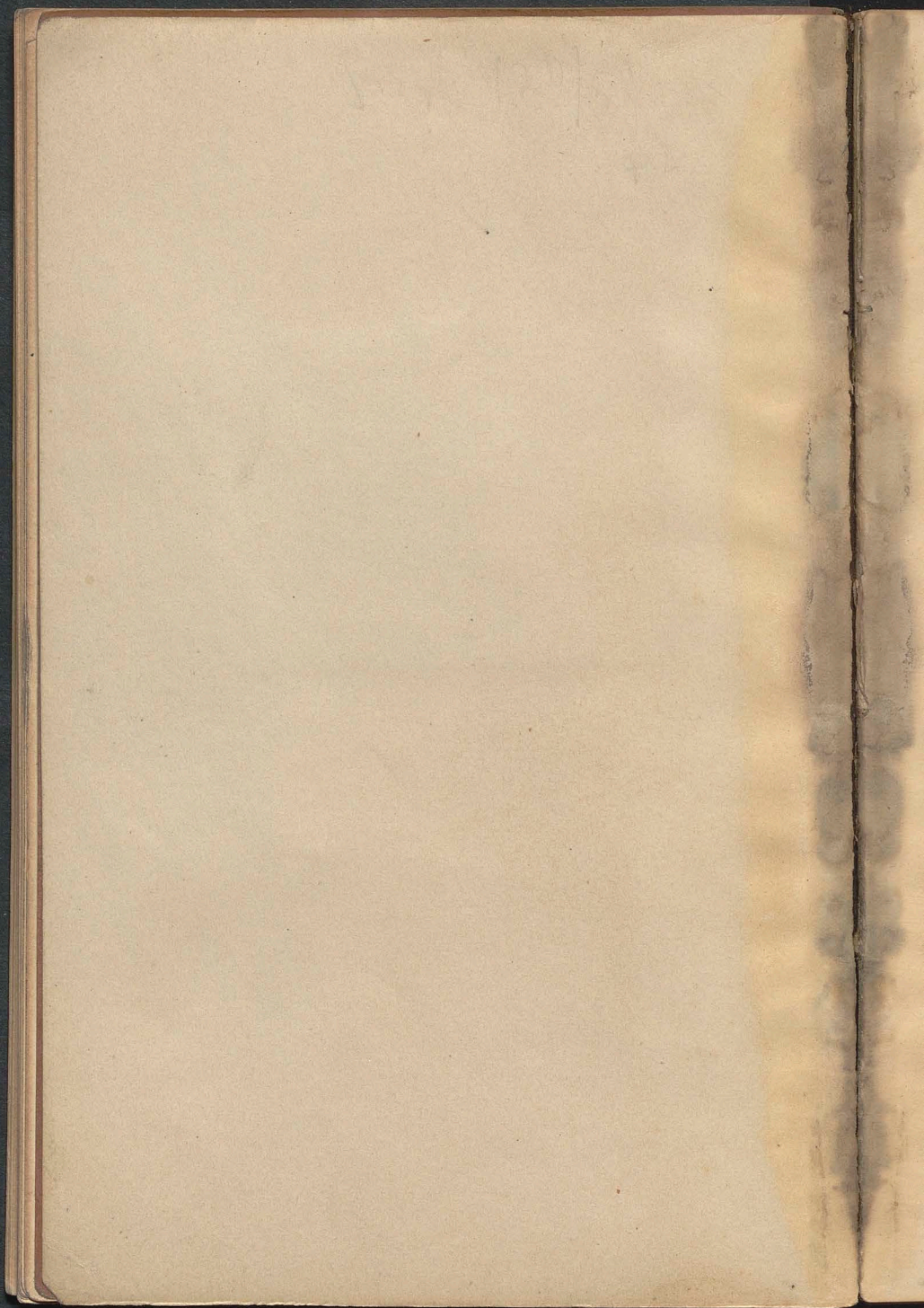
II. V.S. 1892/93

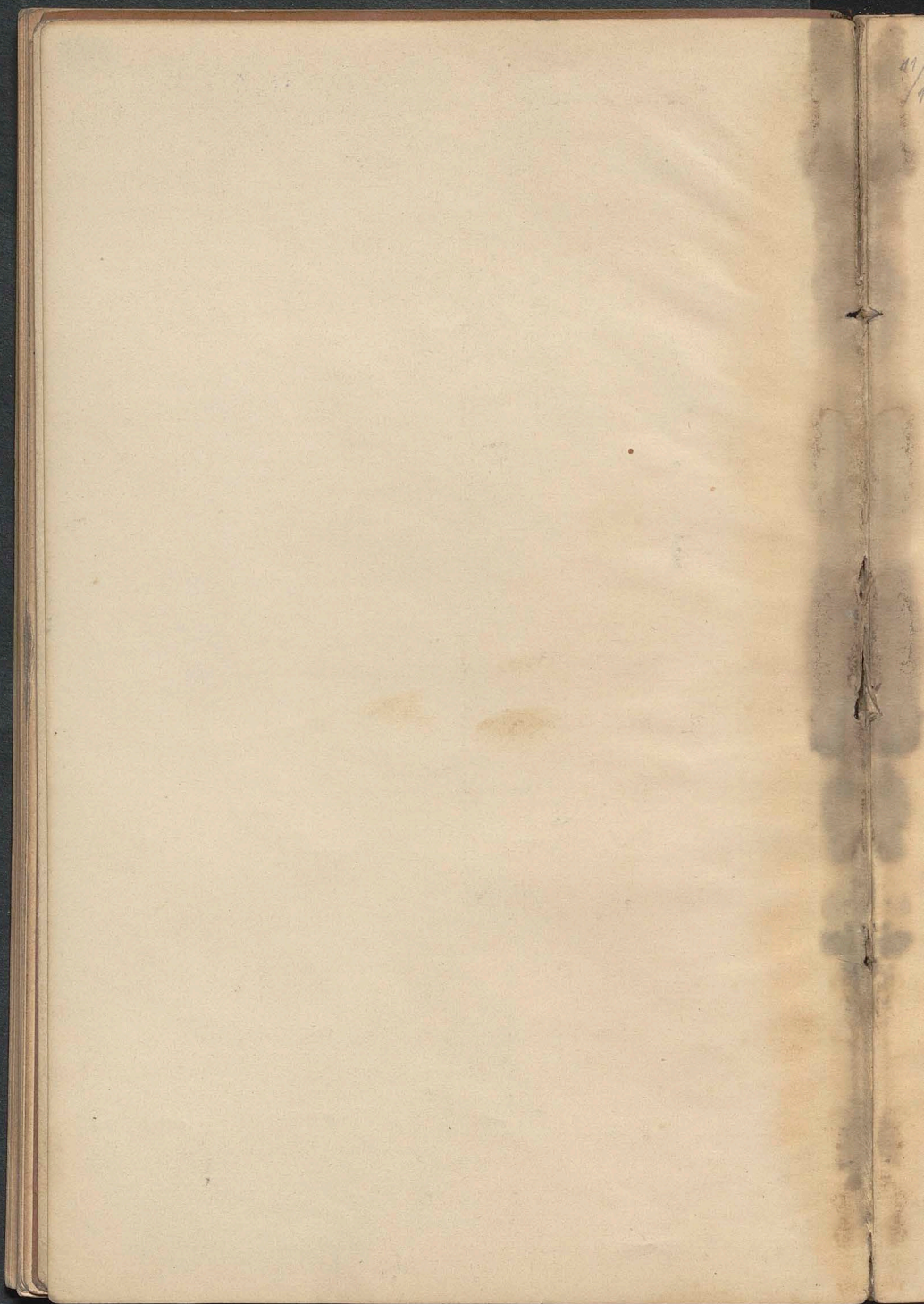
Dr. Emil Weyr

Analytische Geometrie des
Rammes

Admoluchowski

Wien, Wieden Hauptstrasse 55.





$\frac{u_1}{1}$

$$F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = 0$$

C. C. B.J

$$\Phi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = 0$$

L.C.

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & u_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & u_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & u_3 \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & u_4 \\ u_1 & u_2 & u_3 & u_4 & F \end{array} = 0$$

$$F = \frac{1}{A} \Phi$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & u_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} + u_2 & \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} + u_3 & \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} + u_4 & \\ u_1 & u_2 & u_3 & u_4 & \frac{1}{A} \Phi \end{array} = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & 0 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & 0 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & 0 \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & 0 \\ \hline u_1 & u_2 & u_3 & u_4 & \frac{1}{A} \Phi \end{array} + \begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & u_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & u_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & u_3 \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & u_4 \\ u_1 & u_2 & u_3 & u_4 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$= A \frac{1}{A} \Phi (-1)^8 +$$

$$\Phi = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & u_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & u_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & u_3 \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & u_4 \\ u_1 & u_2 & u_3 & u_4 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = u \\ z = A \end{cases} = \Phi$$

00. $u_1 < -u_2, u_3, u_4$ in u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4 $\neq 0$ $\neq 0$ $\neq 0$ $\neq 0$

comp: Rel. of δ & δ adj. δ^2

$$\begin{vmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} & A_{14} \\ A_{21} & & & \\ A_{31} & & & \\ A_{41} & & & \end{vmatrix} = A$$

$$A \cdot A = \begin{vmatrix} A & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & A & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & A \end{vmatrix}$$

$$CA \geq 0 = A^4$$

$$A = A^3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a_{11}A_{11} + a_{12}A_{12} + \dots + a_{14}A_{14} = A_{11} \\ a_{11}A_{21} + a_{12}A_{22} + \dots + a_{14}A_{24} = 0 \\ a_{11}A_{31} + a_{12}A_{32} + \dots + a_{14}A_{34} = 0 \\ a_{11}A_{41} + a_{12}A_{42} + \dots + a_{14}A_{44} = 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} A_{11} \\ A_{21} \\ A_{31} \\ A_{41} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a_{11} \\ \dots \end{matrix} A = AA_{11}$$

$$A = A^3$$

$$a_{11} = \frac{A_{11}}{A^2}$$

$$a_{kk} = \frac{A_{kk}}{A^2} = \frac{A_{kk}}{A^2}$$

where $\Delta = 10$

$$\Phi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = A_{11} u_1^2 + A_{22} u_2^2 + \dots - 2 A_{24} u_2 u_4 = 0$$

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} & A_{14} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{23} & A_{24} \\ A_{31} & A_{32} & A_{33} & A_{34} \\ A_{41} & A_{42} & A_{43} & A_{44} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A_{ik} = \Delta \cdot \text{adj. } \delta_{ik} \text{ of } A_{ik}$$

$$a = \frac{A_{ik}}{(A)^{3/2}}$$

$$F(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = a_{11} x_1^2 + a_{22} x_2^2 + \dots - 2 a_{24} x_2 x_4 = 0$$

\therefore - it is a quadric surface - homog. eqn. of 2nd degree.

\therefore $\Delta = 10$ of type $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

$$\Phi(m_1, m_2, m_3, m_4) = 0 \quad \delta^2 = 10$$

$$a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} a_{44} = 10$$

\therefore it is a quadric surface.

where $\delta^2 = 10$ of type $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

\therefore of type $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ $a + b + c + d$ \therefore of type $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

$$\Psi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) + \Delta \Phi(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = 0$$

of type $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

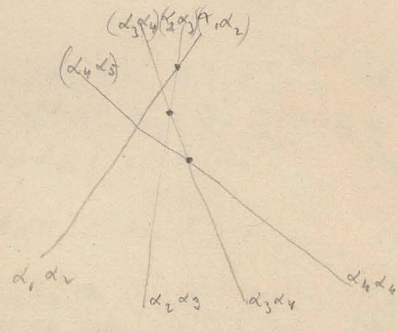
$2u \ 2a \ 2b \ 2c \ \Psi \ \Omega \ \nu, \ \epsilon \ \delta \ \eta, \ 2a \ \Psi + \Omega$
 for Ψ and Ω development
 in $\epsilon \ \delta \ \eta$ and ν and Ω



$\gamma \ \rho \ \omega \ \delta \ \epsilon \ \eta \ \nu$
 $2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$
 $\eta, \ 2$
 $2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f = \text{invol. in } \eta, \ 2$
 $2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f = \text{invol. in } \eta, \ 2$

$2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$ invol. in $\eta, \ 2$ - dev. of $\eta, \ 2$
 invol. in $\eta, \ 2$

$2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$ invol. in $\eta, \ 2$; $2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$



$2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$ invol. in $\eta, \ 2$
 $2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$
 $2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f = \text{invol. in } \eta, \ 2$

$2a \ 2b \ 2c \ 2d \ 2e \ 2f$ invol. in $\eta, \ 2$

$$a_{11}x_1^2 + \dots + 2a_{14}x_2x_4 = 0$$

$$\sum a_{ik} x_i x_k = 0 \quad a_{ik} = a_{ki}$$

$$x_4 = 1 \quad x_3 = 2 \quad x_2 = y \quad x_1 = 2$$

$$a_{11}x_1^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}2^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}x_2 + 2a_{14}x_4 + 2a_{23}y^2 +$$

$$+ 2a_{24}x + 2a_{34}2 + a_{44} = 0$$

$$x + \xi$$

$$y + \eta$$

$$z + \zeta$$

$$a_{11}\xi + a_{12}\eta + a_{13}\zeta + a_{14} = 0$$

$$a_{21}\xi + a_{22}\eta + a_{23}\zeta + a_{24} = 0$$

$$a_{31}\xi + a_{32}\eta + a_{33}\zeta + a_{34} = 0$$

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + 2a_{13}xz + 2a_{23}yz +$$

$$+ a_{44} = 0$$

$$\Delta_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \geq 0$$

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cancel{A_{44}} \cdot a'_{44} &= a_{41} \xi^2 + a_{42} \eta^2 + \dots + a_{44} \\
 &= \xi(a_{41} \xi + a_{42} \eta + a_{43} \zeta + a_{44}) + 0 \\
 &\quad + \eta(a_{41} \xi + a_{42} \eta + a_{43} \zeta + a_{44}) + 0 \\
 &\quad + \zeta(a_{41} \xi + a_{42} \eta + a_{43} \zeta + a_{44}) + 0 \\
 &\quad + a_{41} \xi + a_{42} \eta + a_{43} \zeta + a_{44}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a'_{44} = a_{41} \xi + a_{42} \eta + a_{43} \zeta + a_{44}$$

$$\xi = \frac{A_{41}}{A_{44}} \quad \eta = \frac{A_{42}}{A_{44}} \quad \zeta = \frac{A_{43}}{A_{44}}$$

$$\cancel{A_{44}} a'_{44} = \frac{a_{41} A_{41} + a_{42} A_{42} + a_{43} A_{43} + a_{44} A_{44}}{A_{44}}$$

$$a'_{44} = \frac{\Delta}{A_{44}}$$

$$a_{11} x^2 + a_{22} y^2 + a_{33} z^2 + 2a_{12} xy + 2a_{13} xz + 2a_{23} yz$$

$$\frac{\Delta}{A_{44}} = 0 \quad a^2 = e \sqrt{xy} = \sqrt{xy} e^2$$

$m_3 \in C:$

$$x = \alpha_1 x' + \alpha_2 y' + \alpha_3 z'$$

$$y = \beta_1 x' + \beta_2 y' + \beta_3 z'$$

$$z = \gamma_1 x' + \gamma_2 y' + \gamma_3 z'$$

} ξ

$a'_{11}x'^2 + a'_{22}y'^2 + \dots$

$2a'_{12}x'y' + \frac{\Delta}{A_{111}} = 0$

$a'_{11}x'^2 + \dots$

$2a'_{12}x'y' = F$

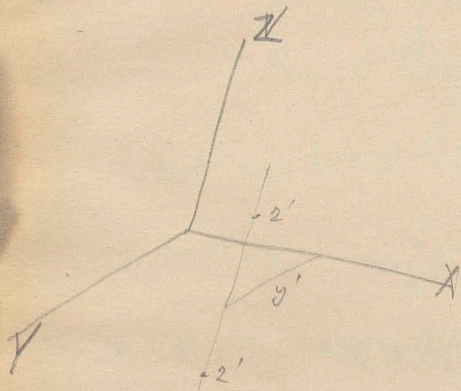
$a'_{11}x'^2 + \dots$

$2a'_{12}x'y' = F$

$F \text{ or } F'$

$a'_{12} = 0 \quad a'_{13} = 0 \quad a'_{23} = 0$

$a'_{11}x'^2 + a'_{22}y'^2 + a'_{33}z'^2 + \frac{\Delta}{A_{111}} = 0$



$z' = \pm \sqrt{\dots}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$z' = \pm \sqrt{\dots}$

$z' = \pm \sqrt{\dots}$

$f \text{ or } \text{ang. No}$

$\omega \text{ or } \dots = \dots$

Transf. f ~ 3 2/10 :

$a'_{12} = 0 \quad a'_{23} = 0 \quad a'_{13} = 0$

pp X Y Z \perp
 " e ~ s x' y' z' " \perp

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2 = x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2$$

~~xxxxxx~~

15 F der Form $\sim F'$

$$F = a_{11}x^2 + \dots \quad 2a_{23}yz = 0$$

$\sim \Delta \text{g/b} \text{ es ist } \wedge \text{ C. } z \text{ e } z \text{ + homog. C.}$

offenbar $\sim 2 \text{ in } \Delta \text{ e } 2 \text{ in } \Delta \text{ e } \dots$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

es ist $\sim \Delta \text{ F' sym.}$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2$$

$$k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = k(x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2)$$

$$F - F'$$

$$k(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) - F' = k(x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2) - F'$$

$$(k - a_{11})x^2 + (k - a_{11})y^2 + (k - a_{33})z^2 - 2a_{12}xy - 2a_{13}xz -$$

$$-2a_{23}yz = (k - a'_{11})x'^2 + (k - a'_{11})y'^2 + (k - a'_{33})z'^2 -$$

$$-2a'_{12}x'y' - 2a'_{13}x'z' - 2a'_{23}y'z'$$

von $\lambda^3 - a_{11}\lambda^2 - a_{22}\lambda - a_{33}$

$$\lambda^3 - a_{11}\lambda^2 - a_{22}\lambda - a_{33} = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - a_{11}\lambda^2 - a_{22}\lambda - a_{33} = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \lambda - a'_{11} & -a'_{12} & -a'_{13} \\ -a'_{12} & \lambda - a'_{22} & -a'_{23} \\ -a'_{13} & -a'_{23} & \lambda - a'_{33} \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(\lambda - a'_{11})(\lambda - a'_{22})(\lambda - a'_{33}) - 2a'_{12}a'_{23}a'_{13} - a'_{13}^2(\lambda - a'_{22}) - a'_{23}^2(\lambda - a'_{11}) - a'_{12}^2(\lambda - a'_{33}) = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - \lambda^2(a'_{11} + a'_{22} + a'_{33}) + \lambda(a'_{11}a'_{22} + a'_{11}a'_{33} + a'_{22}a'_{33}) -$$

$$- (a'_{12}^2 + a'_{13}^2 + a'_{23}^2) - [a'_{11}a'_{22}a'_{33} + 2a'_{12}a'_{23}a'_{13} -$$

$$a'_{12}^2 - a'_{13}^2 - a'_{23}^2 - a'_{12}^2 a'_{33} - a'_{13}^2 a'_{11} - a'_{23}^2 a'_{22}] = 0$$

$$3 \lambda^3 - \lambda^2 \begin{matrix} k_1 \\ k_2 \\ k_3 \end{matrix} \quad \lambda^3 - a_{11}\lambda^2 - a_{22}\lambda - a_{33} = 0$$

$$\lambda^3 - \lambda^2(a'_{11} + a'_{22} + a'_{33}) + \lambda(a'_{11}a'_{22} + a'_{11}a'_{33} + a'_{22}a'_{33}) -$$

$$- (a'_{12}^2 + a'_{13}^2 + a'_{23}^2) - [a'_{11}a'_{22}a'_{33} + 2a'_{12}a'_{23}a'_{13} - a'_{12}^2 a'_{33} -$$

$$d_{11}^2 d_{11} - d_{11}^2 d_{22} = 0$$

k, k_1, k_2, k_3 in \mathcal{C}^0

$$u: \mathcal{L} a'_{11} + d'_{22} + d'_{33} = a_{11} + a_{22} + a_{33}$$

$$\begin{cases} a'_{11} d_{22} + d_{22} d'_{33} + d'_{33} a_{11} - a_{11}^2 - a_{22}^2 - a_{33}^2 = \\ = a_{11} a_{22} + a_{22} a_{33} + a_{33} a_{11} - a_{11}^2 - a_{22}^2 - a_{33}^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a'_{11} d_{22} d'_{33} + 2 a'_{12} d_{23} a'_{13} - a_{12}^2 d_{33} - a_{23}^2 d'_{11} - \\ - d_{33}^2 d'_{22} = a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + 2 a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} - a_{12}^2 a_{33} - \\ - a_{23}^2 a_{11} - a_{31}^2 a_{22} \end{cases}$$

$$0 \text{ of } e: d'_{13} = 0 \quad d'_{23} = 0 \quad d'_{12} = 0$$

$$u: a'_{11} + d'_{22} + d'_{33} = a_{11} + a_{22} + a_{33}$$

$$a'_{11} d_{22} + d'_{22} d'_{33} + d'_{33} a_{11} = a_{11} a_{22} + a_{22} a_{33} + a_{33} a_{11} - a_{12}^2 - a_{23}^2 - a_{13}^2$$

$$a'_{11} d_{22} d'_{33} = a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + 2 a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} - a_{12}^2 a_{33} - a_{23}^2 a_{11} - a_{31}^2 a_{22}$$

$$u \text{ in } \mathcal{C}^0 \quad d'_{11} \quad d_{22} \quad d'_{33}:$$

$$u^3 - (a_{11} + a_{22} + a_{33})u^2 + (a_{11} a_{22} + a_{22} a_{33} + a_{33} a_{11} - a_{12}^2 - a_{23}^2 - a_{13}^2)u - (a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + 2 a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} - a_{12}^2 a_{33} - a_{23}^2 a_{11} - a_{31}^2 a_{22}) = 0$$

$\int u_1, u_2, u_3$

$$u_1 = a'_{11}$$

$$u_2 = a'_{22}$$

$$u_3 = a'_{33}$$

us of:

$$a'_{11} x'^2 + a'_{22} y'^2 + a'_{33} z'^2 + \frac{\Delta}{A_{44}} = 0$$

$$u_1 x'^2 + u_2 y'^2 + u_3 z'^2 + \frac{\Delta}{A_{44}} = 0$$

Transform $x \perp y \perp z \perp$

$$\frac{1}{5} u_1 x'^2 + u_2 y'^2 + u_3 z'^2 + \frac{\Delta}{A_{44}} = 0$$

$$u^3 - (a_{11} + a_{22} + a_{33})u^2 + (a_{11}a_{22} + a_{22}a_{33} + a_{33}a_{11} -$$

$$-a_{12}^2 - a_{23}^2 - a_{31}^2)u - [a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} + 2a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} -$$

$$-a_{12}^2a_{33} - a_{13}^2a_{22} - a_{23}^2a_{11}] = 0$$

of 3 in \mathcal{C}^3

$$(u - a_{11})(u - a_{22})(u - a_{33}) + a_{12}^2[u - a_{33}] - a_{13}^2[u - a_{11}] -$$

$$-a_{23}^2[u - a_{22}] - 2a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{5} (u - a_{33}) \left[(u - a_{11})(u - a_{22}) - a_{12}^2 \right] - a_{13}^2 [u - a_{11}] - a_{23}^2 [u - a_{22}] -$$

$$-2a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} = 0$$

$$(u - a_{11})(u - a_{22}) - a_{12}^2 = 0 \quad \int \text{etc, etc}$$

$a_{11} = a_{22} = a_{33} = 0$

$$u^2 - u(a_{11} + a_{22}) + a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}^2 = 0$$

$$y = \dots$$

$$\alpha = \frac{a_{11} + a_{22}}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{a_{11} + a_{22}}{2}\right)^2 + a_{12}^2 - a_{11}a_{22}}$$

$$= \frac{a_{11} + a_{22}}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{a_{11} - a_{22}}{2}\right)^2 + a_{12}^2}$$

βH.

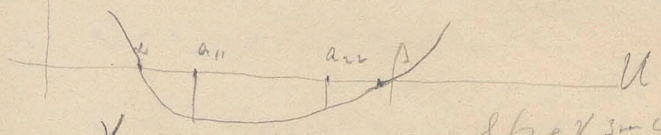
$a_{11} a_{22} > 0$ & $a_{11} \beta_{11}$

$\dots < \dots >$

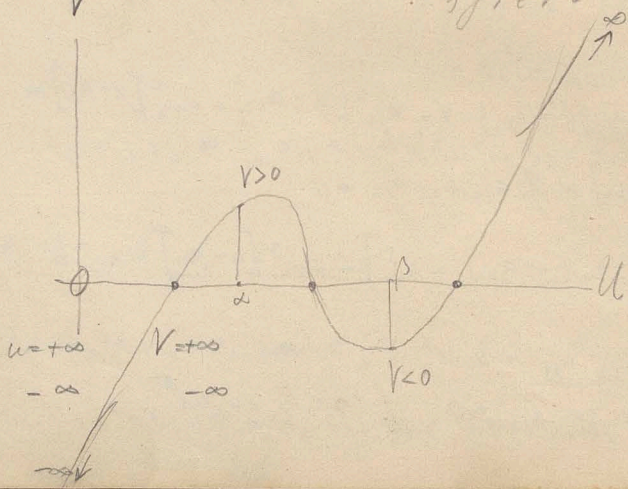
$$u = \infty \quad y > 0$$

$$u = a_{11} \quad y = -a_{12}^2$$

$$u = a_{22} \quad y = -a_{12}^2$$



спектр матрицы A \rightarrow ∞



$$u \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } u = \alpha$$

$$V = -a_{12}^2 (u - a_{11}) - a_{13}^2 (u - a_{21}) - 2a_{12} a_{23} a_{13}$$

$$\text{p.p. } \alpha = a_{11} + u \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$u = \alpha < a_{11} < a_{21}$$

$$V = a_{12}^2 (a_{11} - u) + a_{13}^2 (a_{21} - u) - 2a_{12} a_{23} a_{13}$$

$$(a_{11} - u)(a_{21} - u) = a_{12}^2$$

$$V = \left[a_{12} \sqrt{a_{11} - u} + a_{13} \sqrt{a_{21} - u} \right]^2 > 0$$

$$\delta | u = \beta$$

$$V = -a_{12}^2 \underbrace{(u - a_{11})}_{> 0} - a_{13}^2 \underbrace{(u - a_{21})}_{> 0} - 2a_{12} a_{23} a_{13}$$

$$\Delta > a_{11} > a_{21}$$

$$V = - \left[a_{12}^2 (u - a_{11}) + a_{13}^2 (u - a_{21}) + 2a_{12} a_{23} a_{13} \right]$$

$$= - \left[a_{12} \sqrt{u - a_{11}} + a_{13} \sqrt{u - a_{21}} \right]^2 < 0$$

$$u \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } u = \beta$$

$$\text{p.p. } \beta \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } \beta \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 + u_3 z^2 = -\frac{A}{A_{111}} = \delta$$

$$D > 0$$

$$I. u_1, u_2, u_3 > 0$$

$$II. u_1, u_2 > 0 \quad u_3 < 0$$

$$III. u_1 > 0, \quad u_2, u_3 < 0$$

$$IV. u_1, u_2, u_3 < 0$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 + u_3 z^2 = D$$
$$> 0$$

IV. a $\neq 0$ \rightarrow ∞ \rightarrow ∞ ; $\neq \mathbb{R}$ \rightarrow imag.

$$15/5 \quad u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 + u_3 z^2 = D$$

$$D > 0$$

$$D = -\frac{A}{A_{44}}$$

$$I. u_1, u_2, u_3 > 0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\frac{D}{u_1}} + \frac{y^2}{\frac{D}{u_2}} + \frac{z^2}{\frac{D}{u_3}} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

ellipsoid

$$II. u_1, u_2 > 0 \quad u_3 < 0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\frac{D}{u_1}} + \frac{y^2}{\frac{D}{u_2}} + \frac{z^2}{\frac{D}{u_3}} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

Hyperboloid I Art [Drp]

$$\text{II } u_1 > 0, \quad u_2, u_3 < 0$$

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$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1 \quad \text{Hyperboloid II Art [2/20]}$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$D = 0$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 + u_3 z^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$$

$\rightarrow 4$ re $\in \mathbb{R}$ $x=0$ $y=0$ $z=0$

imagin. re

2 axes get out of the by x_2

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$$

re $\in \mathbb{R}$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$$

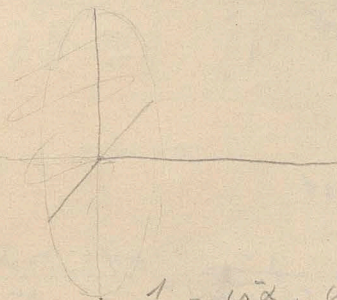
\rightarrow 2 axes $x_1, x_2, z=0$

7 Ell. in \mathbb{R}^3 $\in \mathbb{M}^3 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3 = \mathbb{R}^3$

$$|x| \leq a$$

$$|y| \leq b$$

$$|z| \leq c$$



$$x = r \cos \alpha$$

$$y = r \sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$z = r \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha \cos^2 \beta}{b^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha \sin^2 \beta}{c^2}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{a} + \cos^2 \beta \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}\right)}_{>0} + \sin^2 \beta \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{a}\right)}_{>0}$$

$$a > b > c$$

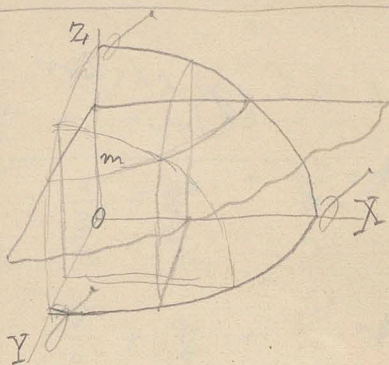
$$\frac{1}{r} \geq \frac{1}{a}$$

$$r \leq a$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{c} - \cos^2 \alpha \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{a}\right)}_{>0} - \sin^2 \alpha \underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{b}\right)}_{>0}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \leq \frac{1}{c}$$

$$r \geq c$$



$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \quad z=0$$

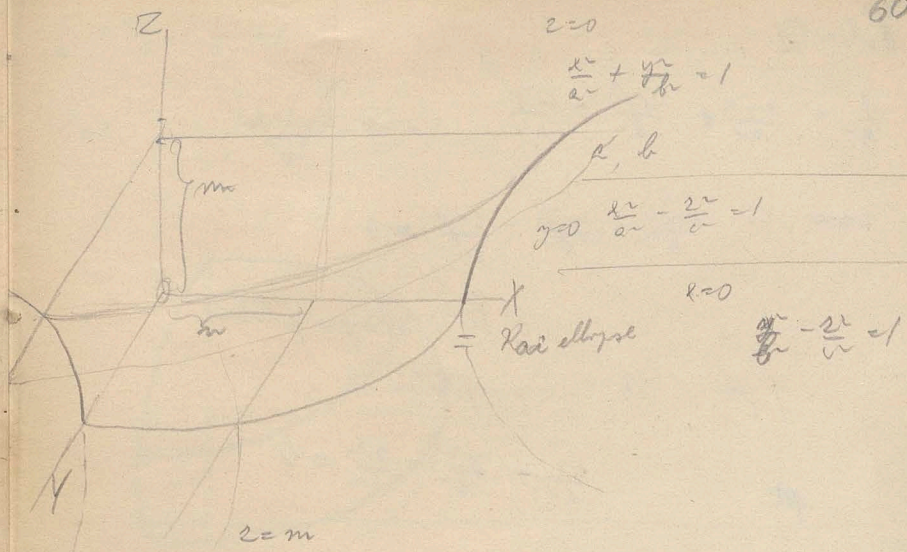
$$\frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1 \quad x=0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1 \quad y=0$$

$$z = m$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{m^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\left[a\sqrt{1-\frac{m^2}{c^2}}\right]^2} + \frac{y^2}{\left[b\sqrt{1-\frac{m^2}{c^2}}\right]^2} = 1 \quad \text{ell. or } |m| < c$$



$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{m^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\left[a \sqrt{1 + \frac{m^2}{c^2}} \right]^2} + \frac{y^2}{\left[b \sqrt{1 + \frac{m^2}{c^2}} \right]^2} = 1$$

$$z = m \quad \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{\left[b \sqrt{1 - \frac{m^2}{a^2}} \right]^2} - \frac{z^2}{\left[c \sqrt{1 - \frac{m^2}{a^2}} \right]^2} = 1 \quad \text{Hyperbel}$$

$$m < a \quad y \text{ or } = m \text{ or}$$

$$m > a \quad z \text{ or } = m \text{ or}$$

in W f. are p : hyper. v. r. p

Polar C.

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{c^2 z^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2}$$

$$z=0 \quad \hookrightarrow \quad \frac{c^2 z^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$$

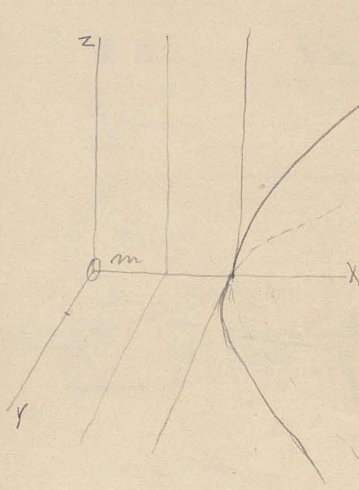
o bei: Asymptoten

für $z \sim \infty =$ Asymptoten $z =$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$$

17/5

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$



$z=0$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$y=0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$x=0$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = -1 \quad \text{imag.}$$

$x=m$

$$\frac{m^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = \frac{m^2}{a^2} - 1$$

$$\left(\frac{y^2}{b^2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z^2}{c^2}\right)^2 = 1 \quad \text{ell. b. l. m. l. } \frac{m^2}{a^2} > 1$$

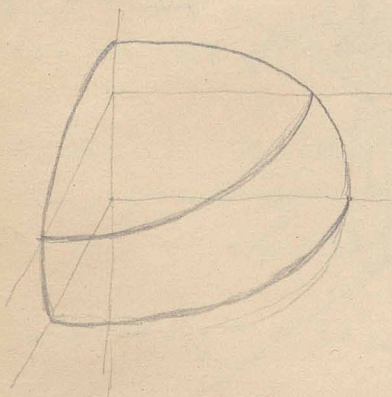
$$m > a$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$b < a$

$$\frac{x^2 + y^2}{a^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

Rotat. Ell.



$$a = b < c$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

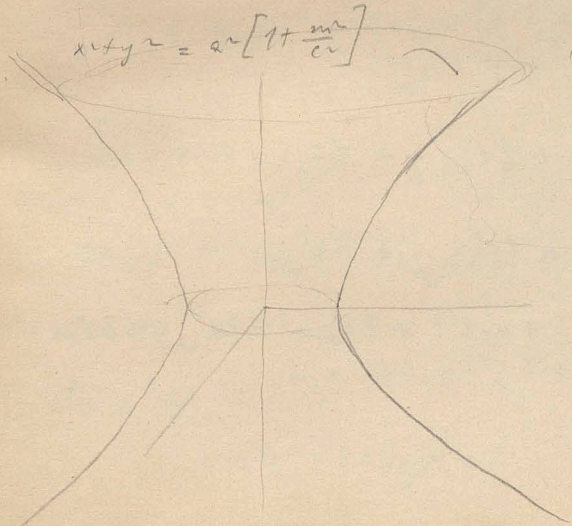
$$a < b$$

$$\frac{x^2 + y^2}{a^2} = 1 + \frac{z^2}{c^2}$$

$$a < c$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = a^2 \left[1 + \frac{z^2}{c^2} \right]$$

Rotat. Hyperboloid



> /
a

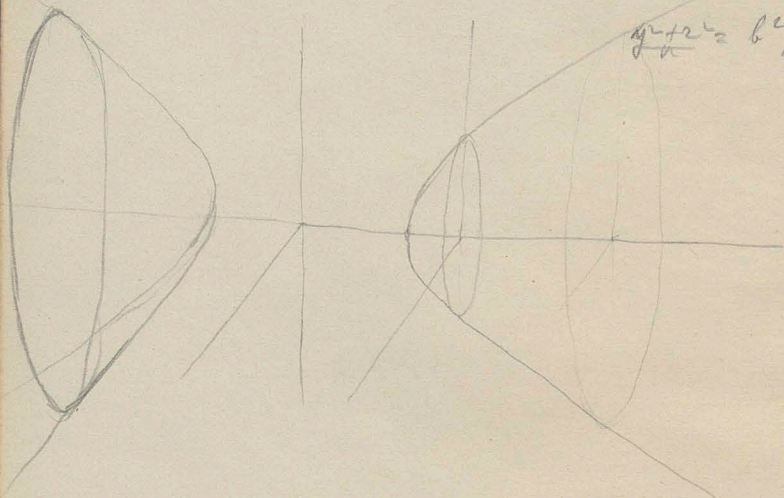
$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$b = c$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y+z}{b} = 1$$

$$x = m$$

$$\frac{y+z}{b} = b \left[\frac{m^2}{a^2} - 1 \right]$$



$$c A_{44} = 0 \quad p \neq \infty$$

$$a_{11}x^2 + a_{22}y^2 + a_{33}z^2 + 2a_{12}xy + \dots + a_{44} = 0$$

RW C.S. $\sim \parallel y \} \text{ oblique}$

$$F + 2a'_{14}x + 2a'_{24}y + 2a'_{34}z + a'_{44} = 0$$

$$F' + 2a''_{14}x' + 2a''_{24}y' + 2a''_{34}z' + a''_{44} = 0$$

$$u_1x^2 + u_2y^2 + u_3z^2 + 2a'_{14}x + 2a'_{24}y + 2a'_{34}z + a'_{44} = 0$$

abs u_3

abs u_3

$$A_{\text{ges}} = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} = a_{11} a_{22} a_{33} + 2a_{12} a_{23} a_{31} -$$

$$\Delta p p = 0 \text{ es } \Delta p p = \dots$$

$$u_3 = 0$$

$$\underbrace{u_2, u_1}_{\substack{1 \\ 2 \\ 3}}$$

$$u_1 x'^2 + u_2 y'^2 + 2a'_{14} x' + 2a'_{24} y' + 2a'_{34} z' +$$

$$+ a'_{44} = 0$$

$$\parallel y \int$$

$$x' = x'' + \alpha$$

$$y' = y'' + \beta$$

$$u_1 x''^2 + u_2 y''^2 + 2a''_{14} x'' + 2a''_{24} y'' + 2a''_{34} z'' +$$

$$+ a''_{44} = 0$$

$$\Delta p p \text{ o } \Delta p p$$

$$a''_{14} = 0$$

$$a''_{24} = 0$$

$$u_1 x''^2 + u_2 y''^2 + 2a''_{34} z'' + a''_{44} = 0$$

$$u_1 x''^2 + u_2 y''^2 + 2a''_{34} z'' = 0$$

$$\parallel y \int: z' = z'' + \gamma$$

$$a''_{44} + 2a''_{34} \gamma = 0$$

$$u_1 x^{1/2} + u_2 y^{1/2} = \underbrace{2a'_{34}}_{>0} z'' + \dots$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 = 2c2$$

Discrimin. p. $y^2 =$

^{29/5} Discr. p. Transp. $x_3 =$ Discr. p. y^2 x_3

$$a_{11}x_1^2 + a_{22}x_2^2 + a_{33}x_3^2 + a_{44}x_4^2 + \dots$$

$$+ 2a_{34}x_3x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 = m_{11}x'_1 + m_{12}x'_2 + m_{13}x'_3 + m_{14}x'_4$$

$$x_2 = m_{21}x'_1 + m_{22}x'_2 + m_{23}x'_3 + m_{24}x'_4$$

$$x_3 = m_{31}x'_1 + m_{32}x'_2 + m_{33}x'_3 + m_{34}x'_4$$

$$x_4 = m_{41}x'_1 + m_{42}x'_2 + m_{43}x'_3 + m_{44}x'_4$$

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & - & a_{34} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & - & a_{44} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Delta' = \begin{vmatrix} a'_{11} & a'_{12} & a'_{13} & a'_{14} \\ a'_{21} & a'_{22} & - & a'_{24} \\ a'_{31} & a'_{32} & - & a'_{34} \\ a'_{41} & a'_{42} & - & a'_{44} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$a'_{11}x'_1 + \dots - 2a'_{34}x'_3x'_4 = 0$$

$$\delta = \begin{vmatrix} m_{11} & m_{12} \\ m_{41} & m_{44} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Delta' = \delta^2 \Delta$$

$$a'_{11} = a_{11} m_{11}^2 + a_{22} m_{21}^2 + a_{33} m_{31}^2 + a_{44} m_{41}^2$$

$$+ 2a_{12} m_{11} m_{21} + 2a_{13} m_{11} m_{31} + 2a_{14} m_{11} m_{41}$$

$$+ 2a_{23} m_{21} m_{31} + 2a_{24} m_{21} m_{41} + 2a_{34} m_{31} m_{41}$$

$$a'_{11} = m_{11} [a_{11} m_{11} + a_{12} m_{21} + a_{13} m_{31} + a_{14} m_{41}]$$

$$+ m_{21} [a_{12} m_{11} + a_{22} m_{21} + a_{23} m_{31} + a_{24} m_{41}]$$

$$+ m_{31} [a_{13} m_{11} + a_{23} m_{21} + a_{33} m_{31} + a_{34} m_{41}]$$

$$+ m_{41} [a_{14} m_{11} + a_{24} m_{21} + a_{34} m_{31} + a_{44} m_{41}]$$

$\partial a'_{ik}$

$$\Delta = \delta \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} m_{11} + a_{11} & a_{12} m_{11} + \dots \\ \dots & \dots \end{vmatrix}$$

$x_1 = 0$

$$\Delta' = \begin{vmatrix} \delta & \delta \\ a_{11} & a_{12} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \delta^2 \Delta$$

$$x_1 = x$$

$$x'_1 = x'$$

$$x_2 = y$$

$$x'_2 = y'$$

$$x_3 = z$$

$$x'_3 = z'$$

$$x_4 = 1$$

$$x'_4 = 1$$

$$m_{14} = 0$$

$$m_{21} = \omega\beta_1$$

$$m_{31} = \omega\beta_1 \quad | \quad m_{32} = \omega\beta_2$$

$$m_{24} = 0$$

$$m_{34} = 0$$

$$m_{44} = 1$$

$$m_{41} = 0 \quad m_{42} = 0$$

$$m_{44} = 1$$

$$\delta = \begin{vmatrix} \omega\alpha_1 & \omega\alpha_2 & \omega\alpha_3 & 0 \\ \omega\beta_1 & \omega\beta_2 & \omega\beta_3 & 0 \\ \omega\gamma_1 & \omega\gamma_2 & \omega\gamma_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} \omega\alpha_1 & \omega\alpha_2 & \omega\alpha_3 \\ \omega\beta_1 & \omega\beta_2 & \omega\beta_3 \\ \omega\gamma_1 & \omega\gamma_2 & \omega\gamma_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \underbrace{u_1 u_2}_2 (\cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_3 - \cos \beta_3 \cos \beta_2) + \underbrace{u_1 \beta_1}_{64} (\cos \beta_2 \cos \beta_3 - \cos \beta_3 \cos \beta_2) - \cos \beta_3 u_1 u_2 + \underbrace{u_1 \beta_1}_2 (\cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_3 - \cos \alpha_3 \cos \beta_2)$$

$$= 1$$

$$\Delta' = \Delta$$

~~$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 = 2c^2$$~~

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 = 2c^2$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 - 2c^2 = 0$$

$$\Delta' = \begin{vmatrix} u_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & u_2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -c \\ 0 & 0 & -c & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -u_1 u_2 c^2 = \Delta$$

$$c = \sqrt{-\frac{\Delta}{u_1 u_2}}$$

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 = 2c^2$$

$$u_1 > 0$$

$$u_1 > 0$$

$$u_1 < 0$$

$$u_1 > 0$$

$$u_2 < 0$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} u_2 < 0 \\ u_1 < 0 \end{matrix} \right\} c = \frac{2c^2}{\sqrt{V-2}}$$

$$7/6 \quad A_{44} = 0 \quad \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}} = \frac{1}{m}$$

$$u_1 x^2 + u_2 y^2 = 2cz$$

$$I. \quad u_1, u_2 > 0$$

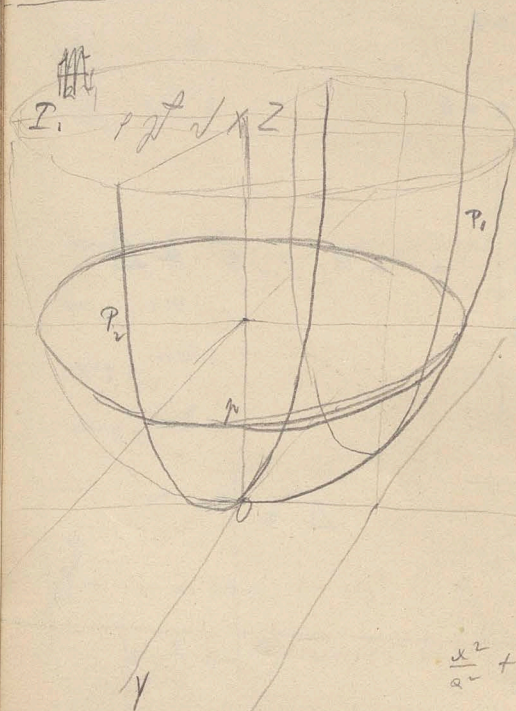
$$u_1 = \frac{1}{a^2} \quad u_2 = \frac{1}{b^2} \quad c = \frac{1}{m}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$$u_1 > 0, u_2 < 0$$

$$II. \quad \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

elliptisches Paraboloid



$$y=0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$$x^2 = \frac{2a^2}{m} z$$

$$\frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$$y^2 = \frac{2b^2}{m} z$$

$$X \quad \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 0$$

$$x=0, y=0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} + \frac{y^2}{\left(\frac{b}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$p > 0$ in

$p < 0$ imag.

$f \parallel ZY$ then

$x = y$

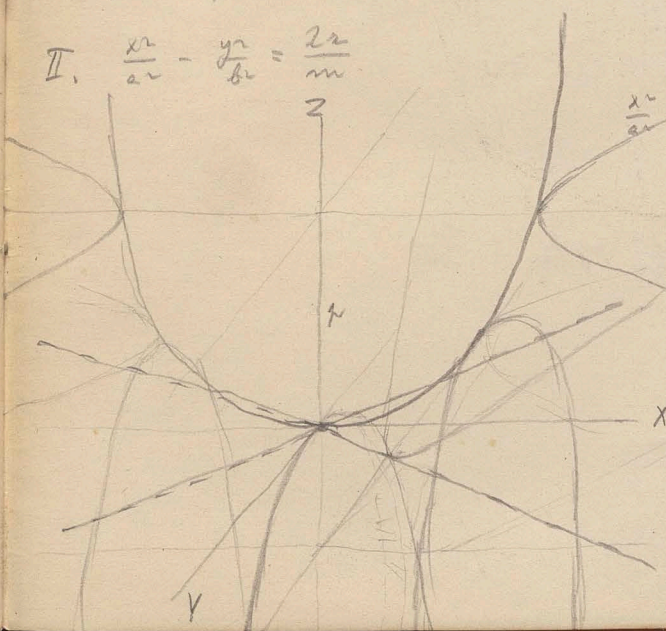
$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$

$y^2 = \frac{2b^2}{m} z - \frac{b^2}{a^2} x^2$

is $\sqrt{y^2} = \sqrt{2b^2/m} z - \frac{b^2}{a^2} x^2$
 \in Parabol ~~to~~ ∞
 $\sqrt{y^2} \parallel Z$ Parabol

o $\sqrt{y^2} \in$ Parabol $P_2 \parallel$ $\sqrt{y^2} \in$ $\sqrt{y^2} \in$ $\sqrt{y^2}$
 \in Par. P_1 \checkmark

II. $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$



$z = 0$

$\frac{x^2}{a^2} = \frac{y^2}{b^2} \quad \frac{y}{b} = \pm \frac{x}{a}$

$y = \pm \frac{b}{a} x$

$z = \frac{b}{a} x$

$y = 0$

$x^2 = \frac{2amz}{m}$

$y^2 = -\frac{2b^2z}{m}$

$\parallel XY$

$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$

1 YZ zu $x = y$

$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{z^2}{b^2} = \frac{2a}{m}$$

$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} = -\frac{b^2 z}{m} + \frac{b^2 y^2}{a^2} \quad \text{Parabel}$$

6 Exemp. v. d. e.

∴ 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. YZ Parabel u. XZ Parabel

7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. ~~13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.~~

windisches Paraboloid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$
- hyperbolisches

$$\text{ellipsoid } \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\text{hyperboloid I, } \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\text{" II, } \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

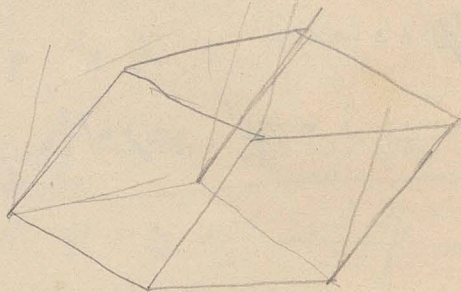
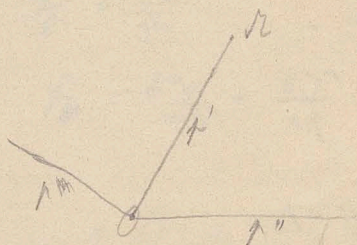
$$\text{Kegel } \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 0$$

} centrale ρ

$$\text{ell. Paraboloid } \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$$\text{hyp. " } \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{m}$$

$$\sqrt{r^2 + r'^2 + r''^2} = a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$



$$OM^2 = r^2 + r'^2 + r''^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} \cos \theta \, d\theta = \cos \theta$$

$$= \sqrt{e^2 M^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma R = \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\sigma: \quad x y z \quad r \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{a^2}}$$

$$x = r \cos \alpha$$

$$r^2 \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{r^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{b^2} + \frac{r^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{b^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{ax'd'}{a^2} + \frac{ay'y'}{b^2} + \frac{az'z'}{c^2}$$

$$r \perp r' \perp r''$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{ax''d''}{a^2} + \frac{ay''y''}{b^2} + \frac{az''z''}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r'^2} + \frac{1}{r''^2} = \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{c^2}$$

2) $S_{\text{ke}} = \dots$ (e, p, m, d, v, w, f, D, D)

$$Ax^2 + By^2 + Cz^2 = D$$

$$Ax + By + Cz = D \leftarrow$$

$$\frac{xx'}{a^2} + \frac{yy'}{b^2} + \frac{zz'}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{xx'D}{a^2} + \frac{yy'D}{b^2} + \frac{zz'D}{c^2} = D$$

$$A = \frac{x'D}{a^2} \quad B = \frac{y'D}{b^2} \quad C = \frac{z'D}{c^2}$$

$$Aa = \frac{x'D}{a} \quad Ab = \frac{y'D}{b} \quad Ac = \frac{z'D}{c}$$

$$\sqrt{A^2 a^2 + B^2 b^2 + C^2 c^2} = D$$

2) p, p, r, z Coord.

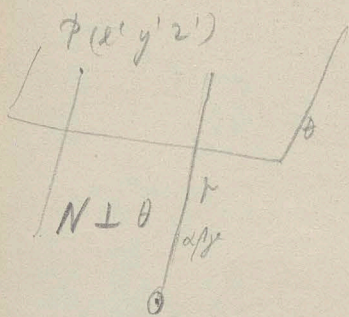
$$ux + vy + wz + 1 = 0$$

$$A = u \quad B = v \quad C = w \quad D = -1$$

$$A^2 u^2 + B^2 v^2 + C^2 w^2 = 1 \quad \text{we } e, p, z \text{ v } \sim a, u, w$$

$$= r, e, p, z \text{ Coord.}$$

23 e Norma eq



$$\frac{x-x'}{a^2} = \frac{y-y'}{b^2} = \frac{z-z'}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2(x-x')}{x'} = \frac{b^2(y-y')}{y'} = \frac{c^2(z-z')}{z'}$$

pt e M. c f 2 pl

$$\frac{14}{6} \quad \frac{a^2(x-x')}{x'} = \frac{b^2(y-y')}{y'} = \frac{c^2(z-z')}{z'} = 1$$

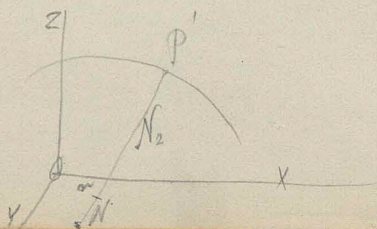
$$x-x' = \frac{ax'}{a^2}$$

$$y-y' = \frac{by'}{b^2}$$

$$z-z' = \frac{cz'}{c^2}$$

$$N = \sigma \left(\frac{x'^2}{a^4} + \frac{y'^2}{b^4} + \frac{z'^2}{c^4} \right) = \frac{\sigma z'}{c^2}$$

$$N = \frac{\sigma}{c^2}$$



~~Para~~

$$n | z=0$$

$$s = -c^2$$

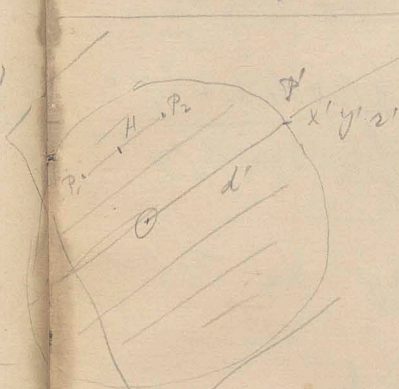
$$N_2 = -\frac{c^2}{r} \quad \text{alg } \sigma \sqrt{xy}$$

$$N_x = -\frac{c^2}{r}$$

$$N_y = -\frac{bc^2}{r}$$

$$N_1 = N_2 = N_3 = a^2 = b^2 = c^2$$

pt e M. a f r p o c a s ~ = 120 p 1



115 f f d o

f 20) (7 2 1 2 0 9 p 1

$$e e w = \int \rho \cdot \omega \cdot \cos \cdot c$$

e 1 2

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x_1^2}{a^2} + \frac{y_1^2}{b^2} + \frac{z_1^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{(x_1 - x_2)(x_1 + x_2)}{a^2} + \frac{(y_1 - y_2)(y_1 + y_2)}{b^2} + \frac{(z_1 - z_2)(z_1 + z_2)}{c^2} = 0$$

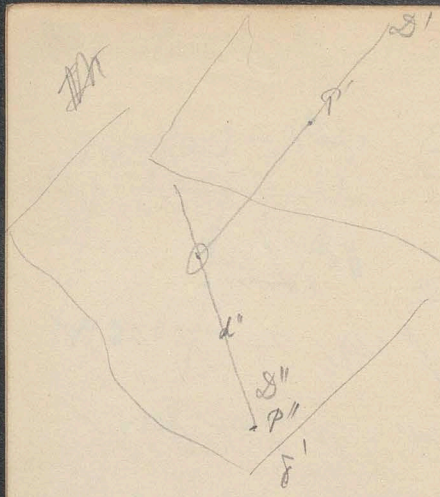
$$x = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \quad y = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \quad z = \frac{z_1 + z_2}{2}$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = y_1 - y_2 + z_1 - z_2 = \cos \alpha' \cdot \cos \beta' \cdot \cos \gamma'$$

$$\frac{x \cos \alpha'}{a^2} + \frac{y \cos \beta'}{b^2} + \frac{z \cos \gamma'}{c^2} = 0 \quad | \cdot d'$$

$$\frac{x x'}{a^2} + \frac{y y'}{b^2} + \frac{z z'}{c^2} = 0 \quad \text{e 1 2 1 2 0 9 p 1}$$

$$= \rho \cdot \omega \cdot d' \cdot \cos \gamma' \cdot z$$



$$\delta' \frac{xx'}{a^2} + \frac{yy'}{b^2} + \frac{zz'}{c^2} = 0$$

$$\delta' \frac{xx'}{a^2} + \frac{yy'}{b^2} + \frac{zz'}{c^2} = 1$$

$\delta' = \parallel f + \text{etc.}$
 $\parallel f + \text{etc.}$

$\lambda x' \quad \lambda y' \quad \lambda z' \quad \text{etc.}$

$$\lambda \frac{xx'}{a^2} + \lambda \frac{yy'}{b^2} + \lambda \frac{zz'}{c^2} = 1 \quad \therefore 1$$

$S'' \perp -x = \delta'$

if f conj. close to δ' etc.

= conj. etc.

$$\frac{xx''}{a^2} + \frac{yy''}{b^2} + \frac{zz''}{c^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{x''x'}{a^2} + \frac{y''y'}{b^2} + \frac{z''z'}{c^2} = 0 \quad \because P'' = \delta'$$

if P'' is \perp of P'' conj. close to

or etc.

etc.

$$d'' = 0 P''$$

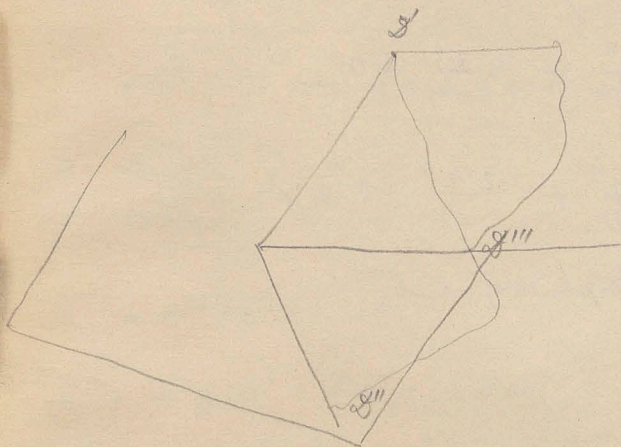
$$f \alpha^0 \beta^0 \gamma^0$$

69

~~d d~~

$$\frac{a \cos \alpha d''}{a'} + \frac{a' \cos \beta d''}{b'} + \frac{a'' \cos \gamma d''}{c'} = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Rel. } f \sim \frac{1}{2} \cos, \\ \text{f' unj. elo} \end{array} \right\}$$

y ~ tripedals conj. elo'



3 conj. elo 2

xaxaxa

$y^2 \sim \text{elo}$ H $\sigma \frac{a d' p}{a' b' c'}$ — 2 2nd

a u f f o d:

~~$$\frac{x^2}{a} + \frac{y^2}{b} + \frac{z^2}{c}$$~~

$$A x^2 + B y^2 + C z^2 = D$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\frac{D}{A}} + \frac{y^2}{\frac{D}{B}} + \frac{z^2}{\frac{D}{C}} = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$z = 0$$

$$x = d'$$

$$\frac{D}{A} = d'^2 \text{ etc}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{d'^2} + \frac{y^2}{d''^2} + \frac{z^2}{d'''^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x'x''}{a^2} + \frac{y'y''}{b^2} + \frac{z'z''}{c^2} = 0 \quad \left| \quad \frac{x'}{a} + \frac{y'}{b} + \frac{z'}{c} = 1 \right.$$

$$\frac{x''}{a^2} + \frac{y''}{b^2} + \frac{z''}{c^2} = m^2$$

ff. ρ constant. $\frac{x''}{(ma)^2} + \dots$

2. wof. ρ & y ; ρ e. d.

$$\frac{x'x''}{(ma)^2} + \frac{y'y''}{(mb)^2} + \frac{z'z''}{(mc)^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{x'x''}{a^2} + \frac{y'y''}{b^2} + \frac{z'z''}{c^2} = 0 =$$

6. 2. 12. f. Tangent wof. ρ

$$am = 0$$

$$\frac{x''}{a^2} + \frac{y''}{b^2} + \frac{z''}{c^2} = 0 = 2\gamma = \text{Asymptote in } \rho$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{x'x''}{a^2} + \frac{y'y''}{b^2} + \frac{z'z''}{c^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\cos' \cos''}{a^2} + \frac{\sin' \sin''}{b^2} + \frac{\cos' \cos''}{c^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{x''}{a^2} + \frac{y''}{b^2} + \frac{z''}{c^2} = 1$$

For ρ constant (1). $\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{x}{a} &= \cos \lambda \\ \frac{y}{b} &= \sin \mu \\ \frac{z}{c} &= \cos \nu \end{aligned} \right\}$

$$x = a \cos \lambda$$

$$y = b \cos \mu$$

$$z = c \cos \nu$$

$$x' = -a \sin \lambda$$

$$y' = -b \sin \mu$$

$$z' = -c \sin \nu$$

$$x'' = -a \cos \lambda \quad 70$$

$$y'' = -b \cos \mu$$

$$z'' = -c \cos \nu$$

~~2~~

$$\cos \lambda' \cos \lambda'' + \cos \mu' \cos \mu'' + \cos \nu' \cos \nu'' = 0$$

1. 2. 3. \perp \rightarrow 6. 7. \cos \rightarrow 8. \cos

$$\sum p \cdot 2t \quad 3 \text{ conf. } \frac{1}{2} d \cdot 0 = \cos t$$

$$d' \mid d'' \mid d'''$$

$$x' y' z' \mid x'' y'' z'' \mid x''' y''' z'''$$

$$d'^2 = x'^2 + y'^2 + z'^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \lambda' + b^2 \cos^2 \mu' + c^2 \cos^2 \nu'$$

$$d''^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \lambda'' + b^2 \cos^2 \mu'' + c^2 \cos^2 \nu''$$

$$d'''^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \lambda''' + b^2 \cos^2 \mu''' + c^2 \cos^2 \nu'''$$

$$d'^2 + d''^2 + d'''^2 = a^2 (\underbrace{\cos^2 \lambda' + \cos^2 \lambda'' + \cos^2 \lambda'''}_{=1}) + b^2 (\quad) + c^2 (\quad)$$

$\cos^2 \lambda' + \cos^2 \lambda'' + \cos^2 \lambda''' = 1$

$$d'^2 + d''^2 + d'''^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$

1. 2. 3. \cos \rightarrow 4. \cos \rightarrow 5. \cos \rightarrow 6. \cos \rightarrow 7. \cos \rightarrow 8. \cos

$$= a \begin{vmatrix} x' & y' & z' \\ x'' & y'' & z'' \\ x''' & y''' & z''' \end{vmatrix}$$

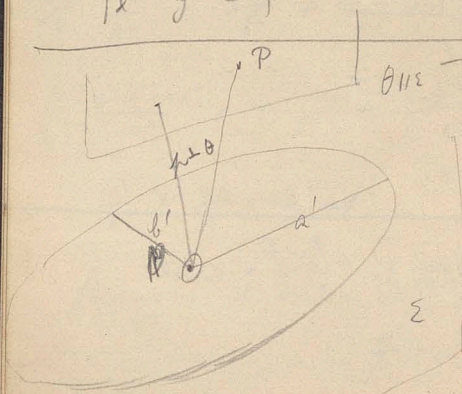
$$= \begin{vmatrix} a \cos \lambda' & b \cos \mu' & c \cos \nu' \\ a \cos \lambda'' & b \cos \mu'' & c \cos \nu'' \\ a \cos \lambda''' & b \cos \mu''' & c \cos \nu''' \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= abc \begin{vmatrix} \cos \lambda' & \cos \mu' & \cos \nu' \\ \cos \lambda'' & \cos \mu'' & \cos \nu'' \\ \cos \lambda''' & \cos \mu''' & \cos \nu''' \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = \underbrace{\cos \lambda'}_1 [\underbrace{\cos \mu'' \cos \nu''' - \cos \mu''' \cos \nu''}_{\cos \mu'}] + \cos \mu' [\underbrace{\cos \nu'' \cos \lambda''' - \cos \nu''' \cos \lambda''}_{\cos \nu'}] - \cos \nu' [\underbrace{\cos \lambda'' \cos \mu''' - \cos \lambda''' \cos \mu''}_{\cos \lambda'}]$$

$$= \cos^2 \lambda' + \cos^2 \mu' + \cos^2 \nu' = 1$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x' & y' & z' \\ x'' & y'' & z'' \\ x''' & y''' & z''' \end{vmatrix} = abc = \frac{1}{6} \text{Vol.} [O P_1' P_2'' P_3''']$$



$\theta_{11} = -\cos \lambda$

$a' b' \sim \frac{1}{2} c'$

$\int c' = \text{inj. elo}$

$\text{Rd } 1 \text{ z } \oplus 1 \text{ z } \text{ utp}$

$\sim OP = 3 \text{ta elo}$

$e \cdot \square \quad a'b'p = \underline{a'b'p = abc}$

$\Sigma p \text{ etc } e \text{ Proj. } \alpha \text{ } 3 \text{ Proj. } \frac{1}{2} \text{ } \beta \text{ } \gamma \text{ } = \text{const.}$

d'



Proj. $d' = x' \cos \alpha + y' \sin \alpha + z' \cos \alpha$

$d'' = x'' \cos \alpha + y'' \sin \alpha + z'' \cos \alpha$

$d''' = x''' \cos \alpha + y''' \sin \alpha + z''' \cos \alpha$

Proj $d' = a \cos \alpha \cos \alpha + b \sin \alpha \sin \alpha + c \cos \alpha \cos \alpha$

" $d'' = a \cos \alpha \cos \alpha + \dots$

" $d''' = a \cos \alpha \cos \alpha + \dots$

$(\text{Proj } d')^2 + ()^2 + ()^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \alpha + b^2 \sin^2 \alpha + c^2 \cos^2 \alpha = \text{const.}$

$\text{Proj. } d' \text{ } d'' \text{ } d''' \text{ } \frac{1}{2} \text{ } \beta \text{ } \gamma \text{ } = \text{const.}$

$e \text{ etc } e \text{ Proj. const.}$

$d''^2 + d'''^2 + d''^2 = \text{const.}$

$$y = c \cos \alpha \quad \frac{1}{a^2}$$

$$y = c \cos \beta \quad \frac{1}{b^2}$$

$$y = c \cos \gamma \quad \frac{1}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$c^2 \left[\frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{b^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \gamma}{c^2} \right] = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{c^2} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{b^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \gamma}{c^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \beta}{b^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \gamma}{c^2}$$

$$a^2 b^2 c^2 = abc$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 b^2} = \frac{c}{abc}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 b^2 c} = \frac{1}{abc^2}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \alpha + b^2 \cos^2 \beta + c^2 \cos^2 \gamma$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{a^2 c^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \gamma}{a^2 b^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2} = \left[\frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{a^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{b^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \gamma}{c^2} \right] \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{a^2 c^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \gamma}{a^2 b^2}$$

$$a = \begin{cases} a' \\ b' \end{cases}$$

$$a, b > 0 \text{ all.}$$

$$- \text{all } \text{diff.}$$

$$a < 0 \text{ neg. diff.}$$

So we:

$$\frac{a^2 \omega^2}{a^2 - \omega^2} + \frac{b^2 \omega^2}{b^2 - \omega^2} + \frac{c^2 \omega^2}{c^2 - \omega^2} = 0$$

or, $\frac{1}{\delta^2} \frac{1}{\delta^2} \frac{1}{\delta^2} = 1$

$$\frac{x^2}{d^2} + \frac{y^2}{d'^2} + \frac{z^2}{d''^2} = 1$$

$$z = 0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{d^2} + \frac{y^2}{d'^2} = 1$$

$$z = m$$

$$\frac{x^2}{d^2} + \frac{y^2}{d'^2} + \frac{m^2}{d''^2} = 1 - \frac{m^2}{d''^2}$$

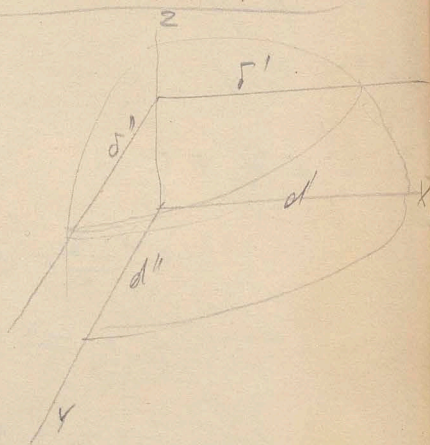
$$\left[\frac{x^2}{d^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{m^2}{d''^2}}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{y^2}{d'^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{m^2}{d''^2}}} \right]^2 = 1$$

or

$$d' : d'' = \delta' : \delta'' \quad \text{or}$$

δ^2 is a constant.

$a^2 = b^2$ with some value of δ^2



2 conic evan. ρ

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$f = 0$ in $2c$

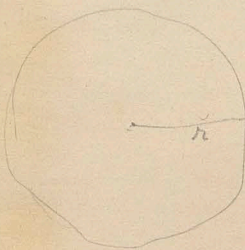
$$\frac{x^2}{a_1^2} + \frac{y^2}{b_1^2} + \frac{z^2}{c_1^2} = 1$$

$$x^2 \left[\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a_1^2} \right] + y^2 \left[\frac{1}{b^2} - \frac{1}{b_1^2} \right] + z^2 \left[\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{1}{c_1^2} \right] = 0$$

$f = 0$
 $f' = 0$
 $f - f' = 0$ as ρ is a radical

by ρ in ρ $f = 0$

with ρ in ρ $f = 0$



with ρ in ρ

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$x^2 \left[\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{h^2} \right] + y^2 \left[\frac{1}{b^2} - \frac{1}{h^2} \right] + z^2 \left[\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{1}{h^2} \right] = 0$$

the locus of the figure is the intersection of the two surfaces

is a hyperbola; and $c < 1$ with ρ .

$$\text{with } \rho \text{ as } x^2 \left[\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{h^2} \right] + z^2 \left[\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{1}{h^2} \right] = 0$$

HJ

1/5

15/4

28/2

28/2

